

MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platform Interface Module Reference

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Documentation and Release Notes

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks[®] technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at https://www.juniper.net/documentation/.

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Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
    commit {
      file ex-script.xsl;
    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
    disable;
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.0.0.1/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```

Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

commit {
 file ex-script-snippet.xsl; }

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

[edit] user@host# edit system scripts [edit system scripts]

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

[edit system scripts] user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf load complete

For more information about the **load** command, see CLI Explorer.

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xv defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

lcon	Meaning	Description
i	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
4	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.
\bigcirc	Tip	Indicates helpful information.
	Best practice	Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation.

Table 2 on page xvi defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples	
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure	
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active	
Italic text like this	 Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. 	 A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. Junos OS CLI User Guide RFC 1997, BGP Communities Attribute 	
Italic text like this	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name [edit] root@# set system domain-name domain-name	
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	 To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE 	
< > (angle brackets)	Encloses optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric <i="">metric>;</default-metric>	
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast multicast (string1 string2 string3)	
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS onl	
[] (square brackets)	Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [community-ids]	
Indention and braces ($\{ \}$)	Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static {	
; (semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	route default {	

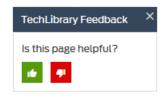
Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (continued)

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	 In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf .

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Requesting Technical Support

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- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the JTAC User Guide located at https://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit https://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/.
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Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

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- Search for known bugs: https://prsearch.juniper.net/
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- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: https://kb.juniper.net/
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To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: https://entitlementsearch.juniper.net/entitlementsearch/

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- Visit https://myjuniper.juniper.net.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see https://support.juniper.net/support/requesting-support/.

PART 1

Overview

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- DPCs Supported on MX Series Routers on page 7
- MPCs Supported on MX Series Routers on page 11
- MICs Supported on MX Series Routers on page 17
- FPCs and PICs Supported on MX Series Routers on page 35
- Network Interface Specifications on page 39

CHAPTER 1

Interface Module Overview

• MX Series Interface Module Overview on page 3

MX Series Interface Module Overview

Juniper Networks MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platforms process incoming and outgoing packets on several different types of interface modules (also known as line cards), including Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), Flexible Port Concentrators (FPCs) with associated Physical Interface Cards (PICs), Trio Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) with associated Modular Interface Cards (MICs). FPCs are populated with PICs for various interface types. DPCs and MPCs combine the functions of FPCs and the PICs, and with associated physical interfaces support a variety of interface types. The configuration syntax for each type of line card is the same: *type-fpc/pic/port*.

Switch Control Boards (MX-SCBs, MX-SCBEs, MX-SCBE2s, and SCB3s) provide full line-rate performance and redundancy without a loss of bandwidth for all MX series routers. Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot for MX2000 routers. Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the software processes that run Junos OS.

- Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs)—A DPC provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. See the following topics for more information about DPCs:
 - MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
 - DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. See the following topics for information about MPCs:
 - MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
 - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 273
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 296
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- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 340
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router on page 342
- Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide physical interfaces for the router. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MPCs install vertically in the MX2020, MX2010, MX2008, and MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. On MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers, MICs install directly into the router chassis. There are also fixed-configuration MPCs, with built-in network ports or services functionality, that do not accept MICs. The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration. See the following topics for information about MICs:
 - MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
 - MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
 - MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
- Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router, and install into FPCs, which provide packet forwarding services. FPCs are installed into a slot in an MX240, MX480, and MX960 router. See the following topics for information about PICs and FPCs:
 - MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
 - High Availability Features on page 36
 - FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
 - PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- Switch Fabric Boards (SFBs) provide increased fabric bandwidth per slot. The MX2000 line of routers can support eight Switch Fabric Boards (SFB) and eight Enhanced Switch Fabric Boards (SFB2) but not both at the same time. The SFB is supported on MX2010 and MX2020 routers. See the following topics for information about SFBs:
 - MX2000 Switch Fabric Board (SFB)

- MX2000 Enhanced Switch Fabric Board (SFB2)
- Switch Control Boards (SCBs) control power to MPCs, monitor and control system functions such as fan speed and the system front panel, and manage clocking, resets, and boots.

Depending on the MX chassis and the level of redundancy, the number of SCBs can vary. The MX240 and MX480 require two SCBs for 1+1 redundancy, whereas the MX960 requires three SCBs for 2+1 redundancy.

There are four generations of SCBs for MX Series 5G Universal Routing Platforms: SCB-MX, SCBE-MX, SCBE2-MX, and SCBE3-MX. See the following topics for more information about SCBs:

- MX-Series Switch Control Board (SCB) Overview
- SCBE3-MX Description
- SCBE2-MX Description
- SCBE-MX Description
- SCB-MX Description
- MX-ADC is a special line card adapter (ADC) for line cards that were designed to work with the MX-SCB and MX-SCBE line cards (MPC1E, MPC2E, and MPC3E). It is supported only for MX2010 and MX2020 routers. The ADC is a hardware casing that fits into a line card slot. The MPCs attach to the ADCs which in turn attach to the backplane. See the following topics for more information about the MX-ADC:
 - MX2000 Adapter Card (ADC) Description
- Routing Engines (REs) and Control Boards with Routing Engines (CB-REs) provide the software processes that run Junos OS. The routing engine maintains the routing tables, manages the routing protocols used on the router, controls the router interfaces, controls some chassis components, and provides the interface for system management and user access to the router. Each CB-RE is a combined Routing Engine and Switch Control Board in one unit. See the following topics for information about REs and CB-REs for MX routers:
 - MX2000 Host Subsystem CB-RE Description
 - MX960 Routing Engine Description
 - MX480 Routing Engine Description
 - MX240 Routing Engine Description
 - MX5, MX10, MX40, and MX80 Routing Engine Description
 - RE-S-X6-64G Routing Engine Description
 - RE-MX2000-1800x4 CB-RE Description
 - REMX2K-X8-64G and REMX2K-X8-64G-LT CB-RE Description
 - Routing Engine Specifications

CHAPTER 2

DPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

MX Series DPC Overview

A Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) provides multiple physical interfaces and Packet Forwarding Engines (PFEs) on a single board that installs into a slot within the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. A DPC receives incoming packets from the network and sends outgoing packets to the network. The PFEs on a DPC are equipped with purpose-built ASICs that perform packet processing and forwarding.

In addition to Layer 3 routing capabilities, the DPCs also have many Layer 2 functions that allow MX Series routers to be used for many virtual LAN (VLAN) and other Layer 2 network applications.



NOTE: In the Junos OS CLI, you use the FPC syntax to configure or display information about DPCs, and you use the PIC syntax to configure or display information about Packet Forwarding Engines on the DPCs.

DPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported DPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router—up to 12 DPCs
- MX480 router—up to 6 DPCs
- MX240 router—up to 3 DPCs

When a slot is not occupied by a DPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling DPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

Related

• DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Documentation

• Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251

- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers



NOTE: These DPCs have all been announced as End of Life (EOL). The End of Support (EOS) milestone dates for each model are published at https://www.juniper.net/support/eol/mseries_hw.html.

Table 3 on page 8 lists the DPCs supported by the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP" on page 50	DPC-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)	40	40 Gbps	8.2
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP" on page 52	DPCE-R-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 54	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	40	40 Gbps	8.4
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP" on page 56	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	40	40 Gbps	8.5
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 58	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	20	20 Gbps	9.1

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP" on page 58	DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP	40	40 Gbps	8.5
	EOL (see PSN-2011-07-314)			
"10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP" on page 61	DPC-R-4XGE-XFP	4	40 Gbps	8.2
	EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)			
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 63	DPCE-R-2XGE-XFP	2	20 Gbps	9.1
	EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)			
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP" on page 63	DPCE-R-4XGE-XFP	4	40 Gbps	8.4
page 03	EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)			
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 65	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP	4	40 Gbps	8.4
	EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)			
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP" on page 67	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP	4	40 Gbps	8.5
	EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)			
"10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP" on page 69	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP	4	40 Gbps	8.5
	EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)			
Mulit-Rate Ethernet				
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 71	DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE	22	40 Gbps	9.2
	EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)			
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 73	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE	22	40 Gbps	9.2
	EOL (see PSN-2011-02-314)			

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

DPC Name	DPC Model Number	Ports	Maximum Throughput per DPC	First Junos OS Release
"Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP" on page 75	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE EOL (see PSN-TSB16810)	22	40 Gbps	9.3
Tri-Rate Ethernet				
"Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC" on page 79	DPCE-R-40GE-TX EOL (see PSN-2013-02-851)	40	40 Gbps	9.1
"Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC" on page 81	DPCE-X-40GE-TX EOL (see PSN-2011-07-315.)	40	40 Gbps	9.1
Services				
"Multiservices DPC" on page 77	MS-DPC EOL (see PSN-TSB16812)	2 (Not supported)	-	9.3

Table 3: DPCs Supported in MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers (continued)

Related Documentation	 Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
	 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
	 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
	 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
	• Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

CHAPTER 3

MPCs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MX Series MPC Overview

Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) provide packet forwarding services. The MPCs are inserted into a slot in an MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 router. MPCs for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers install directly into the router chassis. Modular Interface Cards (MICs) provide the physical interfaces and install into the MPCs. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs.

A specialized fixed configuration MPC provides higher port density over MICs and combines packet forwarding and Ethernet interfaces onto a single line card. The fixed configuration MPC is inserted into a slot in a router and contains no slots for MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the MPCs encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

You must install a high-capacity fan tray to use an MPC. When a slot is not occupied by an MPC, you must insert a blank DPC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system. For complete information about installing and handling MPCs, see the hardware guide for your router.

The maximum number of supported MPCs varies per router and hardware configuration:

- MX2020 router—Up to 20 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers* and *Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2020 Routers*).
- MX2010 router—Up to 10 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating AC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers* and *Calculating DC Power Requirements for MX2010 Routers.*)
- MX960 router—Up to 12 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX960 Routers.*)

- MX480 router—Up to 6 MPCs (For power requirements, seeCalculating Power Requirements for MX480 Routers.)
- MX240 router—Up to 3 MPCs (For power requirements, see *Calculating Power Requirements for MX240 Routers*.)

MX80 router—One fixed 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with four ports for uplink connections.



NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 310-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 4810/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

Related Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 273
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 296
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 311
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 317
- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

Table 4 on page 12 lists the MPCs and their first supported Junos OS release on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers.

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX240, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
Fixed Configuration M	PCs						
"16x10GE MPC" on page 84	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFP	10.0R2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-

MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"Multiservices MPC" on page 86	MS-MPC	13.2R4	15.1F7	15.1	15.1	-	-
"32x10GE MPC4E" on page 119	MPC4E-3D- 32XGE-SFPP	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-	-
"2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E" on page 120	MPC4E-3D- 2CGE-8XGE	12.3R2	15.1F7	12.3R2	12.3R2	-	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E" on page 122	MPC5E-40G10G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 124	MPC5EQ-40G10G	13.3R2	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E" on page 126	MPC5E-100G10G	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-	-
"2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ" on page 127	MPC5EQ-100G10G	13.3R3	15.1F7	13.3R3	13.3R3	-	-
"MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 130	MPC7E-MRATE	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	15.1F7	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	-	-
"MPC7E 10G" on page 132	MPC7E-10G	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	-	-
MPCs							
"MPC1" on page 88	MX-MPC1-3D	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	_	_

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers (continued)

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003
Routers (continued)

		First					
MPC Name	MPC Model Number	Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC1E" on page 89	MX-MPC1E-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC1 Q" on page 91	MX-MPC1-3D-Q	10.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC1E Q" on page 93	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2" on page 95	MX-MPC2-3D	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E" on page 97	MX-MPC2E-3D	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	
"MPC2 Q" on page 99	MX-MPC2-3D-Q	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E Q" on page 101	MX-MPC2E-3D-Q	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2 EQ" on page 103	MX-MPC2-3D-EQ	10.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2EEQ" on page 105	MX-MPC2E-3D-EQ	11.2R4	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E P" on page 107	MX-MPC2E-3D-P	12.2	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC2E NG" on page 109	MX-MPC2E-3D-NG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-
"MPC2E NG Q" on page 111	MX-MPC2E-3D-NG-Q	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-
"MPC3E" on page 113	MX-MPC3E-3D	12.1	15.1F7	12.3	12.3	-	-
"MPC3E NG" on page 115	MX-MPC3E-3D-NG	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-

(obters (continued)							
MPC Name	MPC Model Number	First Junos OS Release on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2008 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2010 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX2020 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10003 Routers	First Junos OS Release on MX10008 Routers
"MPC3E NG Q" on page 117	MX-MPC3E-3D-NG-Q	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	15.1F7	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity 15.1	-	-
"MPC6E" on page 129	MX2K-MPC6E	-	15.1F7	13.3R2	13.3R2	-	-
"MPC8E" on page 134	MX2K-MPC8E	-	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	-	-
"MPC9E" on page 135	MX2K-MPC9E	-	15.1F7	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity 16.1R1 and later 	-	-
"MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)" on page 139	MX10003-LC2103	_	-	_	_	17.3	
"Line card (MX10K-LC2101)" on page 140	JNP10K-LC2101	_	_	_	_	_	18.2R1
"MPC10E-15C-MRATE" on page 137	MPC10E-15C-MRATE	19.1R1	-	-	-	-	-
Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Documentation • MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26							

Table 4: MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 Routers (continued)

• MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

• MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

- Junos Continuity Software Overview
- Pathfinder: Hardware Supported by Junos Continuity Software

CHAPTER 4

MICs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18
- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

MX Series MIC Overview

MICs provide the physical connections to various network media types. MICs allow different physical interfaces to be supported on a single line card. You can install MICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those MICs.

MICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each MIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. MICs install into Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) which provide packet forwarding services. Before transmitting outgoing data packets through the MIC interfaces, the Modular Port Concentrator (MPCs) encapsulate the packets received. Each MPC is equipped with up to four Junos Trio chipsets, which perform control functions tailored to the MPC's media type.

MICs and MPCs function similarly to PICs and FPCs. MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable. You can install up to two MICs of different media types in the same MPC as long as the MPC supports those MICs. Depending on the MX router chassis, the MICs install vertically or horizontally into MPCs, or directly into the MX router chassis as follows:

- Vertically into MPCs-MX960, MX2008, MX2010, and MX2020 routers
- Horizontally into MPCs-MX10003, MX480, and MX240 routers
- Directly into the router chassis—MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers



NOTE: The MX80 router is available as a modular (MX80) or fixed (MX80-48T) chassis. Both chassis have a fixed Modular Interface Card (MIC) that has 310-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The fixed MX80 router has an additional 4810/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports. The modular chassis has two dedicated slots for MICs.

Related • MX Ser

MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

- MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MICs Supported by MX Series Routers

The following tables list the first supported Junos OS release for the MX Series.

- Table 5 on page 18 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX240, MX480, MX960, and MX2008 routers.
- Table 6 on page 20 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX2010 and MX2020 routers.
- Table 7 on page 22 list the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX5, MX10, and MX40 routers.
- Table 8 on page 24 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX80 and MX104 routers.
- Table 9 on page 26 lists the first supported Junos OS release for MICs on MX10003 router.

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
ATM				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8	12.1	15.1F7
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	15.1F7
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			
Circuit Emulation				
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	12.3	15.1F7
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.1	15.1F7
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	15.1F7

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	MIC-MACSEC-20GE	20	18.3	-
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	10.1	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 162	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 164	MIC6-10G	24	-	15.1F7
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 165	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	-	15.1F7
40-Gigabit Ethernet				
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 167	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.2	15.1F7
100-Gigabit Ethernet				
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 168	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.1	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 170	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.2	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 171	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	-	15.1F7
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 172	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	-	15.1F7
100-Gigabit DWDM OTN				
"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 174	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F7
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	11.2	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers	MX2008 Routers
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2	15.1F7
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	15.1F7
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	15.1F7
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	15.1F7
"MIC MRATE" on page 203 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	12	-	15.1F7
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	12		17.4
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	15.1F7
Services				
"Multiservices MIC" on page 205	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	15.1F7
SONET/SDH				
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215	MIC-3D-10C192-XFP	1	12.2	15.1F7

Table 5: MICs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960 and MX2008 Routers (continued)

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
ATM				
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144		8	12.3	12.3
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	12.3	12.3
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
Circuit Emulation			1	1
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	_	_
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	12.3	12.3
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.3	13.3
10-Gigabit Ethernet				
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	4	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 162	MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	10	12.3	12.3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 164	MIC6-10G	24	13.3R2	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 165	MIC6-10G-OTN	24	13.3R3	13.3R3
40-Gigabit Ethernet				
"40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 167	MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	2	12.3	12.3
100-Gigabit Ethernet				
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 168	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 170	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	1	12.3	12.3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 171	MIC6-100G-CXP	4	13.3R2	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 172	MIC6-100G-CFP2	2	13.3R3	13.3R3
100-Gigabit DWDM OTN				

Table 6: MICs Supported by MX2010 and MX2020 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX2010 Routers	MX2020 Routers
"100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 174	MIC3-100G-DWDM	1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1	15.1F5 15.1F6 17.1R1
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	12.3	12.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	12.3	12.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	12.3	12.3
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.3	12.3
"MIC MRATE" on page 203 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MRATE	12	15.1F5 with Junos Continuity16.1R1 and later	15.1F5 with Junos Continuity16.1R1 and later
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	12	17.4	17.4
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	12.3	12.3
Services				
"Multiservices MIC" on page 205	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.2
SONET/SDH				
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215	MIC-3D-10C192-XFP	1	12.3	12.3

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
ATM					

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8	12.1	12.1	12.1
DS3/E3					
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	11.4	11.4
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B				
Circuit Emulation					
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 196	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	-	-	-
Gigabit Ethernet					
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 158	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	-	-	-
10-Gigabit Ethernet					
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
Multi-Rate					
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	11.4	11.4
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	11.4	11.4
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 7: MICs Supported by MX5, MX10, and MX40 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX5	MX10	MX40
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 190	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	-	-
Tri-Rate					
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	-	11.2R4	11.2R4
Services					
"Multiservices MIC" on page 205	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.2	13.2
			Rear slot only.	Rear slot only.	Rear slot only.
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215	MIC-3D-10C192-XFP	1	12.2	12.2	12.2

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
ATM		,	' 	
"ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144	MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	8	12.1	13.3
DS3/E3				
"DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147	MIC-3D-8DS3-E3,	8	11.4	13.3
	MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B			
Circuit Emulation				
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	16	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)" on page 196	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H	16	_	13.2R2
Gigabit Ethernet				
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	20	10.2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	20	13.2R2	13.2R2
"Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)" on page 158	MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH	20	_	13.2R2
Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	MIC-MACSEC-20GE	20	18.3	18.3

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159	MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	2	10.2	13.2R2
Multi-Rate				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	4	11.2	13.3
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	8	11.2	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12	4	11.4	13.3
"Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12	8	11.4	13.3
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188	MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE	4	12.2	13.2R2
"Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)" on page 190	MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H	-	-	13.2R2
Tri-Rate				
"Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199	MIC-3D-40GE-TX	40	10.2	13.2R2
Services				
"Multiservices MIC" on page 205	MS-MIC-16G	0	13.2	13.3R2
			Rear slot only. Supported on the modular MX80 and fixed MX80-48T	NOE Set From Junos OS 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 supports only two Multervice MICs.

Table 8: MICs Supported by MX80 and MX104 Routers (continued)

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX80	MX104
"SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215	MIC-3D-10C192-XFP	1	12.2	13.3

Table 9: MICs Supported by MX10003 Router

MIC Name	MIC Model Number	Ports	MX10003			
Multi-Rate						
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210 (12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1	12	17.3			
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210 (12-Port Multi-Rate MACsec MIC with QSFP+)	JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	12	17.3R2			
Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17						

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MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

MIC/MPC Compatibility

The following tables provide a compatibility matrix for the MICs currently supported by MPC1, MPC2, MPC3, MPC6, MPC8, and MPC9 on MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers. Each table lists the first Junos OS release in which the MPC supports the MIC. For example, Junos OS Release 10.2 is the first release in which the MX-MPC1-3D supports the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP. An en dash indicates that the MIC is not supported.

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC1	MPCIE	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	-	-	12.1	12.1R4
("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144)				
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151)				
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154)				

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPCIE	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159)	-	-	-	-
MIC-3D-40GE-TX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199)	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48, MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48 ("SONET/SDH 0C3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206)	11.2	11.2R4	11.2	11.2R4
MIC-3D-4COC3-ICOC12-CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188)	-	-	12.2	12.2
MIC-3D-10C192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215)	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G ("Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183)	-	-	11.4	11.4

Table 10: MIC/MPC1 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC1	MPCIE	MPC1 Q	MPC1E Q
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE	13.2	13.2	12.3	12.3
("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193)	NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.	NOTE: Support for Non-Channelized MIC only.		
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147)				
NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.				
MIC-MACSEC-20GE Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 205)	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM ("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144)	_	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	12.1	12.1R4	12.1	12.1R4	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E ("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154)	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP" on page 159)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP ("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159)	10.1	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.1	11.2R4	10.1	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1
MIC-3D-40GE-TX ("Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199)	10.2	11.2R4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	10.2	11.2R4	10.2	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
			15.1						15.1
MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48, MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos
("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206)			Continuity 15.1						Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188)	_	_	_	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-10C192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215)	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

Table 11: MIC/MPC2 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC2	MPC2E	MPC2E NG	MPC2 Q	MPC2E Q	MPC2 EQ	MPC2E EQ	MPC2E P	MPC2E NG Q
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G ("Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183)	-	-	15.1 with flexible queuing option	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	-	15.1 14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193)	13.2 NOTE: 9 for Non- Channe only.		15.1 with flexible queuing option	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B ("DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147) NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.	11.4	11.4	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 205) NOTE: Only one MS-MIC-16G can be installed into any MPC.	13.2	13.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-MACSEC-20GE Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM	_	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("ATM MIC with SFP" on page 144)		15.1	15.1

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP" on page 151)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)" on page 154)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP" on page 168)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159)		15.1	15.1
MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP" on page 159)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP	12.3	14.1R4, 14.2 R3 and Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)" on page 162)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+" on page 167)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP	12.2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
("100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP" on page 170)		15.1	15.1
MIC3-100G-DWDM	15.1F5 15.1F6	15.1F5 15.1F6	15.1F5 15.1F6
("100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO" on page 174)	17.1R1	17.1R1	17.1R1
MIC-3D-40C30C12-10C48	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity
MIC-3D-80C30C12-40C48		15.1	15.1
("SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206)		1.01	1.01

Table 12: MIC/MPC3 Compatibility (continued)

MIC Name	MPC3E	MPC3E NG	MPC3E NG Q
MIC-3D-10C192-XFP ("SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP" on page 215)	13.3	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE ("Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP" on page 188)	-	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE ("Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC" on page 193)	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	15.1
MS-MIC-16G ("Multiservices MIC" on page 205) NOTE: On MPC3E, the installation of the Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC-16G) with MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP, MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, or MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP does not meet the NEBS criteria. NOTE: Only one MS-MIC-16G can be installed into any MPC.	13.2R2	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-40GE-TX 'Tri-Rate MIC" on page 199	-	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-1OC48, MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48 "SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 206	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12, MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G, MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G "Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP" on page 183	_	15.1 with flexible queuing option	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-3D-8DS3-E3, MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B "DS3/E3 MIC" on page 147 NOTE: You cannot run Channelized DS3 (MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3) on non-Q MPCs. Channelized DS3 is supported only on Q and EQ-based MPCs.	12.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1	14.1R4, 14.2R3 with Junos Continuity 15.1
MIC-MACSEC-20GE Gigabit Ethernet MIC with 256b-AES MACSEC	18.3R1	18.3R1	18.3R1

Table 13: MIC/MPC6 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC6E
MIC6-10G	13.3R2
"10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 164	
MIC6-10G-OTN	13.3R3
"10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)" on page 165	
MIC6-100G-CXP	13.3R2
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)" on page 171	
MIC6-100G-CFP2	13.3R3
"100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2" on page 172	

Table 14: MIC/MPC8 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC8E
MIC-MRATE	• 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
"MIC MRATE" on page 203	• 16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	17.4
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210	

Table 15: MIC/MPC9 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC9E
MIC-MRATE	15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
"MIC MRATE" on page 203	• 16.1R1
MIC-MACSEC-MRATE	17.4
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210	

Table 16: MIC/MPC10003 Compatibility

MIC Name	MPC10003
JNP-MIC1	17.3
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210	
JNP-MIC1-MACSEC	17.3R2
"Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC" on page 210	

Related • MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

Documentation Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

CHAPTER 5

FPCs and PICs Supported on MX Series Routers

- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- High Availability Features on page 36
- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview

Flexible PIC Concentrators (FPCs) and Physical Interface Cards (PICs) function similarly to MICs and MPCs. PICs provide physical interfaces for the router and install into FPCs which provide packet forwarding services. Each FPC supports up to two Physical Interface Cards (PICs). You can install PICs of different media types on the same router as long as the router supports those PICs.

PICs receive incoming packets from the network and transmit outgoing packets to the network. During this process, each PIC performs framing and high-speed signaling for its media type. Before transmitting outgoing data packets, the PICs encapsulate the packets received. Each PIC is equipped with a media-specific ASIC that performs control functions tailored to the PIC's media type.

An FPC occupies two Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) slots on an MX Series router. FPCs install vertically in the MX960 router chassis, and horizontally in the MX480 and MX240 router chassis. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-6 FPCs
- MX480 router-3 FPCs
- MX240 router-1 FPC

MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers support 2 PICs per FPC. The maximum number of supported PICs varies per router:

- MX960 router—12 PICs
- MX480 router-6 PICs
- MX240 router—2 PICs

Blank PICs resemble other PICs but do not provide any physical connection or activity. When a slot is not occupied by a PIC, you must insert a blank PIC to fill the empty slot and ensure proper cooling of the system.

Related Documentation

- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

High Availability Features

High availability features include Routing Engine redundancy, graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES), nonstop bridging, nonstop active routing, graceful restart for routing protocols, Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), and unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU). Some high availability features are not supported by all platforms and all PICs. For more information, see the *Unified ISSU System Requirements* in the *High Availability Feature Guide*.

Related • MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35 Documentation

• High Availability Features on page 36

- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

An FPC occupies two slots when installed in an MX240, MX480, or MX960 router. The maximum number of supported FPCs varies per router:

- MX960 router-6 FPCs
- MX480 router-3 FPCs
- MX240 router—1 FPC

Table 17 on page 36 lists FPCs supported by MX240 routers.

Table 17: FPCs Supported by MX Series Routers

FPC Type	FPC Name	FPC Model Number	Maximum Number of PICs Supported	Maximum Throughput per FPC (Full-duplex)	First Junos OS Release
3	FPC3	MX-FPC3	2	20 Gbps	9.4
2	FPC2	MX-FPC2	2	10 Gbps	9.5

Related

MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35

Documentation

• PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

Table 18 on page 37 lists the PICs supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

Table 18: PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers

PIC Name	PIC Model Number	Ports	Туре	First Junos OS Release
Channelized IQ PICs				
"Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 219	PB-4CHOC12-STM4-IQE-SFP	4	2	9.5
"Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 220	PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE	1	2	9.5
SONET/SDH PICs				
"SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 226	PB-40C3-10C12-SON2-SFP	4	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 229	PB-40C3-40C12-SON-SFP	4	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP" on page 232	PC-40C48-STM16-IQE-SFP	4	3	10.4R2
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP" on page 236	PB-10C48-SON-B-SFP	1	2	9.5
"SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP" on page 239	PC-40C48-SON-SFP	4	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC" on page 242	PC-10C192-SON-VSR	1	3	9.4
"SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP" on page 245	PC-10C192-SON-XFP	1	3	9.4

- Related
- MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
- Documentation
 - FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
 - High Availability Features on page 36

CHAPTER 6

Network Interface Specifications

- Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications on page 39
- Cable and Connector Specifications for MX and PTX Series Devices on page 40

Determining Transceiver Support and Specifications

You can find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool. In addition to transceiver and connector type, the optical and cable characteristics—where applicable—are documented for each transceiver. The Hardware Compatibility Tool allows you to search by product, displaying all the transceivers supported on that device, or category, displaying all the transceivers by interface speed or type. The Hardware Compatibility Tool is located at https://apps.juniper.net/hct/.

Some transceivers support additional monitoring using the operational mode CLI command **show interfaces diagnostics optics**. Use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to determine if your transceiver supports monitoring. See the Junos OS documentation for your device for a description of the monitoring fields.



CAUTION: If you face a problem running a Juniper Networks device that uses a third-party optic or cable, the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC) can help you diagnose the source of the problem. Your JTAC engineer might recommend that you check the third-party optic or cable and potentially replace it with an equivalent Juniper Networks optic or cable that is qualified for the device.

Related Documentation

 show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)

- show interfaces diagnostics optics (SONET)
- show interfaces diagnostics optics
- show interfaces diagnostics optics
- show interfaces diagnostics optics

Cable and Connector Specifications for MX and PTX Series Devices

The transceivers that are supported on MX Series and PTX Series devices use fiber-optic cables and connectors. The type of connector and the type of fiber depends on the transceiver type.

You can determine the type of cable and connector required for your specific transceiver by using the Hardware Compatibility Tool.



CAUTION: To maintain agency approvals, use only a properly constructed, shielded cable.



NOTE: The terms multifiber push-on (MPO) and multifiber termination push-on (MTP) describe the same connector type. The rest of this topic uses MPO to mean MPO or MTP.

- 12-Fiber MPO Connectors on page 40
- 24-Fiber MPO Connectors on page 44
- LC Duplex Connectors on page 44

12-Fiber MPO Connectors

There are two types of cables used with 12-fiber MPO connectors on Juniper Networks devices—patch cables with MPO connectors on both ends, and breakout cables with an MPO connector on one end and four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end. Depending on the application, the cables might use single-mode fiber (SMF) or multimode fiber (MMF). Juniper Networks sells cables that meet the supported transceiver requirements, but it is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks.

Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up to key up*, *latch up to latch up*, *Type B*, or *Method B*. If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

Also, ensure that the fiber end in the connector is finished correctly. Physical contact (PC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat. Angled physical contact (APC) refers to fiber that has been polished at an angle. Ultra physical contact (UPC) refers to fiber that has been polished flat, to a finer finish. The required fiber end is listed with the connector type in the Hardware Compatibility Tool.

12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables with MPO Connectors

You can use 12-fiber ribbon patch cables with female MPO connectors to connect two transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-SR4-to-40GBASESR4 or 100GBASE-SR4-to-100GBASE-SR4. You can also connect 4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR transceivers by using patch cables—for example,

4x10GBASE-LR-to-4x10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-4x10GBASE-SR—instead of breaking the signal out into four separate signals.

Table 19 on page 41 describes the signals on each fiber. Table 20 on page 41 shows the pin-to-pin connections for proper polarity.

Fiber	Signal
1	Tx0 (Transmit)
2	Tx1 (Transmit)
3	Tx2 (Transmit)
4	Tx3 (Transmit)
5	Unused
б	Unused
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx3 (Receive)
10	Rx2 (Receive)
11	Rx1 (Receive)
12	Rx0 (Receive)

Table 20: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables

MPO Pin	MPO Pin
1	12
2	11
3	10
4	9
5	8
б	7

MPO Pin	MPO Pin
7	б
8	5
9	4
10	3
11	2
12	1

Table 20: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Patch Cables (continued)

12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors

You can use 12-ribbon breakout cables with MPO-to-LC duplex connectors to connect a QSFP+ transceiver to four separate SFP+ transceivers—for example, 4x10GBASE-LR-to-10GBASE-LR or 4x10GBASE-SR-to-10GBASE-SR SFP+ transceivers. The breakout cable is constructed out of a 12-fiber ribbon fiber-optic cable. The ribbon cable splits from a single cable with a female MPO connector on one end, into four cable pairs with four LC duplex connectors on the opposite end.

Table 21 on page 42 describes the way the fibers are connected between the MPO and LC duplex connectors. The cable signals are the same as those described in Table 19 on page 41.

MPO Connector Pin	LC Duplex Connector Pin
1	Tx on LC Duplex 1
2	Tx on LC Duplex 2
3	Tx on LC Duplex 3
4	Tx on LC Duplex 4
5	Unused
6	Unused
7	Unused
8	Unused
9	Rx on LC Duplex 4

Table 21: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables

MPO Connector Pin	LC Duplex Connector Pin
10	Rx on LC Duplex 3
11	Rx on LC Duplex 2
12	Rx on LC Duplex 1

Table 21: Cable Pinouts for 12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables (continued)

12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

Juniper Networks sells 12-ribbon patch and breakout cables with MPO connectors that meet the requirements described above. It is not required to purchase cables from Juniper Networks. Table 22 on page 43 describes the available cables.

Table 22: 12-Ribbon Patch and Breakout Cables Available from Juniper Networks

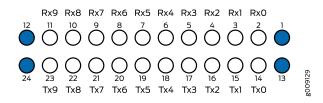
Cable Type	Connector Type	Fiber Type	Cable Length	Juniper Model Number
12-ribbon patch	Female MPO/PC to female MPO/PC, key	MMF (OM3)	lm	MTP12-FF-M1M
	up to key up		3 m	MTP12-FF-M3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-M5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-M10M
	Female MPO/APC to female MPO/APC, key	SMF	lm	MTP12-FF-S1M
	up to key up		3 m	MTP12-FF-S3M
			5 m	MTP12-FF-S5M
			10 m	MTP12-FF-S10M
12-ribbon breakout	Female MPO/PC, key up, to four LC/UPC		lm	MTP-4LC-MIM
	duplex		3 m	MTP-4LC-M3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-M5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-M10M
	Female MPO/APC, key up, to four LC/UPC duplex	SMF	lm	MTP-4LC-SIM
			3 m	MTP-4LC-S3M
			5 m	MTP-4LC-S5M
			10 m	MTP-4LC-S10M

24-Fiber MPO Connectors

You can use patch cables with 24-fiber MPO connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 100GBASE-SR10-to-100GBASE-SR10.

Figure 1 on page 44 shows the 24-fiber MPO optical lane assignments.

Figure 1: 24-Fiber MPO Optical Lane Assignments





NOTE: Ensure that you order cables with the correct polarity. Vendors refer to these crossover cables as *key up to key up*, *latch up to latch up*, *Type B*, or *Method B*. If you are using patch panels between two transceivers, ensure that the proper polarity is maintained through the cable plant.

The MPO optical connector for the CFP2-100G-SR10-D3 is defined in Section 5.6 of the CFP2 Hardware Specification and Section 88.10.3 of IEEE STD 802.3-2012. These specifications include the following requirements:

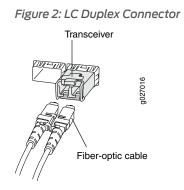
- Recommended Option A in IEEE STD 802.3-2012.
- The transceiver receptacle is male. A patch cable with female connector is required to mate with the module.
- Ferrule finish shall be flat polished interface that is compliant with IEC 61754-7.
- Alignment key is key up.

The optical interface must meet the requirement FT-1435-CORE in *Generic Requirements* for *Multi-Fiber Optical Connectors*. The module must pass the wiggle test defined by IEC 62150-3.

LC Duplex Connectors

You can use patch cables with LC duplex connectors to connect two supported transceivers of the same type—for example, 40GBASE-LR4-to-40GBASE-LR4 or 100GBASE-LR4-to100GBASE-LR4. The patch cable is one fiber pair with two LC duplex connectors at opposite ends. LC duplex connectors are also used with 12-fiber ribbon breakout cables, as described in "12-Fiber Ribbon Breakout Cables with MPO-to-LC Duplex Connectors" on page 42.

Figure 2 on page 45 shows an LC duplex connector being installed in a transceiver.



PART 2

DPC, MPC, MIC, and PIC Descriptions

- MX Series DPC Descriptions on page 49
- MX Series MPC Descriptions on page 83
- MX Series MIC Descriptions on page 143
- MX Series PIC Descriptions on page 219

CHAPTER 7

MX Series DPC Descriptions

- Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP on page 50
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP on page 52
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP on page 54
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP on page 56
- Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP on page 58
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP on page 61
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP on page 63
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP on page 65
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP on page 67
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP on page 69
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP on page 71
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP on page 73
- Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP on page 75
- Multiservices DPC on page 77
- Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC on page 79
- Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC on page 81

Gigabit Ethernet DPC with SFP

	DPC-R-40GE
Software release	 Junos OS Release 8.2 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPC-R-40GE-SFP Name in the CLI: DPC 40x IGE R
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	 Off—No link. On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

Documentation

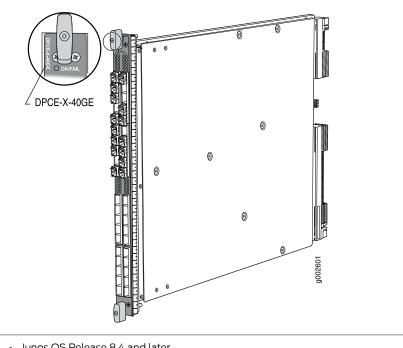
Related • MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

• DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP

	DPCE-R-40GE
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-SFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) when installed horizontally port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
	For information on the interface numbering, see the <i>DPC Port and Interface Numbering</i> topic for the respective MX router.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• $3/0$ [0] $3/0$ [1] [002] [$3/4$
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9
Related	-



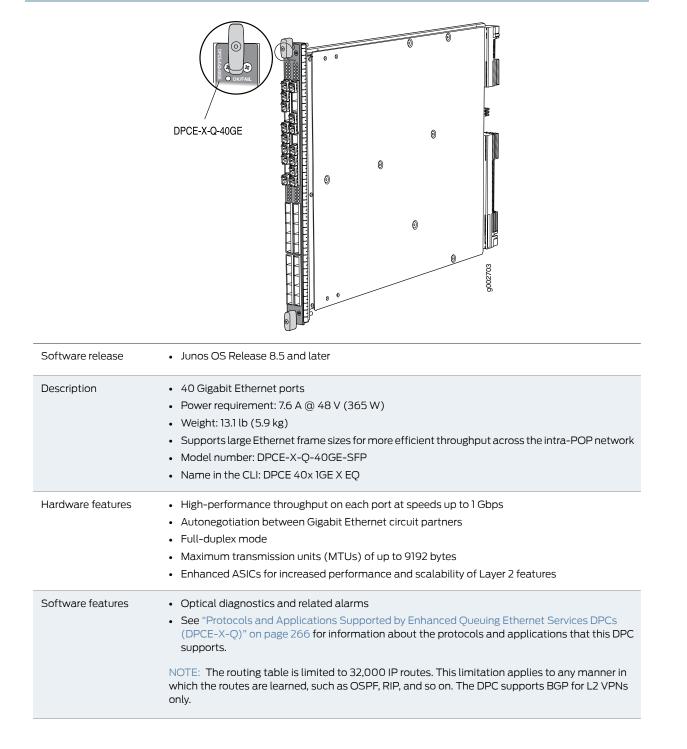
Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP

Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-X-40GE-SFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE X
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 257 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed
	in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	 1/3 for 1/3 through 1/3 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

Documentation

- Mix Series Di e overview on page /
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8



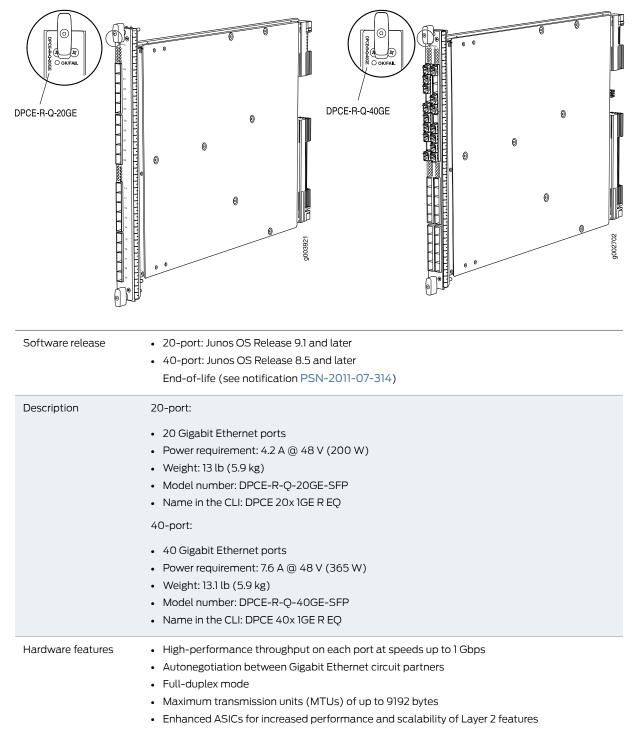
Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with SFP

Interfaces	Syntax: ge- <i>fpc/pic/port</i> where:
Interfaces	Syntax. ge-pc/pic/poir where.
	fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	 pic: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports)
	• port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the top right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
	NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	• 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
	• 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
	• 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
	• 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

- Documentation . DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs with SFP

Figure 3: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP Figure 4: 40-Port Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP



Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 261 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 20-port: 0 (left row of 10 ports), or 1 (right row of 10 ports) 40-port: 0 (bottom left row of 10 ports), 1 (bottom right row of 10 ports), 2 (top left row of 10 ports), or 3 (top right row of 10 ports) port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/1/0 is the interface for port 0 in the (top for 40-port) right row of 10 ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router. NOTE: Do not install Gigabit Ethernet SFPs in the SONET/SDH port. The port will not recognize the SFP.

LEDs

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red-DPC has failed.

Link LED, one green per port:

- Off—No link.
- On steadily—Link is active.

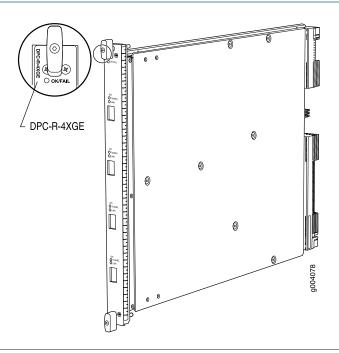
The Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:

- 20-port:
 - 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
 - 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
 - 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
 - 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
- 40-port:
 - 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
 - 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
 - 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
 - 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
 - 2/0 for 2/0 through 2/4
 - 2/5 for 2/5 through 2/9
 - 3/0 for 3/0 through 3/4
 - 3/5 for 3/5 through 3/9

Related • MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

Documentation • DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

10-Gigabit Ethernet DPC with XFP

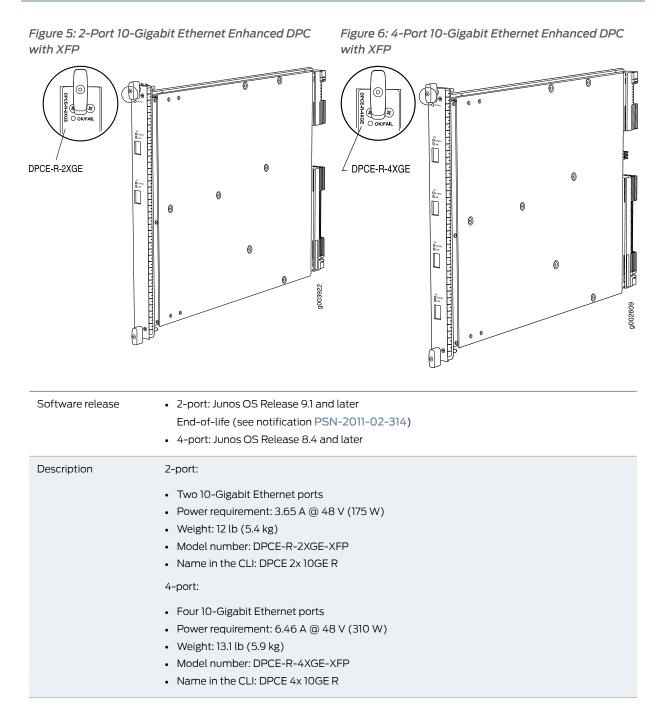


Software release	 Junos OS Release 8.2 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2009-06-400)
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPC-R-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPC 4x 10GE R
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 through 3 port: 0
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the last port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

RelatedMX Series DPC Overview on page 7DocumentationDPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPCs with XFP



Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that these DPCs support.
Interfaces	 Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 2-port: 0 or 1 4-port: 0 through 3 port: 0 For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. TUNNEL LED, one green per port: Off—Normal operating mode. On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is active. The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom: 2-port: 0/0 through 1/0 4-port: 0/0 through 3/0
Related Documentation	 MX Series DPC Overview on page 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

	DPCE-X-4XGE
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.4 and later
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.46 A @ 48 V (310 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 257 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with XFP

Interfaces	Syntax: xe- <i>fpc/pic/port</i> where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 through 3 port: 0
	For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

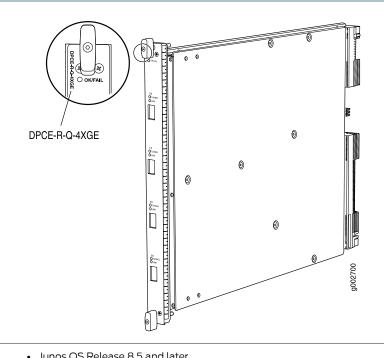
RelatedMX Series DPC Overview on page 7DocumentationDPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE
Software release	Junos OS Release 8.5 and later
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE X EQ
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)" on page 266 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports. NOTE: The routing table is limited to 32,000 IP routes. This limitation applies to any manner in which the routes are learned, such as OSPF, RIP, and so on. The DPC supports BGP for L2 VPNs only.

10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC with XFP

Interfaces	Syntax: xe- <i>fpc/pic/port</i> where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 through 3 port: 0
	For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0 .
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

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10-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with XFP

Software release	 Junos OS Release 8.5 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)
Description	 Four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.87 A @ 48 V (330 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Model number: DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP Name in the CLI: DPCE 4x 10GE R EQ
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 261 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	 Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: 0 through 3 port: 0 For example, xe-1/0/0 is the interface for the first port on a DPC installed in slot 1.

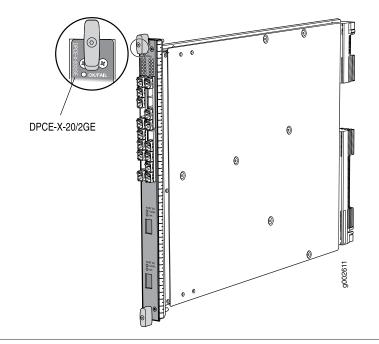
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. TUNNEL LED, one green per port: Off—Normal operating mode. On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is active. The TUNNEL and LINK LEDs are labeled top to bottom 0/0 through 3/0.
Related	 MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

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- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

	DPCE-R-20/2GE
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.2 and later
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports 2 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-20GE-2XGE Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R
Hardware features	 SFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps XFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	 Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced DPC with SFP and XFP

Interfaces	Syntax: <i>mediatype-fpc/pic/port</i> where:
	• mediatype: ge or xe
	fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	• pic:
	• ge: 0 or 1
	• xe: 2 or 3
	• port:
	• ge: 0 through 9
	• xe: 0
	For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT $3/0$ on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is active.
	TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port:
	Off—Normal operating mode.
	On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode.
	The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five:
	• 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4
	• 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9
	• 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4
	• 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9
	The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0 .
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
Documentation	DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
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Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC with SFP and XFP

Software release	 Junos OS Release 9.2 and later End-of-life (see notification PSN-2011-07-314)
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports 210-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.94 A @ 48 V (333 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE X
Hardware features	 SFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps XFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 257 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	 Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: mediatype: ge or xe fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: ge: 0 or 1 xe: 2 or 3 port: ge: 0 through 9 xe: 0 For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is active. TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port: Off—Normal operating mode. On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode. The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five: 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9 The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0.
Related Documentation	 MX Series DPC Overview on page 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

	DPCE-R-Q-20/2XGE
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.3 and later
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports 210-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.98 A @ 48 V (335 W) Weight: 13.1 lb (5.9 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Name in the CLI: DPCE 20x 1GE + 2x 10GE R EQ
Hardware features	 SFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps XFP ports: High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	 Configurable WAN-PHY mode options Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)" on page 261 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Multi-Rate Ethernet Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC with SFP and XFP

Interfaces	 Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: mediatype: ge or xe fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: ge: 0 or 1 xe: 2 or 3 port: ge: 0 through 9 xe: 0 For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for the port labeled PORT 3/0 on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. You can install any transceiver supported by the DPC. For information about installing and removing transceivers, see the hardware guide for your router.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is active. TUNNEL LED, one green per XFP port: Off—Normal operating mode. On steadily—Port configured in tunnel mode. The SFP Link LEDs are labeled in groups of five: 0/0 for 0/0 through 0/4 0/5 for 0/5 through 0/9 1/0 for 1/0 through 1/4 1/5 for 1/5 through 1/9 The XFP ports are labeled top to bottom 2/0 and 3/0.
Related Documentation	 MX Series DPC Overview on page 7 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Multiservices DPC

	MS-DPC
Software release	Junos OS Release 9.3 and later
Description	 Power requirement: 5.52 A @ 48 V (265 W) Weight: 14.7 lb (6.7 kg) Supports tunnel services. This feature is included with the DPC and does not require an individual license. Individual licenses must be purchased for additional services. Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on page 271: MX240 router: 2 MX480 router: 4 MX960 router: 6 Model number: MS-DPC
Hardware features	 Active monitoring on up to 10 million flows Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Two Multiservices Processing Units (MSPUs) per DPC, which include two 1.1Ghz multicore CPUs, each with 4GB of memory for processing integrated services
Software features	 Support for up to 12,000 service sets See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)" on page 271 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: <i>mediatype-fpc/pic/port</i> where:
	 mediatype: gr, pc, pd, etc fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 or 1 port: 0
	NOTE: Port number reflects the internal interface and is not a physical port.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	SFPs are not supported.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed.
	STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	 Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis. Green—MSPU is operating normally. Yellow—MSPU is initializing.
	Red—MSPU has an error or failure.
	Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	Off—Service is not running on the MSPU.
	Green—Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load.Yellow—Service on the MSPU is overloaded.
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7
Documentation	DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC

Software release	Virtual of the set of th
Description	 Joinos OS Release 9.1 and tatel 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.67 A @ 48 V (320 W) Weight: 14.5 lb (6.6 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-R-40GE-TX Name in the CLI: DPCE 40x 1GE R TX
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features There are four sets of 10 ports labeled: 0/0 through 0/9 1/0 through 1/9 2/0 through 2/9 3/0 through 3/9
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)" on page 251 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed
	pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3port: 0 through 9
	For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most grouping of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	 Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector Pinout:
	Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI
	 Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover
	Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m
	CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—DPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—DPC has failed.
	ACT LED, one green per port:
	Off—No active traffic.
	Blinking—Link is active.
	SPD LED, one bicolor:
	Green—DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode.
	Yellow—DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode.
	• Off—No link.
	The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9 .
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

- Documentation
 - DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Software release	Virtual of the set of
Software release	 EOL (see PSN-2009-06-400)
Description	 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100.BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 6.67 A @ 48 V (320 W) Weight: 14.5 lb (6.6 kg) Supports large Ethernet frame sizes for more efficient throughput across the intra-POP network Model number: DPCE-X-40GE-TX Name in the CLI:
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Full-duplex mode Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Enhanced ASICs for increased performance and scalability of Layer 2 features
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)" on page 257 for information about the protocols and applications that this DPC supports.
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the DPC is installed pic: Grouping of 10-ports, numbered 0 through 3 port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 (labeled 3/0) in the right-most grouping of ports on a DPC installed in slot 1.

Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC

Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector Pinout: Junos OS Release 9.1: MDI Junos OS Release 9.2 and later: MDI, MDI crossover Maximum distance: 328 ft/100 m CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—DPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—DPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—DPC has failed. ACT LED, one green per port:
	Off—No active traffic.Blinking—Link is active.
	SPD LED, one bicolor:
	 Green—DPC is functioning in 1000BASE-T mode. Yellow—DPC is functioning in 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX mode. Off—No link.
	The ACT and SPD LEDs are located on either side of the ports labeled horizontally and top to bottom 0/0 through 3/9 .
Related	MX Series DPC Overview on page 7

- Documentation
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

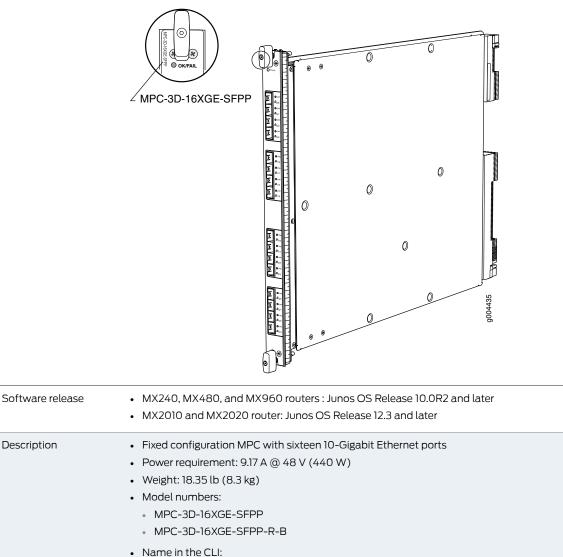
CHAPTER 8

MX Series MPC Descriptions

- 16x10GE MPC on page 84
- Multiservices MPC on page 86
- MPC1 on page 88
- MPC1E on page 89
- MPC1 Q on page 91
- MPC1E Q on page 93
- MPC2 on page 95
- MPC2E on page 97
- MPC2 Q on page 99
- MPC2E Q on page 101
- MPC2 EQ on page 103
- MPC2E EQ on page 105
- MPC2E P on page 107
- MPC2E NG on page 109
- MPC2E NG Q on page 111
- MPC3E on page 113
- MPC3E NG on page 115
- MPC3E NG Q on page 117
- 32x10GE MPC4E on page 119
- 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E on page 120
- 6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E on page 122
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- 2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ on page 127
- MPC6E on page 129
- MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on page 130
- MPC7E 10G on page 132
- MPC8E on page 134

- MPC9E on page 135
- MPC10E-15C-MRATE on page 137
- MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on page 139
- Line card (MX10K-LC2101) on page 140

16x10GE MPC



- MPC 3D 16x10GE
- MPC 3D 16x10GE EM

Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	 Four fully programmable Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers,
	and services
	One Junos Trio chipset per set of four ports
	LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	 See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 273 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed
	• pic: Grouping of 4 ports, numbered 0 through 3
	• port: 0 through 3
	For example, xe-1/3/3 is the interface for the last port (labeled $3/3$) on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: The 16x10GE 3D MPC does not support WAN-PHY mode.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-CT50-ZR is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.
	Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:
	Green—Port is enabled.
	Yellow—Port is not functioning normally.
	Off—Port is disabled.
	The enable/disable LEDs are labeled in groups of four:
	• 0/0 through 0/3
	• 1/0 through 1/3
	• 2/0 through 2/3
	• 3/0 through 3/3
Related	MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
Documentation	MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
	Media MTU Sizes by Interface Type

Multiservices MPC

	Figure 7: Multiservices MPC	
	MS-MPC	
		CONTROL CONTRO
	1— OK/Fail LED	4—Link/Act and Enable LEDs
	2—MSPU Status and APP LEDs	5—Control 0 and Control 1 ports
	3—IC LED	
Software release	• Junos OS Release 13.2R4 and later For information on which MPCs are supported or Series Routers" on page 12.	n MX Series routers, see "MPCs Supported by MX
Description	 Power requirement: 12.2 Amps @ 48 V (585 V Weight: 14 lbs. Model number: MS-MPC Name in the CLI: MS-MPC 	V)
Hardware features	 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for Enhanced memory with 128 GB of memory (3) NPU CPU Clock Cycle of 1.2GHz. Four NPUs per MPC. Works with SCBs and SCBEs. Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs 	
Software features	 Active flow monitoring and export of flow mo IP Security (IPsec) encryption Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP add Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numb 	tresses
	 Traffic sampling Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks 	
	Network Attack Protection (NAP)	
	Support for up to 6000 service sets	
	 Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes. Multiple services can be supported. See <i>Junos</i> for more information. 	OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices
	 See "Protocols and Applications Supported b information about the protocols and applicat 	

	 Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.
	IC LED—Reserved for future use.
	STATUS LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	 Off—MSPU is offline. If both MSPUs are offline it is safe to remove the DPC from the chassis. Green—MSPU is operating normally. Yellow—MSPU is initializing. Red—MSPU has an error or failure.
	Application (APP) LED, one tricolor per MSPU:
	 Off—Service is not running on the MSPU. Green—Service is running on the MSPU under acceptable load. Yellow—Service on the MSPU is reconfiguring. Red—Service on the MSPU has failed.
	Activity (LINK/ACT) LED, one per control port:
	 Off—No link. Green—Chassis cluster control port link is active. ENABLE LED, one per control port:
	 Off—Chassis cluster control port is disabled. Green—Chassis cluster control port is enabled.
Related	MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
Decomentation	 Multiservices MIC and Multiservices MPC (MS-MIC and MS-MPC) Overview

- Multiservices MIC and Multiservices MPC (MS-MIC and MS-MPC) Overview
- Multiservices MIC on page 205

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

LEDs



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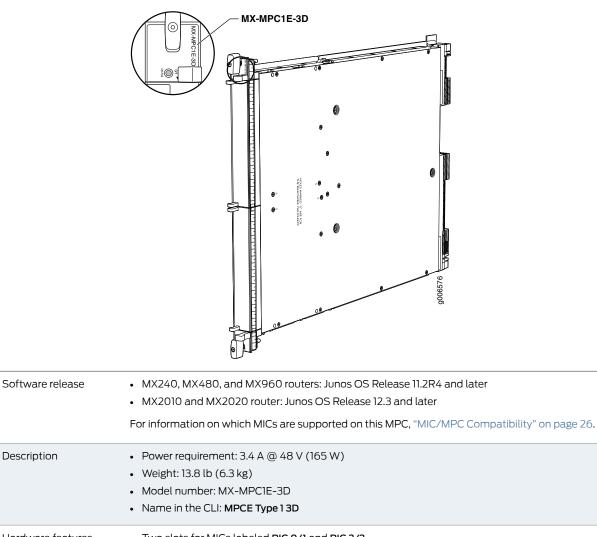
	MX-MPC1-3D
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 10.2 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 3.4 A @ 48 V (165 W) Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg) Model number: MX-MPC1-3D Name in the CLI: MPC Type 1 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 273 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.

PCI

 Related
 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

 Documentation
 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC1E



Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPCIE for MX Series Routers" on page 282 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

LEDs

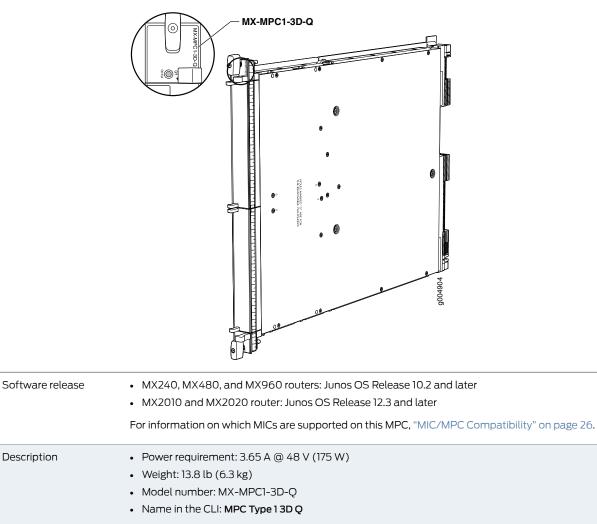
OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

 Related
 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

 Documentation
 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC1Q



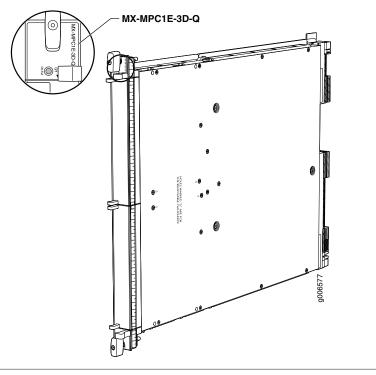
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 273 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

 Related
 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

 Documentation
 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC1E Q



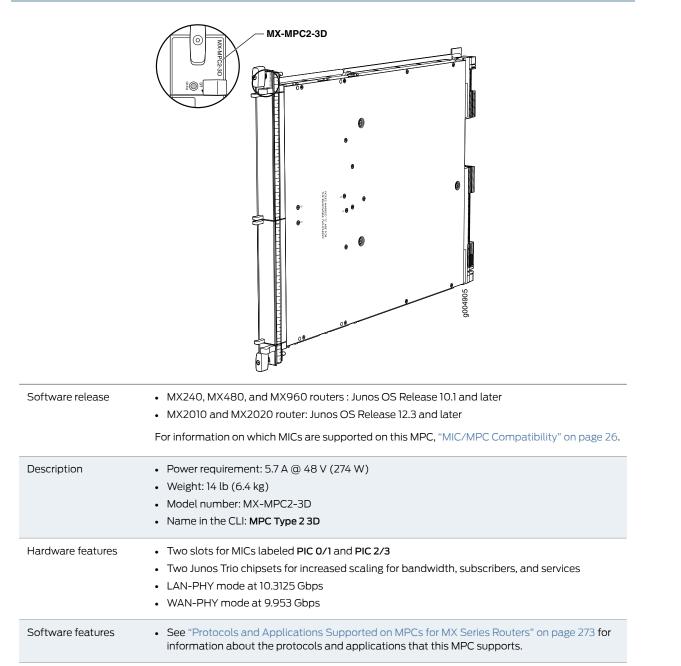
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers: Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 3.65 A @ 48 V (175 W) Weight: 13.8 lb (6.3 kg) Model number: MX-MPC1E-3D-Q Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 1 3D Q
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 One Junos Trio chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers" on page 282 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

 Related
 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

 Documentation
 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

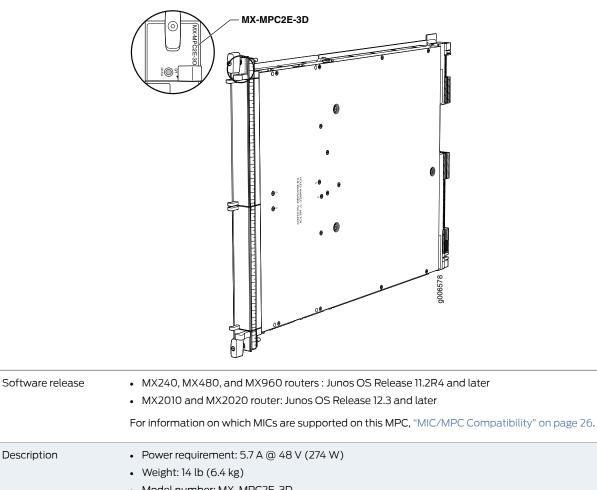
MPC2



- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

• MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Related Documentation • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2E



	 Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

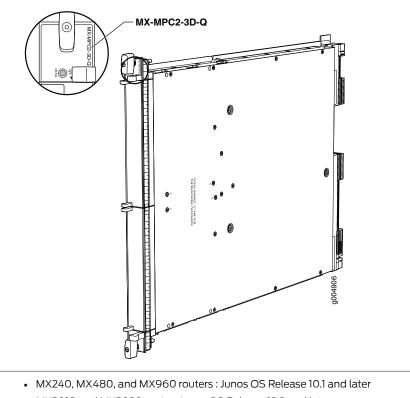
Description

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

 Related
 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2 Q



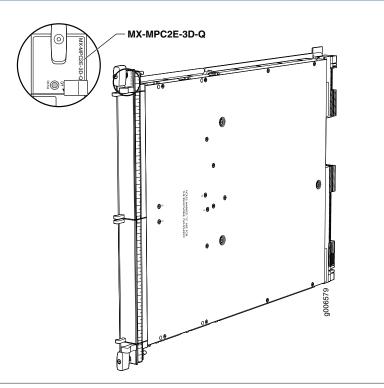
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 10.1 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-Q Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D Q
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 273 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

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 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2E Q



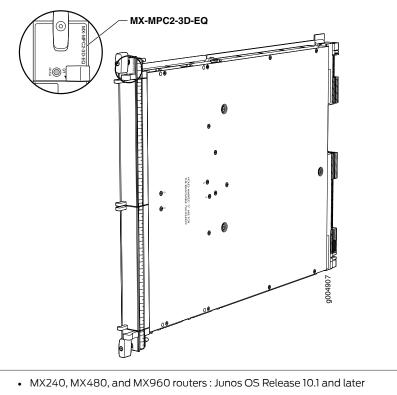
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-Q Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D Q
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	 See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

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 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2 EQ



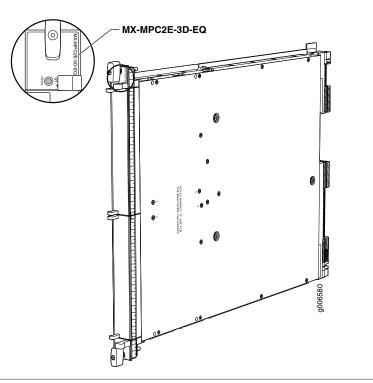
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 10.1 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later
	For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2-3D-EQ Name in the CLI: MPC Type 2 3D EQ
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers" on page 273 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

 Related
 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2E EQ



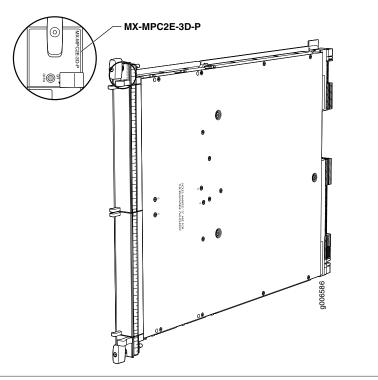
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 11.2R4 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-EQ Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D EQ
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	 See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

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 • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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 • MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2E P



Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 12.2 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 6.13 A @ 48 V (294 W) Weight: 14 lb (6.4 kg) Model number: MX-MPC2E-3D-P Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 2 3D P
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs labeled PIC 0/1 and PIC 2/3 Two Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
Software features	 See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

Related	 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
Documentation	MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC2E NG

Software release	MPC2E-3D-NG • Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
	 Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC. Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	 80 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg) Model numbers: MPC2E-3D-NG Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG PQ & Flex Q Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing. NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps Two slots for MICs Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services. NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface. NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP. NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing license.

Software features	 Chained composite next hops Layer 3 VPN localization Detection of Layer 2 loops Entropy label support in mixed mode SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring Mixed-mode LAG support on core interfaces Dynamic power management for MICs Support for flexible-queuing See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 9.88 A $@$ 48 V (474 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 474 W
	• 40° C: 417 W
	• 25° C: 400 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software

MPC2E NG Q

	MPC2E-3D-NG-Q
Software release	 Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later. Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC. Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	 80 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) Requires high-capacity fan trays and high capacity filter trays Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg) Model number: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q Name in the CLI: MPC2E NG HQoS NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 80 Gbps Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps Two slots for MICs Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services. NOTE: The MPC2E-3D-NG-Q has only one lookup chip (LU). NOTE: MPC2E-3D-NG-Q does not support MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP, MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP, and MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP.
Software features	 Chained composite next hops Layer 3 VPN localization Detection of Layer 2 loops Entropy label support in mixed mode SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces Dynamic power management for MICs See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E" on page 288 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.02 A @ 48 V (529 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 529 W
	• 40° C: 460 W
	• 25° C: 438 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software

MPC3E

	WX-MPC3E-3D
Software release	 MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers : Junos OS Release 12.1 and later MX2010 and MX2020 router: Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Power requirement: 10.83 A @ 48 V (440 W; plus 40 W for each of the two MICs) Requires high-capacity fan trays Weight: 14.94 lb (6.78 kg) Model number: MX-MPC3E-3D Name in the CLI: MPCE Type 3 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs Chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
Software features	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 296 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

Related	 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
Documentation	MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

MPC3E NG

	MPC3E-3D-NG
Software release	 Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later. Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC. Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	 130 Gbps capacity without hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg) Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG PQ & Flex Q Add-on license provides limited additional flexible queuing. NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. Two slots for MICs Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services NOTE: The non-HQOS MPC3E NG and MPC2E NG MPCs support MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 and MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 only with a limited queuing license.
Software features	 Chained composite next hops Layer 3 VPN localization Detection of Layer 2 loops Entropy label support in mixed mode SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces Dynamic power management for MICs Support for flexible-queuing See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 296 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.

Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 11.13 A @ 48 V (534 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 534 W
	• 40° C: 485 W
	• 25° C: 461 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.



NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

- Documentation . MPCs S
 - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software

MPC3E NG Q

	MPC3E-3D-NG-Q
Software release	• Junos OS releases 14.1R4, 14.2R3 and Junos Continuity, Junos OS release 15.1 and later.
	 Refer to "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26 for information about which MICs are supported on this MPC.
	 Refer to the JTAC Knowledgebase article https://kb.juniper.net/KB21476 for recommended software releases.
Description	130 Gbps capacity with hierarchical quality of service (HQoS)
	 Requires high-capacity fan trays and high-capacity filter trays
	• Weight: 15.96 lb (7.26 kg)
	Model number: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q
	Name in the CLI: MPC3E NG HQoS
	NOTE: MPC3E-3D-NG-Q is not compatible with SCB, you must use either SCBE-MX or SCBE2-MX for the switch fabric interface.
Hardware features	Line-rate throughput of up to 130 Gbps
	Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot
	 Supports WAN-PHY mode at 9.95 Gbps and LAN-PHY mode at 10.31 Gbps
	 Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	Two slots for MICs
	Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
Software features	Chained composite next hops
	Layer 3 VPN localization
	Detection of Layer 2 loops
	Entropy label support in mixed mode
	SNMP and CLI support for Routing Engine memory monitoring
	BFD support for inline MLPPP/MLFR
	Mixed Mode LAG support on core interfaces
	Dynamic power management for MICs
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers" on page 296 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	See MPC3E on MX Series Routers Overview for additional information.

Power requirement	Maximum with highest-power MICs at 55° C: 12.15 A @ 48 V (583 W)
	At different temperatures:
	• 55° C: 583 W
	• 40° C: 532 W
	• 25° C: 503 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.



NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C) with MPC3E-3D-NG and MPC3E-3D-NG-Q. This is a cooling restriction.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

- Documentation
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software

32x10GE MPC4E

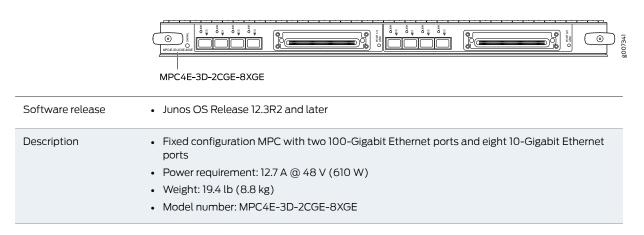
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Software release	Junos OS Release 12.3R2 and later
Description	 Fixed configuration MPC with thirty-two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 12.7 A @ 48 V (610 W) Weight: 19.4 lb (8.8 kg) Model number: MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. Supported on MX2020, MX2010, MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with both normal-capacity and high-capacity power supplies and fan trays.
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic Intelligent oversubscription services Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Local loopback Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 FPC) See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 32x10GE MPC4E with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-32XGE-SFPP MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and FPC slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed.
	Enable/disable LED, one bicolor per port:Green—Port is enabled.
	Red—Port has failed.
	Off—Port is disabled.
	The enable/disable LEDs are arranged in four groups:
	• 0/0 through 0/7
	• 1/0 through 1/7
	• 2/0 through 2/7
	• 3/0 through 3/7

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Documentation

- MPC4E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4 FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E



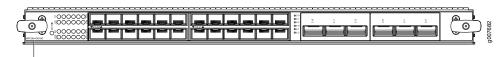
Hardware features	Line rate throughout of up to 260 Chas
Haluwale leatures	Line-rate throughput of up to 260 Gbps
	 WAN-PHY mode at 10 Gbps on a per-port basis Supported only on the MX960, MX480, and MX240 routers with high-capacity power supplies
	and high-capacity fan trays.
	 Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
	The ports are labeled as:
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/3
	 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 1/0
	 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 2/3
	 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: PORT 3/0
Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	Up to 260 Gbps of full-duplex traffic
	Intelligent oversubscription services
	Local loopback
	 Configurable to interoperate with routers that use the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC (Type 4 PIC on Type 4 FPC)
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers" on page 303 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE MPC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: CFP-100GBASE-LR4 and CFP-100GBASE-ZR are not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40°C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
	NOTE: On the MX960 router, FPC slot 0 and FPC slot 11 are not NEBS compliant beyond 104°F (40°C). This is a cooling restriction.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.
	LINK LED, one tricolor per port:
	Green—Port is enabled.
	Red—Port has failed.
	Yellow—Port is disabled by configuration.
	Off—Port is disabled.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

Documentation

- MPC4E on MX Series Routers Overview
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Configuring MPC4E (MPC4E-3D-2CGE-8XGE) to Interoperate with 100-Gigabit Ethernet PICs on Type 4 FPC Using SA Multicast Mode

6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E



MPC5E-40G10G

port MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports it: 21 lb (9.52 kg) number: MPC5E-40G10G in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 24XGE+6XLGE ate throughput of up to 240 Gbps orts one of the following port combinations: 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports
orts one of the following port combinations:
enty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports ee 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports orts up to 32,000 queues per-slot PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis orts maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. orts are labeled as: Gigabit Ethernet ports: through 0/11 through 1/11 Gigabit Ethernet ports: through 2/2 through 3/2
S S t t

Software features	
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	 Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Two packet-forwarding engines, PFE0 and PFE1. PFE0 hosts PIC0 and PIC2. PFE1 hosts PIC1 and PIC3.
	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port
	• See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 311 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.
	NOTE: A maximum of two PICs can be powered on at any one time (PIC0 or PIC2, and PIC1 or PIC3). The other PICs must be powered off.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
Power requirements	• Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W)
	At different temperatures with default configuration:
	55° C: 558 W
	40° C: 496 W
	25° C: 469 W
	• At different temperatures when flexible-queueing-mode CLI knob is configured under set chassis fpc 1 flexible-queuing-mode :
	55° C: 607 W
	40° C: 541 W
	25° C: 511 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
	Red—MPC has failed.
	10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port:
	Green—Link is up.
	Off—Link is down or disabled.
	40-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Green—Link is up.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.

Documentation

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ

Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg) Model number: MPC5EQ-40G10G Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 24XGE+6XLGE
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps Supports one of the following port combinations: Six 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Three 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports and twelve 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. The ports are labeled as: 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0 through 0/11 1/0 through 1/11 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 2/0 through 3/2 NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

Software features	 Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS) Optical diagnostics and related alarms Support for optical transport network (OTN) on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port Intelligent oversubscription services See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 311 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports. NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: QSFPP-40GE-LX4 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11.
Power requirements	 Typical: 9.68 A @ 48 V (460 W) At different temperatures: 55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed. 10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one green per port: Green—Link is up. Off—Link is down or disabled. 40-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. Off—Link is down.
Related Documentation	 MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12 MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

• 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5E

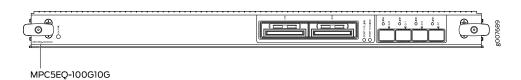
	MPC5E-100G10G
Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg) Model number: MPC5E-100G10G Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D 2CGE+4XGE
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps Supports up to 32,000 queues per-slot LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes. The ports are labeled as: 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0, 0/1, 2/0, and 2/1 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0 NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots 0 and 11 can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.
Software features	 Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port Optical diagnostics and related alarms Intelligent oversubscription services See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 311 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports. NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.

Power requirements	 Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W) At different temperatures: 55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed. 10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	 Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. Off—Link is down or disabled. 100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. Off—Link is down.

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11 Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

2x100GE + 4x10GE MPC5EQ



Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R3 and later
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with two 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports and four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Weight: 21 lb (9.52 kg) Model number: MPC5EQ-100G10G Name in the CLI: MPC5E 3D Q 2CGE+4XGE

- Line rate throughput of up to 240 Gbps
- Supports up to 1 million queues per-slot
- LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps on a per-port basis
- WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps on a per-port basis
- Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.
- The ports are labeled as:
 - 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 0/0, 0/1, 2/0, and 2/1
 - 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports: 1/0 and 3/0

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots work with the ambient temperature of up to 40° C. However, when the chassis temperature exceeds 40° C, slots **0** and **11** can work with MPC1s, MPC2s, and the 16x10GE MPC.

Software features	 Supports hierarchical QoS (HQoS) Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port Optical diagnostics and related alarms Intelligent oversubscription services See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers" on page 311 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports. NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured to either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet. On MX2010 and MX2020 routers, only enhanced-ip is supported.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C.
Power requirements	 Typical: 10.52 A @ 48 V (505 W) At different temperatures: 55° C: 607 W 40° C: 541 W 25° C: 511 W

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline.
- Red—MPC has failed.

10-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green-Link is up.
- Yellow-Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down or disabled.

100-Gigabit Ethernet LINK LED, one bicolor per port:

- Green-Link is up.
- Yellow—Link is disabled.
- Off-Link is down.

Related

• MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

Documentation

• WA Selles WFC Overview on page II

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- MPC5E on MX Series Routers Overview
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet OTN Options Configuration Overview

MPC6E

LEDs

MX2K-MPC6E	

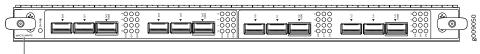
Software release	Junos OS Release 13.3R2 and later
	For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26.
Description	 Two slots for MICs Weight: 27.4 lb (12.43 kg) (net weight without blank panels) Model number: MX2K-MPC6E Name in the CLI: MPC6E 3D
Hardware features	 Two slots for MICs Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps Field-removable septum, to accommodate future full-height MICs Supports maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of 9,192 bytes for host bound packets. For Junos OS 16.1R1 and later releases, the MTU size supported is 9,500 bytes.

Maximum Power Requirements	Power requirement: 20.9 A @ 52 V (880 W; plus 104 W for each MIC) MX2K-MPC6E: • Typical: 648 W • 880 W at 55° C • 834 W at 40° C • 824 W at 25° C
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per 10-Gigabit Ethernet port Two Packet Forwarding Engines for each MIC slot Intelligent oversubscription services See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers" on page 317 for information about the protocols and applications that this MPC supports.
LEDS	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MPC is functioning normally. Blinking green—MPC is transitioning online or offline. Red—MPC has failed. LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. Off—Link is down.
Related	MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

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Documentat	ion

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - MPC6E on MX Series Routers Overview

MPC7E (Multi-Rate)



MPC7E-MRATE

Software release	 Junos OS Release 15.1F4 with Junos Continuity. Junos OS Release 15.1F6 and later. Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.
Description	 Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds Weight: 15.7 lb (7.12 kg) Model number: MPC7E-MRATE Name in the CLI: MPC7E-MRATE

Hardware features

• Line-rate throughput of up to 480 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

- Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB, and up to 430 Gbps on MX2000 routers with SFB2.
- Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services
- Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that can be configured as 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as 410-Gigabit Ethernet port using a breakout cable. The ports support quad small-form factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers.
- Four out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0/2, 0/5, 1/2 and 1/5 are the four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
- You can configure different combination of port speeds as long as the aggregate capacity per group of six ports labeled 0/0 through 0/5 does not exceed 240 Gbps. Similarly, aggregate capacity per group of the other six ports labeled 1/0 through 1/5 should not exceed 240 Gbps.
- Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
- Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
- The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the above figure):
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet or 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
 0/0, 0/1, 0/2 100G, 0/3, 0/4, 0/5 100G, 1/0, 1/1, 1/2 100G, 1/3, 1/4, and 1/5 100G
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports:
 0/2 100G, 0/5 100G, 1/2 100G and 1/5 100G

NOTE: Only ports marked 100G support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed using QSFP28 transceivers.

• Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.

NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E (Multi-Rate) at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot 11 cannot host MPC7E (Multi-Rate).

Software features	 Supports rate selectability at the port level. By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Optical diagnostics and related alarms See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 324 for information about the protocols and applications that the MPC7E supports. NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured as either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet. On MX2000 router no additional configuration is required as by default the router operates in enhanced-ip mode.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
Power requirements	 At different temperatures: 55° C: 545 W 40° C: 465 W 25° C: 440 W

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
- Yellow—MPC has failed.

LINK LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage):

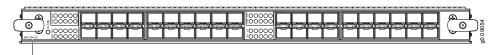
- Steady green—Link is up.
- Off-Link is down or disabled.

Related • MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on MX Series Routers Overview

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
 - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

MPC7E10G

LEDs



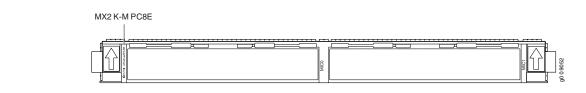
MPC7E-10G

Software release	Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity
	Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later
Description	Fixed-configuration MPC with forty 10-Gbps ports
	• Weight: 17 lb (7.7 kg)
	Model number: MPC7E-10G
	Name in the CLI: MPC7E 3D 40XGE
Hardware features	Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
	Line-rate throughput of up to 400 Gbps on MX2000 routers.
	 Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	Forty 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. The ports support SFP+ transceivers.
	• Requires high-capacity power supplies, high-capacity fan trays, and SCBE2 on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.
	Requires an adapter card to be housed in MX2000 routers.
	 Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 byte through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
	The ports are labeled as (with the MPC orientation as shown in the figure):
	 0/0 through 0/9
	• 0/10 through 0/19
	• 1/0 through 1/9
	 1/10 through 1/19

Software features	 Supports MACsec using the following encryption algorithms: gcm-aes-128 and gcm-aes-256.
	SupportsHyper mode to speed up packet processing.
	• Supports Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues.
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers" on page 324 for information about the protocols and applications that MPC7Es support.
	NOTE: On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC7E powers on only if the network-services mode on the router is configured as either enhanced-ip or enhanced-ethernet . On MX2000 routers, no additional configuration is required because by default the router operates in enhanced-ip mode.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-ZR-OTN-XT)
	NOTE: MPC7E 10G does not support OTN rates.
	10GBASE-ZR (model number: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2)
	NOTE: • Supported from Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later.
	 Supports 40° C ambient temperature operation at any altitude, and 55° C ambient temperature operation at sea level.
Power requirements	• Typical: 405 W
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 500 W
	40° C: 465 W 25° C: 430 W
	25° C. 450 W
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, all the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at an ambient temperature of up to 40° C and at any altitude. All the MPC slots can be occupied by MPC7E 10G at temperatures of up to 55° C and at sea level. At an ambient temperature of 55° C and above, and at an altitude above sea level, slot 11 cannot host MPC7E 10G.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Yellow—MPC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	• Steady green—Link is up.
	Off—Link is down or disabled.
	Related • MPC7E 10G on MX Series Routers Overview
Docu	• MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

MPC8E



Software release	 Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later
Description	Weight: 31.4 lb (14.24 kg) (net weight without blank panels)
	Model number: MX2K-MPC8E
	Name in the CLI: MPC8E 3D
Hardware features	Line-rate throughput of up to 960 Gbps on the MX2000 routers.
	Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on the MX2000 routers with software upgrade.
	NOTE: Starting from Junos OS Release 16.1R1, you can upgrade MPC8E to provide an increased bandwidth of 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) by using an add-on license. After you perform the upgrade, MPC8E provides a bandwidth of 1.6 Tbps, which is equivalent to the bandwidth of "MPC9E" on page 135. However, the MPC continues to be identified as MPC8E.
	 Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 240 Gbps in normal mode and 400 Gbps in 1.6Tbps upgraded mode. A license is required to operate in 1.6 Tbps upgraded mode.
	• Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26
	 Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services.
	 Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC8E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps.
	 Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 byte through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
Software features	Dynamic power management for effective utilization of available power.
	Inline flow monitoring for higher scalability and performance.
	• Flexible queuing using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slo
	Hyper mode to speed up packet processing.
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms.
	For more information about features supported on MPC8E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 333.

Power requirements	Normal mode with line-rate throughput of 960 Gbps:
(without MICs)	 Typical: 688 W At different temperatures: 55° C: 805 W 40° C: 720 W 25° C: 690 W
	Upgrade mode with line-rate throughput of 1.6 Tbps:
	• Typical: 838 W
	At different temperatures:
	55° C: 1018 W
	40° C: 870 W
	25° C: 840 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Yellow—MPC has failed.
	Related • MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview

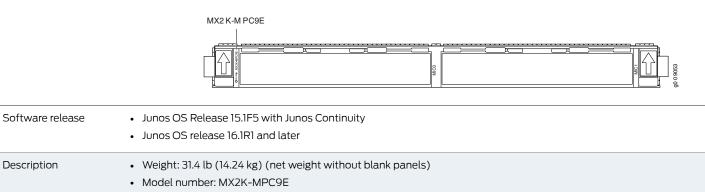
Documentation	•	MX Series MPC	Overview	on pa	age 11	
	•	MPCs Supporte	ed by MX S	Series	Route	rs on

• Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

page 12

• Understanding Rate Selectability

MPC9E



• Name in the CLI: MPC9E 3D

Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 1600 Gbps (1.6 Tbps) on MX2000 routers. Four Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps. Supports two MICs. For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. Junos Trio chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services Supports the Switch Fabric Boards SFB and SFB2. When MPC9E is used with SFB, the line-rate throughput is limited to 800 Gbps. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
Software features	 Understanding How Dynamic Power Management Enables Better Utilization of Power for effective utilization of available power. Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance. Flexible Queuing Mode using an add-on license to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. You can use an additional license to support up to 512,000 queues per slot or 1,000,000 queues per slot. Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing. Optical diagnostics and related alarms. For more information about features supported on MPC9E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers" on page 333.
Power requirements	Typical: 838 W
(without MICs)	At different temperatures:
(without mes)	55° C: 1018 W
	40° C: 870 W
	25° C: 840 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Yellow—MPC has failed.
	Related • MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview

- Documentation
 - MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
 - MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
 - Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)
 - Understanding Rate Selectability

MPC10E-15C-MRATE

		3
	MPC10E-15C-MRATE	
	1—OK/FAIL LED	4—Physical Presence button
	2–Lane LEDs	5—Port LEDs
	3—Network ports	
Software release	Junos OS Release 19.1R1 and later	
Description	• Weight: 20.4 lb (9.25 Kg)	
	Model number: MPC10E-15C-MRATE	
	Name in the CLI: MPC10E 3D MRATE-15xQSFPP	
Hardware features	• Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-	Gbps port speeds.
	 Line-rate throughput of up to 1.5 Tbps on MX240, MX480, an enhanced midplane. If you are running Junos OS Releas 	and MX960 5G Universal Routing Platforms when installed with e 19.1R1, you must have an enhanced midplane installed.
	NOTE: In the CLI, when you run the show chassis hardware or Backplane .	ommand, the midplane description will say Enhanced <platform></platform>
	 Line-rate throughput of up to 800 Gbps on MX240, MX480 Support for the standard midplane starts in Junos OS Rele), and MX960 routers when installed with a standard midplane. ase 19.2R1.
	NOTE: In the CLI when you run the show chassis hardware co	mmand, the midplane description will say < platform > Backplane .
	 To achieve maximum line-rate performance, the MPC's fab mode. 	ric redundancy mode must be configured in increased bandwidth
	 The Processor Mezzanine Board (PMB) consists of a 1.6-GH ECC DDR4 DRAM modules. 	Iz Intel Broadwell 8-core CPU, 100-GB SATA SSD, and two 16-GB
	Three Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maxim	
	• ZT chipset for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers	
	 To achieve maximum performance, the following number of system: 	of SCBE3-MX switch control boards must be installed in the
	• MX960-3 SCBE3-MX	
	 MX240 and MX480—2 SCBE3-MX 	
	Requires high-capacity power supplies and high-capacity f	an trays used in MX Series routers.
	 Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 b through 9500 bytes for host-bound packets. 	ytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes
	Contains the following port types:	
	 QSFP28 ports—Port numbers 0/0 through 0/3, 1/0 thro port speeds supported). 	ugh 1/3, and 2/0 through 2/3 (10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps
	• QSFP56-DD ports—Port numbers 0/4, 1/4, and 2/4 (10-0	Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds supported).
	NOTE: On MX960 routers, the MPC10E-15C-MRATE is not su	pported in the line-card slots numbered 0, 1, and 11.

Software features	 Media Access Control Security is supported on 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds. See Understanding Media Access Control Security (MACsec). Security Support: Secure Boot For more information about features supported on MPC10E, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E" on page 356.
Power requirements	The power numbers are measured using the following configuration:
	IPv4 forwarding with 200-bytes packet size.
	Line-rate traffic on all ports for 1.5 Tbps aggregate bandwidth.
	 All fifteen ports are configured for 100-Gigabet Ethernet, with a QSFP28 LR4 transceiver installed on all ports.
	At different temperatures:
	• 104° F (40° C): 785 W
	• 77° F (25° C): 720 W
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MPC is functioning normally.
	Red—MPC has failed.
	Port LED:
	Off—Port link is down with loss of signal.
	Green—Port link is up with no alarms or failures.
	Amber—Port link is down with alarms. Or the port has been administratively disabled through the CLI.
	 Red—A transceiver on the port is experiencing a fault.
	Lane LED:
	When a QSP28 port is configured for the 10-Gigabit mode with a breakout cable, the link status for a 10-Gigabit port is indicated with the addition of 4 LEDs provided on the line card. The lane LEDs for the corresponding 10-Gigabit ports indicate the port status.
	Like the port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states: off, green, amber, and red. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.
	For the 40-Gigabit and 100-Gigabit mode, the lane LEDs are not applicable. The port LED indicates the port status irrespective of whichever lane number the LED is on.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at MX Series Supported Transceivers.

MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate)

	54110003 202105
Software release	Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later
Description	 Weight: 30 lb (13.61 kg) (net weight without blank panel and without any MIC in slot 1) Model number: MX10003-LC2103 Power requirement: 715 W at 55° C 660 W at 25° C Name in the CLI: LC2103
Hardware features	 The MX10003 MPC is a 1.2-Terabit capable MPC with three Packet Forwarding Engine complexes (that is, three EA ASICs). The EA ASIC operates in 400G mode. The Packet Forwarding Engine is based on the third generation of the Trio chpiset architecturenamely, the EA (Eagle) ASIC. The Packet Forwarding Engine offers 400 Gbps of WAN and fabric bandwidth each. MX10003 MPC has six built-in QSFP+ optics ports, and one MIC slot. Supports Multi-Rate Ethernet Modular Interface Card (MIC) (model numbers: JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC), and the fixed-port PIC (6xQSFPP). For information about which MICs are supported on this MPC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
Software features	 Dynamic Power Management for effective utilization of available power. Inline Active Flow Monitoring for higher scalability and performance. Flexible Queuing Mode to support 32,000 queues per line card, including queues on both ingress and egress interfaces. Supports up to 512,000 queues per slot or 768,000 queues per slot. Hyper Mode to speed up packet processing. Optical diagnostics and related alarms. For more information about features supported on MX10003 MPC, see "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router" on page 342.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
Power requirements (without MICs)	 At different temperatures: 55° C: 715 W 25° C: 660 W

OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:

LEDs

- Steady green—MPC is functioning normally and the link is up.
- Off-MPC is plugged-in but not powered on.
- Red-MPC has failed.

For information on the lane LEDs (Lo, L1, L2, and L3), see MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview.

Table 23 on page 140 summarize the port speed capability of MX10003 MPCs.

Table 23: MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) Port Speed

MIC	Port Number	Port Speed Supported
PIC 0	0-5	40 Gigabit Ethernet 4X10-Gigabit Ethernet
PIC 1	0-11	100 Gigabit Ethernet 40 Gigabit Ethernet 4X10-Gigabit Ethernet

Related • MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

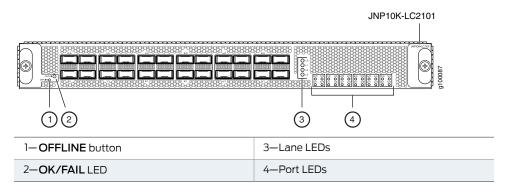
Documentation

- Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds
- MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview
- Understanding Interface Naming Conventions for MX10003 MPC
- Understanding Rate Selectability
- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Replacing an MX10003 MIC

Line card (MX10K-LC2101)

The MX10K-LC2101 line card is a fixed configuration MPC and it does not contain separate slots for Modular Interface Cards (MICs). The MX10008 routers support eight

MX10K-LC2101 MPCs.The line card provides a maximum bandwidth of 2.4Tbps and has six Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of up to 400 Gbps.



Software release	Junos OS Release 18.2R1 and later
Description	 Weight: 31.57 lb (14.32 kg) Model number: JNP10K-LC2101 Name in the CLI: JNP10K-LC2101 Dimensions: Height = 1.89 in. (48.01 mm), Width = 17.2 in (436.88 mm), Depth = 19.05 in. (484 mm) (Excluding FRU Ejector)
Hardware features	 Fixed-configuration MPC with 10-Gbps, 40-Gbps, and 100-Gbps port speeds. All the ports are multi-rate ports. Each port is capable of supporting either 100 Gbps or 40 Gbps or 10 Gbps (4x10-Gbps with breakout cable). Line-rate throughput of up to 2.4 Tbps. Six Packet Forwarding Engines, each providing a maximum bandwidth of 400 Gbps. EA chipsets for increased scaling for bandwidth, subscribers, and services. Supports the Switch Fabric Boards, JNP10008-SF and JNP10016-SF. Supports maximum transmission units (MTUs) from 256 bytes through 16,000 bytes for transit traffic, and from 256 bytes through 9,500 bytes for host bound packets.
Software features	 Supports rate selectability at the port level. By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Optical diagnostics and related alarms.
Power requirements	Line-rate throughput of 4.0 Tbps: • Power consumption at different temperatures: 25° C: 1335 W 40° C: 1425 W

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED:
	Steady green—MPC is functioning normally.Yellow—MPC has failed.
	Port LED—Link
	 Off—Port is not enabled. Green—Port link is up with no alarms or failures. Red—Port link is down with alarms.
	NOTE: When a QSFP+ port is configured for the 10-Gigabit mode with a breakout cable, the link status for the 10-Gigabit port is indicated with the addition of four LEDs provided on the line card. The lane LEDs for the corresponding port indicates the port status.
	Like the port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.
	For the 40-Gigabit mode the lane number LED is not applicable. The port LED indicates the port status, irrespective of whichever lane number LED is ON.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at: MX Series Supported Transceivers.

CHAPTER 9

MX Series MIC Descriptions

- ATM MIC with SFP on page 144
- DS3/E3 MIC on page 147
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP on page 151
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E) on page 154
- Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH) on page 158
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP on page 159
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports) on page 162
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports) on page 164
- 10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports) on page 165
- 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+ on page 167
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP on page 168
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP on page 170
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports) on page 171
- 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2 on page 172
- 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO on page 174
- Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP on page 183
- Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP on page 188
- Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H) on page 190
- Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC on page 193
- Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H) on page 196
- Tri-Rate MIC on page 199
- MIC MRATE on page 203
- Multiservices MIC on page 205
- SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP on page 206
- Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC on page 210
- Multi-Rate Ethernet MACSEC MIC on page 213
- SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP on page 215

ATM MIC with SFP

Figure 8: 8-Port ATM MIC with SFP

	MIC-3D-OCx-ATM
Software release	Junos 12.1 and later
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 8-port OC3 2-port OC12
	 Power requirement: 0.73 A @ 48 V (35 W) Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg)
	Model number: MIC-3D-80C3-20C12-ATM
	Name in the CLI: 3D 80C3 20C12 ATM
Hardware features	High-performance parsing of SONET/SDH frames
	Packet segmentation and reassembly (SAR) management and output port queuing Packet buffering Lawer 2 partiag
	 Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing Line rate throughput for each port

	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
Cables and connectors	NOTE: Inline MLPPP is not supported on this MIC.
	 atm-ppp-vc-mux
	ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc
	ether-over-atm-llc
	 vlan-vci-ccc (Junos 16.1 and later)
	 atm-tcc-vc-mux (Junos 13.3 and later)
	atm-tcc-snap (Junos 13.3 and later)
	atm-vc-mux (Junos 12.2 and later)
	atm-snap (Junos 12.2 and later)
	 atm-ccc-vc-mux (Junos 12.1 and later)
	 atm-ccc-cell-relay (Junos 12.1 and later)
	Encapsulations:
	Support for 16 bit VCI range
	Support for F5 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
	Support for F4 OAM cells (AIS, RDI, Loopback, and Continuity Check)
	Per-VC or per-VP traffic shaping
	 Unspecified bit rate (UBR), non-real-time variable bit rate (VBR), and constant bit rate (CBR) traffic shaping
	MIB for CoS
	PW-FRAME-MIB (RFC 5601)
	• PW-ATM-MIB (RFC 5605)
	• PWE3 MIB (RFC 5603)
	SONET MIB
	• ATM MIB (RFC 1695)
	 Management Information Base (MIB) 2 (RFC 1213)
	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP):
	Local and remote loopback
	Point-to-point and point-to-multipoint mode Layer 2 counters per VC and per VP
	 OAM fault management processes alarm indication signal (AIS), remote defect indication (RDI) cells, and loop cells
	Support for idle cell or unassigned cell transmission
	User-configurable virtual circuit (VC) and virtual path (VP) support

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.Red—MIC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	 Off—No link. On steadily—Link is up. Blinking—Online with alarms for remote failures Blinking rapidly—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure
Alarms, errors, and events	 Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L) Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P) Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD) Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF) Loss of cell delineation (LOC) Loss of frame (LOF) Loss of pointer (LOP-P) Loss of signal (LOS) Payload mismatch (PLM-P) Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P) Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L) Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P) Error detection: Bit interleaved parity errors B1, B2, B3 Error detection: Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE) Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-LFE) Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-LFE) Far-end bit errors, remote error indication—bite (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-LFE) Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE) Far-end errored seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE) Severely errored framing (SEF) Severely errored framing seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P) Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)



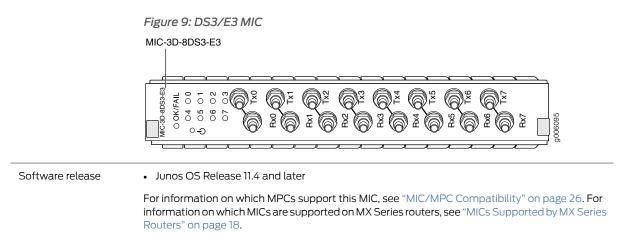
NOTE: MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 are supported only by the following Junos OS releases:

- · Junos OS Release 12.3-12.3R9 and later
- Junos OS Release 13.3—13.3R6 and later
- Junos OS Release 14.1–14.1R4 and later
- Junos OS Release 14.2-14.2R3 and later
- Junos OS Release 15.1 and later

You must upgrade to a supported Junos OS release to use MIC-3D-8OC3-2OC12-ATM Revision 8 and Revision 22 and later.

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

DS3/E3 MIC



Description	Eight E3 or DS3 ports
	DS3/E3 MIC ports can be configured as one of the following:
	 8 clear-channel DS3 ports
	 8 channelized DS3 ports
	 8 clear-channel E3 ports
	NOTE: You can upgrade the DS3/E3 MIC with the S-MIC-3D-8CHDS3 software license (purchased separately) to support DS3 channelization. Channelized DS3/E3 MIC is supported only on queuing MPCs. On the MX80 router, you also need an S-MX80-Q software license.
	DS3 or E3 is configurable on a per-port granularity
	DS3 channelization for the 8-port Channelized DS3/E3 MIC:
	 8 DS3 channels
	224 DS1 channels
	 2038 DS0 channels
	Power requirement: 4.0 A @ 9 V (36W)
	• Weight: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
	Model numbers:
	 DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8DS3-E3
	 Channelized DS3/E3 MIC: MIC-3D-8CHDS3-E3-B
Hardware features	• Ports are numbered 0 through 7, Tx0 through Tx7 and Rx0 through Rx7

Software features	 Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Framing: M13, C-bit parity, framed clear channel
	Subrate and scrambling:
	NOTE: Only DS3 interfaces support subrate and scrambling.
	 Digital Link/Quick Eagle
	Kentrox
	Larscom
	• ADTRAN
	• Verilink
	Internal and look clocking
	DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel
	Full bit error rate test (BERT) for DS0, DS1, and DS3
	Encapsulations:
	MPLS fast reroute
	MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection) MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
	 MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection) Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
	Cisco HDLC CCC
	Cisco HDLC TCC
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	PPP over Frame Relay
	NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
	• Encapsulations available only for Channelized DS3/E3 MIC (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later):
	 Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
	Multiclass MLPPP
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
	Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)
	NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	• Coaxial:
	Custom 10-ft (3-m) mini-SMB to BNC cable (model number: CBL-DS3-E3-M-S), set of 8 cables (bundled RX and TX)

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:				
	Green—MIC is functioning normallyRed—MIC has failed				
	Link LED, one green per port:				
	Off—Not enabled				
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures				
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures				
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure				
Alarms, errors, and	DS3 alarms:				
events	Alarm indication signal (AIS)				
	Loss of frame (LOF)				
	Loss of signal seconds (LOS)				
	Phase lock loop (PLL)				
	DS3 error detection:				
	C-bit code violations (CCV)				
	C-bit errored seconds (CES)				
	C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)				
	CRC errors				
	Excessive zeros (EXZ)				
	Far-end block error (FEBE)				
	Far-end receive failure (FERF)				
	Line errored seconds (LES)				
	Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV) Parity bit (P, bit) exceeds (PCS)				
	 Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES) Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES) 				
	 Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES) Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS) 				
	Unavailable seconds (UAS)				

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP

	Figure 10: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP MIC-3D-20GE-SFP			
Software release	 Junos 10.1 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18. 			
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W) Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP Name in the CLI: 3D 20GE SFP 			
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes 			
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID) 			
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3. port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-3/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 3. Figure 11 on page 152, Figure 12 on page 153, and Figure 13 on page 153 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively. 			

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.				
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.				
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:				
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.Red—MIC has failed.				
	Link LED, one green per port:				
	Off—No link.				
	On steadily—Link is up.				

Port Numbering

Figure 11 on page 152, Figure 12 on page 153, and Figure 13 on page 153 show examples of the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP on the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

Figure 11: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX960)

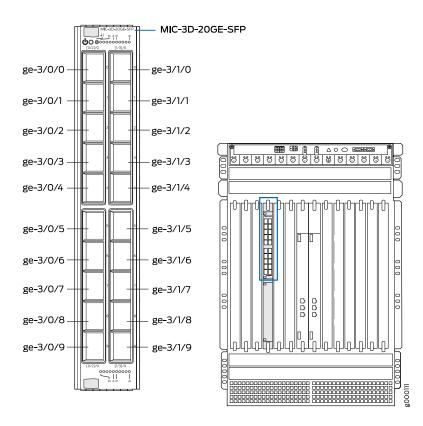
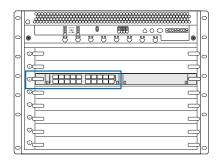


Figure 12: Port Numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX480)



MIC-3D-20GE-SFP

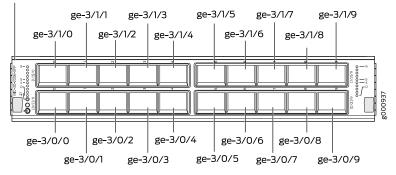
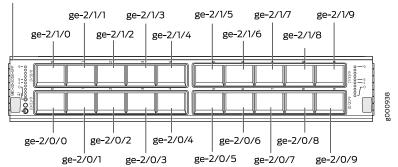


Figure 13: Port Numbering for Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (MX240)

0	o	0
0		0
0		0
0		
0		

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP



Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 Documentation

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

Figure 14: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E)

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E	
	1/3/78 1/3/78 1 = 1 4 = 1 4 = 1
	g000102

Software release	Junos 13.2R2 and later				
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.				
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W) Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E Name in the CLI: 3D 20x 1GE(LAN)-E,SFP 				
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Auto-negotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Environmentally hardened for 32° F (0° C) to 131° F (55° C) operating temperatures SEC PHY Timing PHY 				
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID) Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2 Media Access Control Security (MACsec) 				

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:				
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed. The MPCs are represented in the CLI as FPC0 through FPC19. 				
	 pic: The logical PIC number on the MIC, numbered 0 or 1. Figure 15 on page 156, Figure 16 on page 157, and Figure 17 on page 157 illustrate the port numbering for the Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (E) installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively. 				
	• port: 0 through 9.				
	For example, ge-3/1/0 is the interface for port 0 in PIC 1 on the MPC installed in slot 3.				
	Figure 15 on page 156, Figure 16 on page 157, and Figure 17 on page 157 illustrate the port numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E installed in an MX960, MX480, and MX280, respectively.				
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.				
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.				
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:				
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.				
	Red—MIC has failed.				
	Link LED, one green per port:				
	• Off—No link.				
	On steadily—Link is up.				

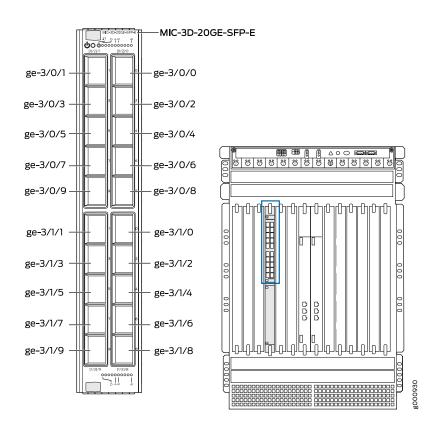
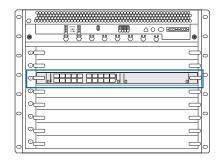


Figure 15: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX960)

Figure 16: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX480)



MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E

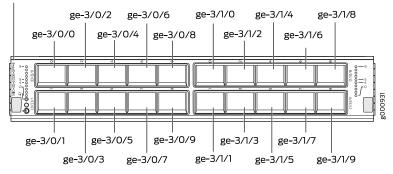
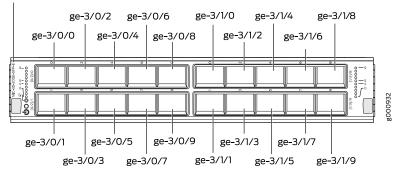


Figure 17: Port Numbering for the MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E (MX240)

0	o	0
0		0
0		
0		
0		

MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-E



Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 Documentation

Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)

Figure 18: 20-Port Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP (EH)

vIC-3D-20G	E-SFP-EH					
006E-5FP-EH 15 9 10/2//0 10/2//0 0/2//0	N 4		× • • •	N	* ¢	000000 0 00000 0 0 0000 0
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		°		

Software release	Junos 13.2R2 and later
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.77 A @ 48 V (37 W) Weight: 1.2 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-20GE-SFP-EH Name in the CLI: 3D 20x IGE(LAN)-EH,SFP
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 1 Gbps Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Up to 20-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures SEC PHY Timing PHY
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID) Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2 Media Access Control Security (MACsec)

Interfaces	Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 1 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 (left grouping of 10 ports) or 3 (right grouping of 10 ports) when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in the right grouping of ports on the MIC installed
	in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Red—MIC has failed.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is up.

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

10-Gigabit Ethernet MICs with XFP

Figure 19: 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP

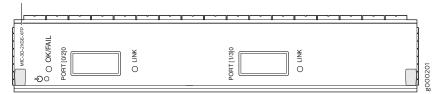
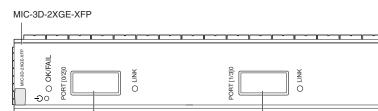


	Figure 20: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP
	MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP
	C O OKFAIL PORT [02]9 O LINK PORT [02]1 O LINK PORT [02]1 O LINK PORT [13]1 O LINK PORT [13]1 O LINK
Software release	 2-port: Junos 10.2 and later 4-port: Junos 10.1 and later
	For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	Two or four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports
	Power requirement:
	 2-port: 0.6 A @ 48 V (29 W) (astro-0.56 A @ (0.)/(27.)/)
	• 4-port: 0.56 A @ 48 V (27 W)
	Weight:
	 2-port: 1 lb (0.45 kg) 4 port: 1 lb (0.5 kg)
	• 4-port: 1.1 lb (0.5 kg)
	Model number:
	 2-port: MIC-3D-2XGE-XFP 4-port: MIC-3D-4XGE-XFP
	Name in the CLI:
	 2-port: 3D 2X10GE XFP 4:-port 3D 4X10GE XFP
	• 4poit 3D 4X10GE XFP
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps
	LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps
	WAN-PHY mode at 9.953 Gbps
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options
	Synchronous Ethernet support
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)

Figure 20: 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

Interfaces	Syntax: xe-fpc/pic/port where:
	 fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 2-port: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0; 3 when installed in MIC slot 1 4-port: 0 or 1 when installed in MIC slot 0; 2 or 3 when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 2-port: 0 or 1 4-port: 0 or 1 For example, xe-1/3/0 is the interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is up with or without activity. The ports are labeled (see Figure 21 on page 161 and Figure 22 on page 162). 2-port: [0/2]0, [1/3]0 4-port: [0/2]0, [0/2]1, [1/3]0, and [1/3]1

Figure 21: Port Numbering for 2-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP



[1/3]0

[0/2]0

g100581

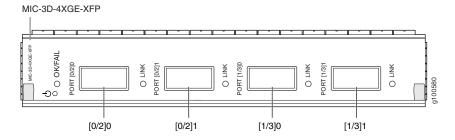
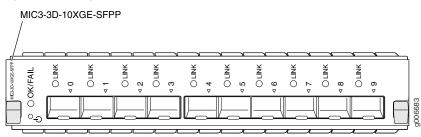


Figure 22: Port Numbering for 4-Port 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with XFP

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (10 Ports)

Figure 23: 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+



Software release	Junos 12.3 and later
Description	 Ten 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.62 A @ 48 V (29.8 W) Weight: 1.54 lb (0.70 kg) Model number: MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP Name in the CLI: 3D 10xGE SFPP
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps Supports 10 SFP+ pluggable optic ports Voltage Sequencer for local voltage sequence control and monitoring LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANS (VLANS) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: SFPP-10GE-ZR has a commercial temperature rating and is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the 10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. NOTE: SFPP-10G-DT-ZRC2 is not NEBS compliant when plugged into the MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC. If the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, Junos OS disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one per SFP+ port: Off—No link. Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. The ports are labeled: Port [0] to Port [9]



NOTE: The MIC3-3D-10XGE-SFPP MIC has one logical PIC. When the MIC is installed in slot 0 of an MPC the PIC number is 0, and when the MIC is installed in slot 1 of an MPC the PIC number is 2. For example, when the MIC is installed in slot 3 of the MX960 router, in slot 1 of the MPC, the interfaces are numbered ge-3/2/0 through ge-3/2/9.

 Related
 MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

 Documentation
 MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

• MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26

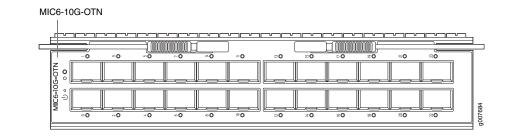
10-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)

	MIC6-10G
Software release	 Junos 13.3R2 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Twenty-four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 7.1 A @ 10.4 V (74 W) Weight: 3.2 lb (1.45 kg) Model number: MIC6-10G Name in the CLI: 24x10GE SFPP
Hardware features	 Supports 24 SFP+ pluggable optic ports High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps LAN-PHY mode at 10.3125 Gbps WAN-PHY mode at 9.95328 Gbps Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port down event Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Configurable LAN-PHY and WAN-PHY mode options per port Compliant to ITU-T specifications Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	 Green—MIC is functioning normally. Yellow—MIC is coming online. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one bicolor per SFP+ port:
	 Off—No link. Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:Port [0] to Port [23]

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

10-Gigabit Ethernet OTN MIC with SFP+ (24 Ports)



Software release	 Junos 13.3R3 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Twenty-four 10-Gigabit optical transport network (OTN) ports for transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet (10GBASE-R) traffic Power requirement: 1.5 A @ 52 V (84 W) Weight: 3.4 lb (1.54 kg) Model number: MIC6-10G-OTN Name in the CLI: 24x10GE OTN
Hardware features	 High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 10 Gbps LAN-OTU2e mode (G.Sup43, 7.1) at 11.09 Gbps WAN-OTU2 mode (G.Sup43, 6.1) at 10.70 Gbps Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port-down event Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 OTN support for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface Compliant with ITU-T specifications Transparent transport of 10-Gigabit Ethernet signals with optical channel transport unit 2 (OTU2/OTU2e) framing Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configurable LAN-PHY, WAN-PHY, or OTN mode options per port Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Yellow—MIC is coming online. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Off—No link. Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. The ports are labeled: Port [0] through Port [23]

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+

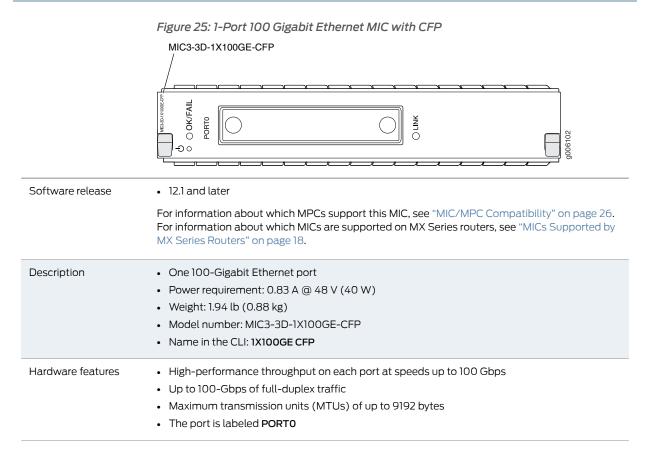
Figure 24: 40-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with QSFP+ MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP O OK/FAIL UTION O LINK OLINK -Do Software release • 12.2 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18. Description • Two 40-Gigabit Ethernet ports • Power requirement: 0.38 A @ 48 V (18 W) • Weight: 1.19 lb (0.54 kg) Model number: MIC3-3D-2X40GE-QSFPP Hardware features High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 40 Gbps • Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic • Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes Software features • Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms • Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support • IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses • Flexible Ethernet encapsulation • Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID) Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.Red—MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	• Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.
	The ports are labeled:
	• PORT [0] - PORT [1]

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP



Software features	 Synchronous Ethernet support Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANS (VLANS) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ER4 transceiver is NEBS-compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software converts CFP-100GBASE-ER4 to low power mode, which takes the transceiver offline. Fiber-optic 100-Gigabit C form-factor Plugabble NOTE: The CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver is NEBS compliant in the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP, but only when the other MIC slot in the MPC3E is empty. If another MIC is present and the ambient air temperature exceeds 40 degrees C, the software disables the transmitter, which takes the optical transceiver offline. The other MIC slot must be filled with a blank panel.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled.

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP

	Figure 26: 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP
	MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP
Software release	12.2 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	One 100-gigabit Ethernet port
	• Power requirement: 0.42 A @ 48 V (20 W)
	• Weight: 1.03 lb (0.47 kg)
	Model number: MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CXP
	Name in the CLI: 3D 1x100GE CXP
Hardware features	High-performance throughput on each port at speeds up to 100 Gbps
	Up to 100-Gbps of full-duplex traffic
	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	The port is labeled PORT0
Software features	Synchronous Ethernet support
	Optical diagnostics and related alarms
	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support
	IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support
	Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats
	Source MAC learning
	MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses
	Flexible Ethernet encapsulation
	Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

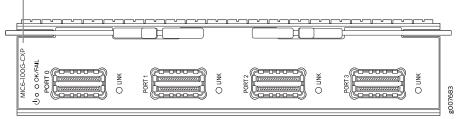
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.Red—MIC has failed.
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off—No link.
	On steadily—Link is up with or without activity.
	Yellow—Link is disabled.

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CXP (4 Ports)



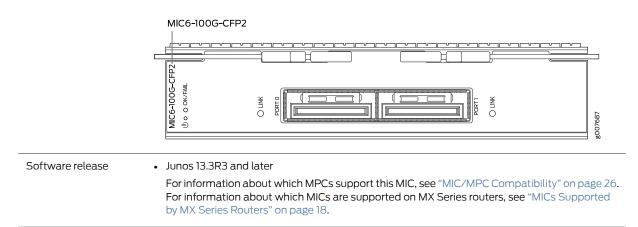


Software release	• Junos 13.3R2 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Four 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 5.5 A @ 10.4 V (57 W) Weight: 2.7 lb (1.22 kg) Model number: MIC6-100G-CXP Name in the CLI: 4X100GE CXP
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 100Gbps per port. Supports 100GBASE-SR10 over CXP pluggable optics Supports LOS-squelch, enabling Synchronous Ethernet fast-clock-failover on a port down event Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 Compliant to ITU-T specifications Optical diagnostics and related alarms Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANS (VLANS) support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Yellow—MIC is coming online. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one bicolor per port: Off—No link. Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled. The ports are labeled: Port 0 to Port 3

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 Documentation

100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP2



Description	 Two 100-Gigabit Ethernet CFP2 ports Power requirement: 2 A @ 52 V (104 W) Weight: 2.4 lb (1.09 kg) Model number: MIC6-100G-CFP2 Name in the CLI: 2X100GE CFP2 OTN
Hardware features	 Line-rate throughput of up to 100 Gbps per port Supports CFP2 pluggable optics Supports LAN (103.125 Gbps) and OTN/OTU4 (111.81 Gbps) on a per-port basis Provides IEEE 1588 time-stamping at physical interface for improved accuracy Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
Software features	 Optical transport network (OTN) support for 100-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces Compliant with ITU-T specifications Transparent transport of 100-Gigabit Ethernet signals with OTU4 framing Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configurable 100-Gigabit Ethernet or OTN options per port Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q VLAN support IEEE 802.1ad support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: CFP2-100G-ER4-D is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. CFP2-DCO-T-WDM-1 is not NEBS compliant on the MX960 router or the MX2020 router in FPC slot 0 or FPC slot 11. Slots 0 and 11 can only work with an ambient temperature of up to 40° C. NOTE: When inserting the CFP2 transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You will hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so will result in loss of connection. To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one tricolor:
	 Green—MIC is functioning normally. Yellow—MIC is coming online. Red—MIC has failed. LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	 Off—No link. Green—Link is up. Yellow—Link is disabled.
	Port labels: Port 0 and Port 1

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 Documentation

100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC with CFP2-ACO

Software release	• Junos OS Release 15.1F5 and 15.1F6, Junos OS Release 17.1R1 and later For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 One 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN port Power requirements (including transceiver) at different temperatures: 55° C: 1.90 A @ 48 V (91 W) 25° C: 1.73 A @ 48 V (83 W) Weight: 2.3 lb (1.04 kg) Model number: MIC3-100G-DWDM Name in the CLI: 1X100GE DWDM CFP2-ACO

Hardware features

- Dual-wide MIC that installs into two MIC slots
- Supports CFP2 analog coherent optics (CFP2-ACO)
- Transparent transport of a 100-Gigabit Ethernet signal with OTU4V framing
- ITU-standard OTN performance monitoring and alarm management
- Dual-polarization quadrature phase shift keying (DP-QPSK) modulation
- Supports three types of forward error correction (FEC):
 - Soft-decision FEC (SD-FEC)
 - High-gain FEC (HG-FEC)
 - G.709 FEC (GFEC)
- 100 channels on C-band ITU grid with 50-GHz spacing
- Latency:
 - SD-FEC: 14 µs (TX + RX)
 - HG-FEC: 22 µs (TX + RX)
 - GFEC: 6 µs (TX + RX)
- Interoperable with the CFP-100GBASE-ZR transceiver supported on the 100-Gigabit Ethernet MIC with CFP (MIC3-3D-1X100GE-CFP) on MX Series routers and the 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC with CFP (P1-PTX-2-100GE-CFP) on PTX Series routers.
- Interoperable with the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC with CFP2 (PTX-5-100G-WDM) on PTX Series routers when the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is configured to use SD-FEC or GFEC.

NOTE: The 1-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC is not directly interoperable with the 2-port 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN PIC (P1-PTX-2-100G-WDM), but they can both operate over the same DWDM line system.

Software features	 NOTE: For information about configuring the MIC, see Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC. For information about upgrading the firmware on the PIC, see Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM). Compliant with ITU G.709 and G.798 Provides a transport interface and state model (GR-1093) Performance monitoring features such as alarms, threshold-crossing alarms, OTU/ODU error seconds and FEC and bit error rate (BER) statistics SNMP management of the MIC based on <i>RFC 3591, Managed Objects for the Optical Interface Type</i>, including the following: Set functionality Black Link MIB IFOTN MIB Optics MIB FRU MIB Pre-FEC BER monitoring provides interrupt-driven, BER-based detection of link signal degradation for MPLS fast reroute. User-configurable optics options: Transmit (TX) laser enable and disable TX output power Wavelength Receive (RX) LOS warning or alarm thresholds Threshold crossing alarms (TCAs) User-configurable card options: FEC mode (SD-FEC, HG-FEC, or GFEC) TCAc
	• TCAs
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: When inserting the C form-factor pluggable 2 (CFP2) transceiver, ensure that the transceiver sits tightly in the port. You hear a distinct click sound when the latch locks into the corresponding port. The latch must be fully engaged in the corresponding port for the CFP2 transceiver to function properly. Failing to do so can result in loss of connection. To verify that the CFP2 transceiver module is inserted properly, give a gentle pull by grasping the sides of the module. The module should sit tightly.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Off—MIC is powered off.
	Green—MIC is initialized and online, functioning normally.
	Amber—MIC is coming online, or is in fault state.
	LINK LED, one bicolor per port:
	Off—Port is offline.
	Solid green—Link is up.
	Red—Port failure is detected.
	NOTE: The port is labeled Port 0 .
Alarms, Errors, and	NOTE: For OTN alarms, see Table 24 on page 181.
Events	Chassis and MIC:
	MIC (FRU) inserted or removed
	 MIC (FRU) Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service
	 MIC (FRU) Operational State: Unequipped, Init, Normal, Mismatch, Fault, Upgrade
	 Mismatch equipment
	Temperature alarm
	Port (interface):
	Port (interface):Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA
	Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs:
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs:
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs: ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs: ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute ackground block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute severely errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs: ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA
	 Interface Administrative State: In Service, Out Of Service, Service MA, Out of Service MA Interface Operational State: Init, Normal, Fault, Degraded Optical channel transport unit (OTU) TCAs: OTU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA OTU-TCA-ES—15-minute far-end errored seconds TCA OTU-TCA-SES—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA OTU-TCA-UAS—15-minute unavailable seconds TCA Optical channel data unit (ODU) TCAs: ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute ackground block error TCA ODU-TCA-BBE—15-minute background block error TCA

NOTE: If you insert an invalid CFP module, the CLI displays **unsupported module** and a syslog message is generated.

Optics-related status:

- Module temperature
- Module voltage
- Module temperature alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- Module voltage alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- Module not ready alarm
- Module low power alarm
- Module initialization incomplete alarm
- Module fault alarm
- TX laser disabled alarm
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Modem lock state
- TX output power:
 - Current TX output power
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- TX power alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- RX input power (signal)
- RX input power (total):
 - Current RX input power (total)
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- RX power alarm:
 - High alarm
 - Low alarm
 - High warning
 - Low warning
- RX loss of signal alarm
- Wavelength unlocked alarm

TIP: You can view optics-related status by using the **show interfaces transport pm optics** and **show interfaces diagnostics optics** operational-mode CLI commands.

Network lane receive-related status:

- Chromatic dispersion:
 - Current chromatic dispersion
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Differential group delay:
 - Current differential group delay
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Q²-factor:
 - Current Q²-factor
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Carrier frequency offset
 - Current carrier frequency offset
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval
- Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)
 - Current SNR
 - Minimum over PM interval
 - Maximum over PM interval
 - Average over PM interval

TIP: You can view network lane receive-related status by using the **show interfaces transport pm optics** operational-mode CLI command.

FEC statistics:

- Corrected Errors—the number of bits received that were in error, but corrected.
- Uncorrected Words—the number of FEC codewords received that were uncorrectable.
- Corrected Error Ratio-the number of corrected bits divided by the number of bits received

TIP: You can view FEC statistics by using the **show interfaces** *interface-name* extensive operational-mode CLI command.

Table 24 on page 181 describes the OTN alarms and defects that can occur on the MIC and the link status when the alarm or defect occurs.



TIP: You can view OTN alarms and defects by using the show interfaces *interface-name* extensive operational-mode CLI command.

Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN	LOS	Loss of signal	Link down
	LOF	Loss of frame	Link down
	LOM	Loss of multiframe	Link down
OTN FEC	FEC Degrade (OTU-FEC-DEG)	Forward error correction degraded	Link down if signal degrade or backward FRR thresholds are met
	FEC Excessive (OTU-FEC-EXE)	There are uncorrected words and there are errors in the frame header	Possible link down
OTN OTU	OTU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
	OTU-BDI	Backward defect identification	Link down
	OTU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TTIM	Destination access point identifier (DAPI), source access point identifier (SAPI), or both mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if otu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options]hierarchy level
	OTU-BIAE	Backward incoming alignment error	Warning
	OTU-TSF	OTU trail signal fail	Warning
	OTU-SSF	OTU server signal fail	Warning

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects

Category	Alarm	Description	Link Status
OTN ODU	ODU-AIS	Alarm indication signal or all ones signal	Link down
	ODU-OCI	Open connection error	Link down
	ODU-LCK	ODU lock triggers for path monitoring and TCM levels 1 through 6	Link down
	ODU-BDI	Backward defect indication	Link down
	ODU-TTIM	DAPI or SAPI mismatch from expected to received	Can cause the link to be down if odu-ttim-act-enable is configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name otn-options] hierarchy level
	ODU-IAE	Incoming alignment error	Warning
	ODU-LTC	Loss of tandem connection	Warning
	ODU-CSF	Client signal failure	Warning
	ODU-TSF	Trail signal fail	Warning
	ODU-SSF	Server signal fail	Warning
	ODU-PTIM	Payload type mismatch	Link down

Table 24: OTN Alarms and Defects (continued)

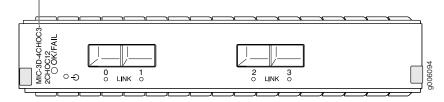
Related • 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN CFP2-ACO Transceiver Wavelengths

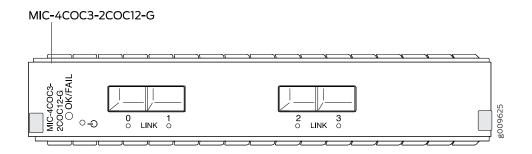
- Documentation
- MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
- Configuring OTN Interfaces on MIC3-100G-DWDM MIC
- Upgrading Firmware on the 100-Gigabit DWDM OTN MIC (MIC3-100G-DWDM)
- show interfaces extensive
- show interfaces transport pm
- show interfaces diagnostics optics (Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40-Gigabit Ethernet, 100-Gigabit Ethernet, and Virtual Chassis Port)

Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 27: 4-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12





MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12

	CONTRACTOR
	Sobolog Sob
Software release	Junos OS Release 11.4 and later
	For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 4-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 4-port OC3/STM1 2-port OC12/STM4
	 8-port: Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 8-port OC3/STM1 4-port OC12/STM4
	 Channelization: OC3, DS3, DS1, DS0, E3, E1. For information on channelization numbers, see <i>Channelized Interfaces Feature Guide for Routing Devices</i>. Power requirement: 4-port: 4.56 A @ 9 V (41 W)
	 8-port: 5.78 A @ 9 V (52 W)
	 Weight: 4-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg) 8-port: 4.4 lb (2 kg)
	 Model number: 4-port: MIC-3D-4CHOC3-2CHOC12 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
	 8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12 4-port: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G
	8-port: MIC-3D-8CHOC3-4CHOC12
	 8-port: MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G NOTE: MIC-4COC3-2COC12-G and MIC-8COC3-4COC12-G are RoHS 6/6 compliant.

Figure 28: 8-Port Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

Hardware features	The ports are labeled:
	 4-port: 0-3 8-port: 0-7
Software features	Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	Per-port SONET/SDH framing
	Local and remote loopback on each port
	Optical diagnostics and monitoring
	Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode
	Encapsulations:
	MPLS fast reroute
	MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection)
	 MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection)
	Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC)
	Cisco HDLC CCC
	Cisco HDLC TCC
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	PPP over Frame Relay
	 Multilink-based protocols (Junos OS Release 12.1 and later): Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP)
	Multiclass MLPPP
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) end-to-end (FRF.15)
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (FRF.16, also referred to as MFR)
	Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)
	NOTE: When you configure multilink services on a MIC in an MX Series router, ensure that a Multiservices DPC is present in the same router.
	NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally Red—MIC has failed LINK LED, one green per port: Off—Not enabled Green—Online with no alarms or failures Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure
Alarms, errors, and events	SONET alarms: Loss of light (LOL) Loss of signal (LOS) Loss of frame (LOF) Phase lock loop (PLL) Severely errored frame (SEF) Alarm indicator signal–line (AIS-L) Alarm indicator signal–line (AIS-P) Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L) Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P) Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P) Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SD) Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF) Payload label mismatch–Path (PLM-P) Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P) Remote error indicator-path (REI-P) Alarm indicator signal–wirtual container (V-AIS) Loss of pointer-virtual container (V-LOP) Remote defect indicator-wirtual container (V-CPI) Unequipped-virtual container (V-LOP) Remote defect indicator-virtual container (V-RDI) Unequipped-virtual container (V-LOP) SDH alarms: Loss of light (LOL) Phase lock loop (PLL) Loss of frame (LOF) Loss of signal (LOS) Severely erored frame (SEF) Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS) Higher order path-alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS) Higher order path-alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS) Higher order path-alarm indicator signal (MS-FERF) Higher order path-far-end receive failure (M-FERF) Higher order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM) Remote error indicator (REI)

- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Tributary unit-alarm indicator signal (TU-AIS)
- Tributary unit-loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
- Tributary unit-remote defect indicator (TU-RDI)
- Tributary unit-unequipped (TU-UNEQ)
- Tributary unit–mismatch (TU-MIS)

DS3 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal seconds (LOS)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)

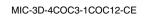
DS3 error detection:

- C-bit code violations (CCV)
- C-bit errored seconds (CES)
- C-bit severely errored seconds (CSES)
- CRC errors
- Excessive zeros (EXZ)
- Far-end block error (FEBE)
- Far-end receive failure (FERF)
- Line errored seconds (LES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
- Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
- Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
- Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
- Unavailable seconds (UAS)

Related Documentation • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP

Figure 29: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos OS Release 12.2 and later
	• Juitos OS Release 12.2 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Four OC3/STM1 ports Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 4-port OC3/STM1 1-port OC12/STM4 One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0) SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level OC3 channelization: 4 OC3 channel 336 DS1 channels 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) SDH channelization: 4 STM1 channel 252 E1 channels 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W) Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-4COC3-1COC12-CE
Hardware features	Ports are numbered 0 through 3

Software features • Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing • Internal and loop clocking • Encapsulations: • Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985) • Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4533) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4533) • Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4385) • L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching): • TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN -see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconne a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESoPSN PV to BGP L2VPN is not supported. • Unlified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) • Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) Interfaces Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/pic/port where: • mediatype:	
 Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985) Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916) Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESOPSN) (RFC 5086) Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RF 4385) L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching): TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN—see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconne a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESOPSN PV to BGP L2VPN is not supported. Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) Interfaces Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 0 through 3 Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=10001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the <i>Junos OS System Basics</i> 	
 Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916) Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESOPSN) (RFC 5086) Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RF 4385) L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching): TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN—see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconne a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESoPSN PV to BGP L2VPN is not supported. Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) Interfaces Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 0 through 3 For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1. Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinderjuniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType:=All&pf=MX+Serie NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links take the MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the Junos OS System Basics	
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4385) • L2 Network Interconnections (protocol stitching): • TDM LDP PWs to BGP L2VPN—see Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconne a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN for more information. Note that stitching CESoPSN PV to BGP L2VPN is not supported. • Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) Interfaces Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: • mediatype: coc3, cocl2, cstml, cstm4, or ds • fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed • pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1 • port: 0 through 3 For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 1. Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Serie kake the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the Junos OS System Basics	
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take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the <i>Junos OS System Basics</i>	
LEDs OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:	
Green—MIC is functioning normally	EDs
Red—MIC has failed	EDs
LINK LED, one tricolor per port:	EDs
Off—Not enabled	EDs
Green—Online with no alarms or failures	EDs
Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures	EDs
Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure	EDs

Alarms, errors, and events	Structure-agnostic alarms for TI and EI interface:
events	Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	Loss of signal (LOS)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Errored seconds (ES)
	Line-errored seconds (LES)
	Severely errored seconds (SES)
	Unavailable errored seconds (UAS)
	Structure aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
	Severely errored frame (SEF)
	Block error event (BEE)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	Yellow alarm (remote alarm indication RAI)
	Path code violation (PCV)
	Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
	Bursty errored seconds (BES)
Related	MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

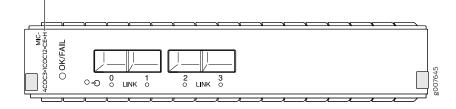
Documentation

- Using the Layer 2 Interworking Interface to Interconnect a Layer 2 Circuit to a Layer 2 VPN

Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)

Figure 30: Channelized OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) Circuit Emulation MIC with SFP (H)

MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H



Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

Description	 Four OC3/STM1 ports Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 4-port OC3/STM1 1-port OC12/STM4 One channelized OC12/STM4 port (down to DS0) SONET or SDH is configurable on a MIC level SONET channelization: 4 OC3 channel 336 DS1 channels 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0) SDH channelization: 4 STM1 channel 252 E1 channels
	 252 E1 channels 2016 DS0 channels (combination of nxDS0)
	 Power requirement: 2.83 A @ 12 V (33.96 W) Weight: 1.63 lb (0.74 kg) Model number: MIC-4COC3-1COC12-CE-H
Hardware features	 Ports are numbered 0 through 3 Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures
Software features	 Per-MIC SONET/SDH framing Internal and loop clocking Encapsulations: Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985) Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916) Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553) Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086) Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
Interfaces	 Syntax: mediatype-fpc/pic/port where: mediatype: coc3, coc12, cstm1, cstm4, or ds fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 0 through 3 For example, cstm4-1/2/0 is the channelized STM4 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1.

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the <i>Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference</i> .
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally
	Red—MIC has failed
	LINK LED, one tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure
Alarms, errors, and events	Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
evenus	Alarm indication signal (AIS)
	Loss of signal (LOS)
	Line code violation (LCV)
	Errored seconds (ES)
	Line-errored seconds (LES) Soverally errored seconds (SES)
	 Severely errored seconds (SES) Unavailable errored seconds (UAS)
	Structure aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
	Severely errored frame (SEF)
	Block error event (BEE)
	Loss of frame (LOF)
	Yellow alarm (remote alarm indication RAI)
	Path code violation (PCV) Severally energy of forms accords (CEEC)
	Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
	Bursty errored seconds (BES)

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC

Figure 31: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC

	MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE
Software release	• Junos OS Release 12.3 and later For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Sixteen E1 or T1 ports Per-MIC E1/T1 framing DS1 channelization per port: 1 DS1 channel 24 DS0 channels
	 El channelization per port: 1 El channel 32 DS0 channels
	 Internal and loop clocking Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W) Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE
Hardware features	 Ports are numbered: Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right

Software features	Full bit error rate test (BERT)
	DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity
	Per-port framing is not supported
	You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI:
	 T1—SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe)
	• E1—G704, G704–no-crc4, unframed
	Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics
	Encapsulations:
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985)
	 Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916)
	 Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP) (RFC 4553)
	 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086)
	 Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
	In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	RJ-48 connector
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.
	Green—MIC is functioning normally.Red—MIC has failed.
	Red—MIC has failed. One tricolor per port:
	 Red—MIC has failed. One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled.
	 Red—MIC has failed. One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled. Green—Online with no alarms or failures.
	 Red—MIC has failed. One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled.

Alarms, errors, and events

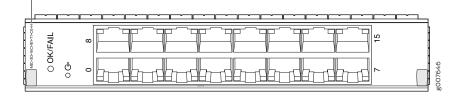
- Structure-agnostic alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
 - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
- Structure-aware alarms for T1 and E1 interface:
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- Structure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
 - Errored seconds (ES)
 - Line code violation (LCV)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
 - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
- Structure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface:
 - Severely errored frame (SEF)
 - Block error event (BEE)
 - Line code violation (LCV)
 - Path code violation (PCV)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Errored seconds (ES)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES)
 - Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS)
 - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
 - Loss of signal seconds (LOSS)
 - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
 - Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only)
 - CRC errors (E1 only)

Related Documentation MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)

Figure 32: Channelized E1/T1 Circuit Emulation MIC (H)

MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H



Software release

• Junos OS Release 13.2R2 and later

For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

Description	 Sixteen El or Tl ports Per-MIC El/Tl framing DSI channelization per port: 1DSI channel 24 DS0 channels El channelization per port: 1El channel 32 DS0 channels Internal and loop clocking Power requirement: 2.21 A @ 12 V (26.55 W) Weight: 1.57 lb (0.71 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE-H
Hardware features	 Ports are numbered: Top row: 8 and 15 from left to right Bottom row: 0 and 7 from left to right Environmentally hardened for -40° F (-40° C) to 149° F (65° C) operating temperatures

Software features	 Full bit error rate test (BERT) DS1 and E1 interfaces are selectable on a per-port granularity Per-port framing is not supported You can configure the following framing modes using the CLI: T1—SF, ESF, D4/superframe, ESF (extended superframe) E1—G704, G704—no-crc4, unframed Local, remote, and per-port loopback diagnostics Encapsulations: Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Architecture (RFC 3985) Requirements for Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) (RFC 3916) Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SATOP) (RFC 4553) Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet-Switched Network (CESoPSN) (RFC 5086) Pseudowire Emulation Edge to Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN (RFC 4385)
Interfaces	 Syntax: media-type-fpc/pic/port where: media-type: ct1, ds, t1, or e1 fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed pic: 0 when installed in MIC slot 0 or 2 when installed in MIC slot 1 port: 0 through 15 For example, t1-2/2/0 is the T1 interface for port 0 on the MIC installed in MIC slot 1 on an MPC installed in slot 2.
Cables and connectors	 TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. RJ-48 connector
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Red—MIC has failed. One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled. Green—Online with no alarms or failures. Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures. Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure.

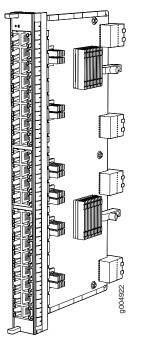
• S	Loss of frame (LOF) Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS) Atructure-agnostic error detection for T1 and E1 interface: Errored seconds (ES) Line code violation (LCV) Line errored seconds (LES) Severely errored seconds (SES) Unavailable seconds (UAS) Loss of signal seconds (LOSS) Atructure-aware error detection for T1 and E1 interface: Severely errored frame (SEF) Block error event (BEE) Line code violation (LCV) Path code violation (PCV) Line errored seconds (LES) Errored seconds (LES) Severely errored frame seconds (SEFS) Bursty errored frame seconds (SEFS) Bursty errored seconds (BES) Unavailable seconds (UAS)
۰	Unavailable seconds (UAS)
٠	Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
	Far-end block error (FEBE) (E1 only) CRC errors (E1 only)

Documentation

Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Tri-Rate MIC

Figure 33: 40-Port Tri-Rate MIC



Software release	Junos 10.2 and later
	For information on which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 40 autonegotiating 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Megabit Ethernet ports Power requirement: 0.85 A @ 48 V (41 W) Weight: 1.9 lb (0.9 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-40GE-TX Name in the CLI: 3D 40GE TX
Hardware features	 Dual-wide MIC that installs into 2 slots. For information on how to install dual-wide MICs, see the <i>Installing Dual-Wide MIC</i> topic in the respective <i>MX Series Router Hardware Guide</i>. High-performance throughput on each port at speeds of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps Up to 40-Gbps of full-duplex traffic Autonegotiation between Gigabit Ethernet circuit partners Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) support IEEE 802.1Q virtual LANs (VLANs) support Remote monitoring (RMON) EtherStats Source MAC learning MAC accounting and policing—Dynamic local address learning of source MAC addresses Flexible Ethernet encapsulation Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPID)
Interfaces	 Syntax: ge-fpc/pic/port where: fpc: Slot in the router where the MPC is installed. pic: The ports on the MPC are divided into four logical PICs numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3. port: 0 through 9 For example, ge-2/3/0 is the interface for port 0 in logical PIC 3 on the MPC installed in slot 2. Figure 15 on page 156, Figure 35 on page 202, and Figure 36 on page 202 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.
Cables and connectors	 Connector: Four-pair, Category 5 shielded twisted-pair connectivity through an RJ-45 connector Pinout: MDI, MDI crossover Maximum distance: 328 ft (100 m) CAUTION: Do not use RJ-45 cables with strain-relief boots exceeding 1.5 mm from the bottom of the connector. Cable boots that exceed this measurement can damage the port.
LEDs	 OK/fail LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally. Red—MIC has failed. Link LED, one green per port: Off—No link. On steadily—Link is up.

Figure 15 on page 156, Figure 35 on page 202, and Figure 36 on page 202 illustrate the port numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC installed in the MX960, MX480, and MX240, respectively.

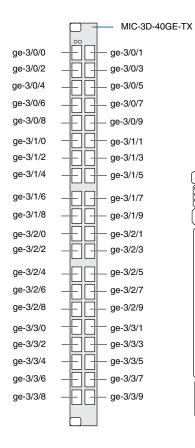
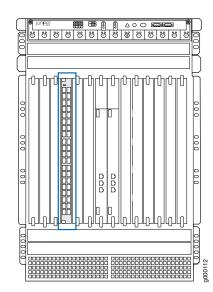


Figure 34: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX960)



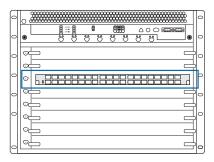


Figure 35: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX480)

MIC-3D-40GE-TX

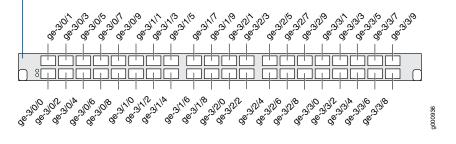
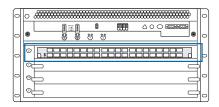
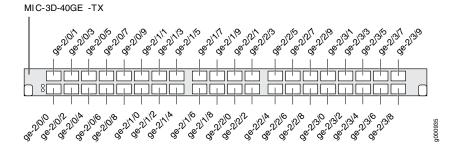


Figure 36: Port Numbering for the Tri-Rate MIC (MX240)





Related • MX Series MIC Overview on page 17 **Documentation**

MIC MRATE

	Figure 37: 12-Port Multi-Rate MIC with QSFP+
Software release	 Junos OS Release 15.1F5 with Junos Continuity Junos OS release 16.1R1 and later
	For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
Description	 Twelve Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable plus (QSFP+) transceivers
	Power requirement;
	 When installed into MPC8E: 1.250 A @ 48 V (60 W)
	 When installed into MPC9E, or into MPC8E operating in 1.6 Tbps upgrade mode (licensed feature): 1.771 A @ 48 V (85 W)
	• Weight: 3.9 lb (1.77 kg)
	Model number: MIC-MRATE
	Name in the CLI: MRATE-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE
Hardware features	The ports are numbered 0 through 11.
	 Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports by using a breakout cable.
	 Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	When used in MX2K-MPC8E:
	 4 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	When used in MX2K-MPC9E: B ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 8 ports out of the total 12 support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 1 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	Table 25 on page 204 lists the configurable Gbps Ethernet port speeds for each port.
Software features	Supports rate selectability at the port level.
	By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	Supports remote port identification.

Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Steady green—MIC is functioning normally. Yellow—MIC has failed.
	 Link LED, one green per port (4 per QSFP+ cage): Steady green—Link is up. Off—Link is down or disabled.
	Each QSFP+ cage contains four LEDs, logically numbered from 0 through 3. These numbers help you identify the corresponding cable when a breakout cable (4x10 Gigabit) is connected to a port. On an installed MRATE MIC, the orientation of these LEDs is as follows: upper left 0 , upper right 1 , lower left 2 , and lower right 3 .

Port #	4x10 Gbps Ethernet	40 Gbps Ethernet	100 Gbps Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Related

• Junos Continuity Software User Guide (Junos OS Release 14.1R4 and Later Releases)

Documentation

- Understanding Interface Naming Conventions for MIC-MRATE
- Understanding Rate Selectability

• Configuring Rate Selectability on MIC-MRATE to Enable Different Port Speeds

Mu	ltise	rvice	s M	IC
IVIU	LISC		5 IVI	

Supported Junos OS Release	Figure 38: MS-MIC-16G MS-MIC-16G Supervised of Supervised of Supervise
	Name in the CLI: MS-MIC-16G
Description	The Multiservices Modular Interfaces Card (MS-MIC) provides improved scaling and high performance for MX series routers. The MS-MIC has enhanced memory (16 GB) and enhanced processing capabilities.
Software Features	 Active flow monitoring and export of flow monitoring version 9 records based on RFC 3954 IP Security (IPsec) encryption Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses NOTE: The Multiservices MIC does not support Network Address Translation-Traversal (NAT-T) until Junos OS Release 17.4R1. Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers Traffic sampling Stateful firewall with packet inspection—detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks Network Attack Protection (NAP) Support for up to 6000 service sets Support for MTUs up to 9192 bytes. Multiple services can be supported. See Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices for more information. See "Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC" on page 340 for information about the protocols and applications that this MIC supports.
Hardware Features and Requirements	 MICs are hot-removable and hot-insertable MS-MIC CPU Clock Cycle – 800MHz Works with SBCs and SBCEs Interoperable with MS-DPCs. Both MS-MPCs and MS-DPCs can co-exist in the same chassis Chassis requires enhanced fan trays and high-capacity DC or AC power supplies NOTE: Only one Multiservices MIC is supported in each MPC. NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1, MX104 routers support only two Multiservices MICs.

Input/Output Power Requirements	MS-MIC—6.67 amps @ 9V (60W)
Weight and Dimensions	Weight: 2 lbs (.91 kg); Height: 0.9 in. (2.26 cm); Width: 6 in. (15.24 cm); Depth: 7 in. (17.78 cm)
LEDs	Application activity tricolor LED, labeled APP STATUS:
	 Off—Application is not running. Red—Application has failed. Yellow—Application is reconfiguring. Green—Application is running. MIC activity tricolor LED, labeled MIC STATUS:
	 Off—MIC has failed. Red—MIC has an error or failure. Yellow—MIC is transitioning online or offline. Green—MIC is functioning normally.
Related	Multiservices MPC on page 86
Documentation	MX Series MIC Overview on page 17
	Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices
	• Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 340
	MIC/MPC Compatibility on page 26
	 Example: Inter-Chassis Stateful High Availability for NAT and Stateful Firewall (MS-MIC, MS-MPC)
	• Example: Configuring Flow Monitoring on an MX Series Router with MS-MIC and MS-MPC
	• Inter-Chassis High Availability for MS-MIC and MS-MPC (Release 15.1 and earlier)
	Example: Configuring Junos VPN Site Secure on MS-MIC and MS-MPC
	ICMP, Ping, and Traceroute ALGs for MS-MICs and MS-MPCs

• MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MICs with SFP

Figure 39: 4-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

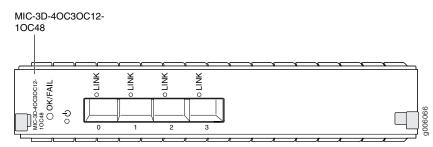


Figure 40: 8-Port SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP

4-port: Junos OS Release 11.2 and later
9. parts lunga OC Delegas 11.2 and later
 8-port: Junos OS Release 11.2 and later For information on which MPCs support these MICs, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information on which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.
 4-port: 4 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 rates. In the combination, you can configure only one port (port 0) to support OC48, whereas OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all four ports. 8-port: 8 OC3/STM1 or OC12/STM4 ports The ports can be configured to support a combination of OC3, OC12, and OC48 rates. In the combination, you can configure only two ports (port 0 and port 1) to support OC48, whereas OC3 or OC12 can be configured on all eight ports. Power requirement: 4-port: 2.6 A @ 9 V (23.4 W) 8-port: 3.1 A @ 9 V (27.9 W) Weight: 4-port: 1.27 lb (0.58 kg) 8-port: 1.47 lb (0.67 kg) Model number: 4-port: MIC-3D-4OC3OC12-10C48 8-port: MIC-3D-8OC3OC12-4OC48
 The ports are labeled: 4-port: 0-3 8-port: 0-7 Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 Per-port SONET/SDH framing Local and remote loopback on each port Optical diagnostics and monitoring Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode. Unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) Encapsulations: Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connect) MPLS TCC (translational cross-connect) Cisco High-Level Data Link Control Cisco HDLC CCC Cisco HDLC TCC Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) PPP for CCC Flexible Frame Relay Frame Relay Frame Relay for TCC Frame Relay for TCC PPP over Frame Relay NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	Green—MIC is functioning normally
	Red—MIC has failed
	LINK LED, one green per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch–Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path-far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- High order path-payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

Related

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

Documentation

Multi-Rate Ethernet MIC

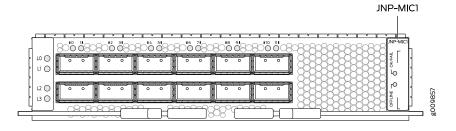


Figure 41: JNP-MIC

Figure 42: JNP-MIC1-MACSEC

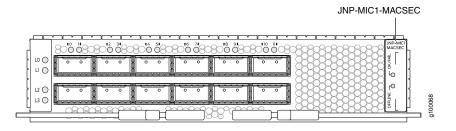
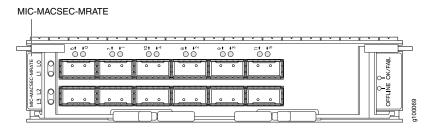


Figure 43: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE



Software release

JNP-MIC1:

Junos OS release 17.3R1 and later

- JNP-MIC1-MACSEC:
 Junos OS release 17.3R2 and later
- MIC-MACSEC-MRATE:
- Junos OS release 17.4R1 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

Description	 Weight: 3 lb (1.36 kg) Model numbers: Without MACsec support: JNP-MIC1 With MACsec support: JNP-MIC1-MACSEC With MACsec support: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE Power requirement: JNP-MIC1: 85 W at 55° C 80 W at 25° C JNP-MIC1-MACSEC: 130 W at 55° C 125 W at 25° C MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: 10 W at 45° C 105 W at 25° C Name in the CLI: JNP-MIC1: MIC1 MIC1-MACSEC: MIC1-MACSEC
	MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: MACSEC-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE
Hardware features	 JNP-MIC1 and JNP-MIC1-MACSEC: Twelve 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports that support quad small form-factor pluggable (QSFP28) transceivers The ports are numbered 0 through 11. Each port can be configured as a 100-Gigabit Ethernet port, 40-Gigabit Ethernet port, or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable). Table 26 on page 212 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port. MIC-MACSEC-MRATE: Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable). The ports are numbered 0 through 11. Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. When used in MP8CE: Four ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps When used in MPC9E: Eight ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbps
Software features	 Supports rate selectability at the port level. By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Supports remote port identification. MICs with model numbers JNP-MIC1-MACSEC and MIC-MACSEC-MRATE support Media Access Control Security (MACsec)

Cables and connectors TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.

The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType;=All&pf;=MX+Series.

LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	OFF—MIC is offline or MIC has fault.
	Red—MIC is in power failure state.
	Green—MIC is online.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	 Steady green—Link is up.
	Off—Link is down or disabled.
	 Like port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	yes
5	yes	yes	yes
б	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	yes
11	yes	yes	yes

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
6	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Table 27: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE (continued)

Related

• MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

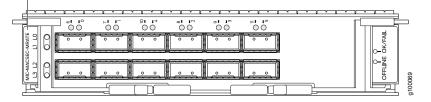
Documentation

- Configuring Rate Selectability on MX10003 MPC to Enable Different Port Speeds
- MX10003 MPC Rate-Selectability Overview
- Understanding Rate Selectability

Multi-Rate Ethernet MACSEC MIC

Figure 44: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

MIC-MACSEC-MRATE



Software release

Junos OS release 17.4R1 and later

For information about which MPCs support this MIC, see "MIC/MPC Compatibility" on page 26. For information about which MICs are supported on MX Series routers, see "MICs Supported by MX Series Routers" on page 18.

Description	• Weight: 3 lb (1.36 kg)
	Model number: MIC-MACSEC-MRATE
	Power requirement:
	110 W at 45° C
	105 W at 25° C
	Name in the CLI: MACSEC-12xQSFPP-XGE-XLGE-CGE
Hardware features	• Twelve Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports, each of which can be configured as a 40-Gigabit Ethernet
	port or as four 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports (by using a breakout cable).
	The ports are numbered 0 through 11.
	 Eight out of the twelve ports can be configured as 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports. Port numbers 0 through 3, and 6 through 9 are the eight 100-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	When used in MP8CE:
	 Four ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 240 Gbps
	When used in MPC9E:
	 Eight ports out of the total twelve ports support 100-Gigabit Ethernet speed
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 0 through 5 should not exceed 400 Gbps
	 Maximum aggregate port capacity across ports 6 through 11 should not exceed 400 Gbp
	• Table 27 on page 212 lists the configurable Gigabit Ethernet port speeds for each port.
Software features	Supports rate selectability at the port level.
	By default, the ports are configured as 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.
	Supports remote port identification.
	Supports Media Access Control Security (MACsec)
Cables and connectors	TID: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at
	https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
LEDs	OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor:
	OFF—MIC is offline or MIC has fault.
	 Red—MIC is in power failure state.
	Green—MIC is online.
	Link LED, one green per port:
	 Steady green—Link is up.
	Off—Link is down or disabled.
	Like port status LED, each individual lane LED support four states as: OFF, AMBER, GREEN, RED. See MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview for more details.

Table 28: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
0	yes	yes	yes

Port #	4x10-Gigabit Ethernet	40-Gigabit Ethernet	100-Gigabit Ethernet
1	yes	yes	yes
2	yes	yes	yes
3	yes	yes	yes
4	yes	yes	no
5	yes	yes	no
б	yes	yes	yes
7	yes	yes	yes
8	yes	yes	yes
9	yes	yes	yes
10	yes	yes	no
11	yes	yes	no

Table 28: Multi Rate Ethernet MIC Port Speed Capabilities for MIC-MACSEC-MRATE (continued)

Related • MPC and MIC Lane LED Scheme Overview

Documentation

SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP

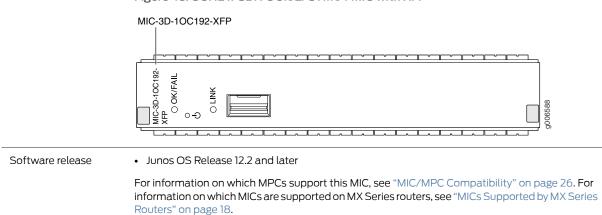


Figure 45: SONET/SDH OC192/STM64 MIC with XFP

Description Hardware features	 One OC192 port Clear channel functionality Power requirement: 4.25 A @ 9 V (38.25 W) Weight: 1.34 lb (0.61 kg) Model number: MIC-3D-10C192-XFP Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes
	MIC bandwidth of up to 10 Gbps
Software features	 SONET/SDH framing Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Ingress behavior aggregate (BA) classification Internal and loop clocking Encapsulations: MPLS fast reroute MPLS fast reroute MPLS CCC (circuit cross-connection) MPLS TCC (translational cross-connection) Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (cHDLC) Cisco HDLC CCC Cisco HDLC TCC Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) PPP for CCC PPP for TCC Flexible Frame Relay Frame Relay Frame Relay for CCC Frame Relay for TCC PPP over Frame Relay NOTE: Ethernet over Frame Relay is not supported.
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a MIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the MIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a MIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
LEDs	 OK/FAIL LED, one bicolor: Green—MIC is functioning normally Red—MIC has failed LINK LED, one tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled Green—Online with no alarms or failures Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal-line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal-path (AIS-P)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator-path (RDI-P)
- Loss of pointer-path (LOP-P)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Payload label mismatch–Path (PLM-P)
- Unequipped-path (UNEQ-P)
- Remote error indicator-path (REI-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- Higher order path-alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate-signal degrade (BER-SD)
- Bit error rate-signal fail (BER-SF)
- Multiplex section-far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)

Related

MX Series MIC Overview on page 17

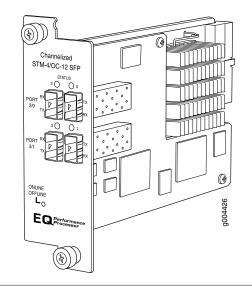
Documentation

CHAPTER 10

MX Series PIC Descriptions

- Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 219
- Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 220
- SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 226
- SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 229
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP on page 232
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP on page 236
- SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP on page 239
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC on page 242
- SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP on page 245

Channelized OC12/STM4 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Software release • Junos 9.5 and later

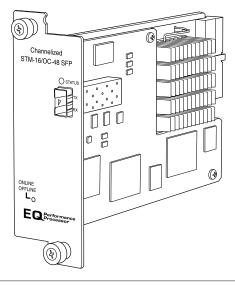
Related • MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35

Documentation

• FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36

- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37
- High Availability Features on page 36

Channelized OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Software release	Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 One OC48/STM16 port SONET or SDH is configurable on a per-port granularity SONET channelization: 4 OC12 channel 16 OC3 channels 48 DS3 channels 672 DS1 channels 975 DS0 channels SDH channelization: 4 STM4 channel 16 STM1 channels 48 E3 channels 504 E1 channels 975 DS0 channels Power requirement: 1.10 A @ 48V (53 W) Model Number: PB-1CHOC48-STM16-IQE-SFP
Hardware features	Port is numbered 0.

Software features	 Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED)
	• Enhanced fine-grained queuing per logical interface. See the <i>Class of Service Feature Guide</i> (<i>Routers and EX9200 Switches</i>) for more information about class of service features.
	Subrate and scrambling:
	 Digital Link/Quick Eagle
	Kentrox
	Larscom
	ADTRAN
	Verilink
	Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
	M13/C-bit parity encoding
	DS3 far-end alarm and control (FEAC) channel support
	Local line, remote line, and remote payload loopback testing
	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP): OC12, OC3 MIB, DS3 MIB, T1 MIB
	Dynamic, arbitrary channel configuration
	Full bit error rate test (BERT)
	Encapsulations:
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)
	Translational cross-connect (TCC)
	Extended Frame Relay for CCC and TCC
	Flexible Frame Relay
	Frame Relay
	Frame Relay for CCC
	Frame Relay for TCC
	Frame Relay port CCC
	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)
	HDLC framing for CCC
	HDLC framing for TCC MPLS CCC
	MPLS CCC
	 Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) UNI NNI (MFR FRF.16)
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
	PPP for CCC
	PPP for TCC
	Encapsulations available only for DS1:
	 Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end (MLFR FRF.15)
	Multilink PPP (MLPPP)
	PPP over Frame Relay
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.

LEDs	One tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

SONET alarms:

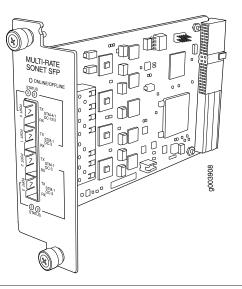
- Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of light (LOL)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
- Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indication (REI)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Virtual container—alarm indication signal (VAIS)
- Virtual container—loss of pointer (VLOP)
- Virtual container—mismatch (VMIS)
- Virtual container-remote defect indication (VRD1)
- Virtual container—unequipped (VUNEQ) SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path—alarm indication signal (HP-AIS)
 - Higher order path—far-end receive failure (HP-FERF)
 - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of light (LOL)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—far-end receive failure (MS-FERF)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
 - Phase lock loop (PLL)
 - Remote error indication (REI)
 - Severely errored frame (SEF)
 - Tributary unit—alarm indication signal (TU-AIS)
 - Tributary unit—loss of pointer (TU-LOP)
 - Tributary unit—mismatch (TU-MIS)
 - Tributary unit—remote defect indication (TU-RDI)
 - Tributary unit—unequipped (TU-UNEQ)

DS1 alarms:

- Alarm indication signal (AIS)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Remote alarm indication signal (RAIS)
- DS1 error detection:
 - Bursty errored seconds (BES)
 - CRC errors
 - Errored seconds (ES)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Loss of framing seconds (LOFS)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)
 - DS3 alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal (AIS)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Yellow alarm
 - DS3 error detection:
 - C-bit code violations (CCV)
 - C-bit errored seconds (CES)
 - C-bit severely errored framing seconds (CEFS)
 - CRC errors
 - Excessive zeros (EXZ)
 - Far-end block error (FEBE)
 - Far-end receive failure (FERF)
 - Line errored seconds (LES)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) code violations (PCV)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) errored seconds (PES)
 - Parity bit (P-bit) severely errored framing seconds (PSES)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS)

Instrumentation (counters)	Layer 2 per-queue and per-channel packet and byte counters
Related Documentation	 MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35 FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36 PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37 High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC12/STM4 1-port OC12c/STM4c 4-port OC3c/STM1c Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W) Model Number: PB-4OC3-10C12-SON-SFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Per-port SONET/SDH framing Link aggregation Alarm and event counting and detection Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Encapsulations: Circuit cross-connect (CCC) Translational cross-connect (TCC) Frame Relay High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

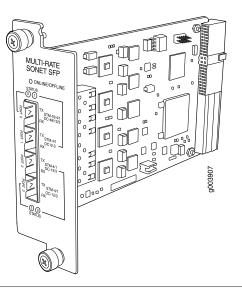
TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
 One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled Green—Online with no alarms or failures Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

Related	MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
Documentation	• FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
	 PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC12/STM4 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC12 1-port OC48 1-port OC48c 4-port OC3c 4-port OC12c Power requirement: 0.40 A @ 48 V (19 W) Model Number: PB-4OC3-4OC12-SON-SFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Per-port SONET/SDH framing Link aggregation Alarm and event counting and detection Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Encapsulations: Circuit cross-connect (CCC) Translational cross-connect (TCC) Frame Relay High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

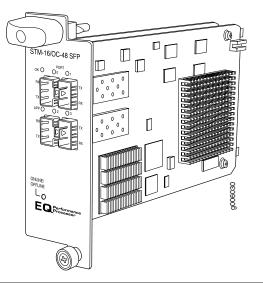
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled Green—Online with no alarms or failures Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal-path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

Related	MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
Documentation	• FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
	• PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 Enhanced IQ (IQE) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos OS Release 10.4R2 and later (Type 3)
Description	 Four OC48/STM16 ports Clear channel functionality SONET and SDH is configured on a per-port granularity Power requirement: 1.06 A @ 48 V (51 W) Weight: 1.6 lb (0.725 kg) Model number: PC-4OC48-STM16-IQE-SFP
Hardware features	 Ports are numbered: Top row: 0 and 1 from left to right Bottom row: 2 and 3 from left to right Maximum transmission units (MTUs) of up to 9192 bytes

Software features	 Quality of service (QoS) per channel: weighted round-robin (WRR), random early detection (RED), weighted random early detection (WRED) Fine-grained egress queuing per logical interface. See the <i>Class of Service Feature Guide (Routers and EX9200 Switches)</i> for more information about class-of-service features Packet buffering Local line and remote payload loopback testing Optical diagnostics and monitoring Clocking options: internal or external/loop mode. Each OC48 transmitter port is configured either in internal or external mode. The default clocking option is internal mode. Encapsulations: Extended Frame Relay for circuit cross-connect (CCC) and translational cross-connect (TCC) Flexible Frame Relay Frame Relay Frame Relay for CCC Frame Relay for TCC Frame Relay for TCC Frame Relay for CCC High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) HDLC framing for TCC MPLS CCC MPLS TCC Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) PPP for CCC PPP for TCC
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device. The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series. NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.

LEDs	OK LED, one tricolor:
	Off—PIC is offline and safe to remove from the router
	Green—PIC is operating normally
	Yellow—PIC is initializing
	Red—PIC has an error or failure
	APP LED, one green per port:
	Off—Service is not running
	Green—Service is running under acceptable load
	Port LEDs, one tricolor per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

SONET alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Alarm indicator signal—line (AIS-L)
- Alarm indicator signal—path (AIS-P)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Remote defect indicator-line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indicator—path (RDI-P)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- Payload label mismatch—path (PLM-P)

SDH alarms:

- Loss of light (LOL)
- Phase lock loop (PLL)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Severely errored frame (SEF)
- Multiplex-section alarm indicator signal (MS-AIS)
- H Path alarm indicator signal (HP-AIS)
- Loss of pointer (LOP)
- Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
- Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
- Multiplex section—far end receive failure (MS-FERF)
- High order path—far end receive failure (HP-FERF)
- Remote error indicator (REI)
- Unequipped (UNEQ)
- High order path—payload label mismatch Path (HP-PLM)

Optical diagnostics related alarms:

NOTE: Transceivers from some vendors do not support these fields.

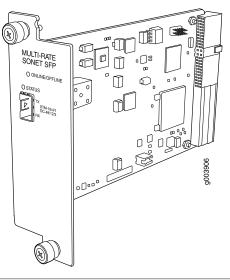
- Temperature high/low alarms and warnings
- Supply voltage high/low alarms and warnings
- Tx bias current high/low alarms and warnings
- Tx output power high/low alarms and warnings
- Rx received power high/low alarms and warnings

Documentation

- **Related** MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
 - FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
 - PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 (Multi-Rate) PIC with SFP



Software release	• Junos 9.5 and later
Description	 Rate-selectable using one of the following rates: 1-port OC3c/STM1c 1-port OC12/STM4 1-port OC12c/STM4c 1-port OC48/STM16 1-port OC48c/STM16c Power requirement: 0.20 A @ 48 V (9.5 W) Model Number: PB-10C48-SON-B-SFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing

Software features	Optical diagnostics and related alarms							
	Per-port SONET/SDH framing							
	Link aggregation							
	Alarm and event counting and detection							
	Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS)							
	Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute							
	Encapsulations:							
	Circuit cross-connect (CCC)							
	 Translational cross-connect (TCC) 							
	Frame Relay							
	High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC)							
	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)							
Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.							
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.							
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.							
LEDs	One tricolor per port:							
	Off—Not enabled							
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures							
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures							
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure							

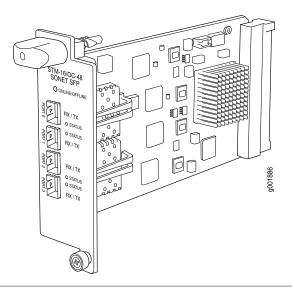
Alarms, errors, and events

- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
 - Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
 - Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
 - Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
 - Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
 - Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
 - Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
 - Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
 - Loss of frame (LOF)
 - Loss of signal (LOS)
 - Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
 - Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
 - Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored frames (SEF)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

Related	 MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35 				
Documentation	• FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36				
	• PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37				

• High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC48/STM16 PIC with SFP



Software release	Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 Four OC48 ports Power requirement: 0.86 A @ 48 V (41.4 W) Model Number: PC-4OC48-SON-SFP
Hardware features	 Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	 Optical diagnostics and related alarms Configuration of SONET or SDH framing on a per-port basis SONET/SDH framing Link aggregation Alarm and event counting and detection Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Encapsulations: High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) Frame Relay Circuit cross-connect (CCC) Translational cross-connect (TCC) Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor per port: Off—Not enabled Green—Online with no alarms or failures Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

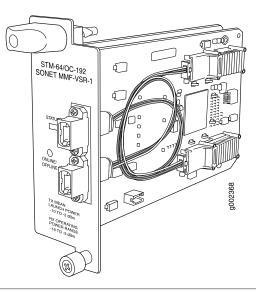
- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
- Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
 - Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
- Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
- Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
- Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
- Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored framing (SEF)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

Related • MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35 Documentation

- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
- PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC



Software release	Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 One OC192 port Power requirement: 0.45 A @ 48 V (21.6 W) Model Number: PC-10C192-SON-VSR
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	 SONET/SDH framing Link aggregation Alarm and event counting and detection Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Encapsulations: High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) Frame Relay Circuit cross-connect (CCC) Translational cross-connect (TCC) Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	The list of supported transceivers for the MX Series is located at https://pathfinder.juniper.net/hct/category/#catKey=100001&modelType=All&pf=MX+Series.
	• Very short reach (VSR 1): 12-ribbon multimode fiber with MTP connector (Rx and Tx)
	 Fiber-optic 10-gigabit small form-factor pluggable (XFP) transceivers: 10GBASE-S very short reach (VSR-1) (model number: XFP-10G-S)
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor LED per port:
	Off—Not enabled
	Green—Online with no alarms or failures
	Yellow—Online with alarms for remote failures
	Red—Active with a local alarm; router has detected a failure

Alarms, errors, and events

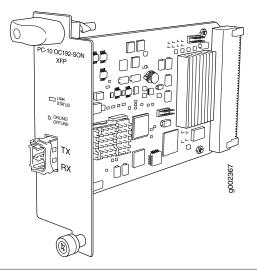
- SONET alarms:
 - Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L)
 - Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P)
 - Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
- Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE)
- Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-PFE)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of pointer (LOP-P)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Payload label mismatch (PLM-P)
- Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P)
- Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L)
- Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
- SDH alarms:
 - Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS)
 - Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD)
 - Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF)
 - Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3
- Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM)
- Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP)
- Higher order path—remote defect indication (HP-RDI)
- Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ)
- Loss of frame (LOF)
- Loss of signal (LOS)
- Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS)
- Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI)
- Multiplex section—remote error indication (MS-REI)
- Error detection:
 - Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P)
 - Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE)
 - Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE)
 - Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE)
 - Severely errored framing (SEF)
 - Severely errored framing seconds (SEFS-S)
 - Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P)
 - Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)

Related • MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35
Documentation

- FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36
 - PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

SONET/SDH OC192c/STM64 PIC with XFP



Software release	• Junos 9.4 and later
Description	 One OC192 port Power requirement: 0.52A @ 48 V (25 W) Model number: PB-10C192-SON-XFP
Hardware features	 Multiplexing and demultiplexing Rate policing on input Rate shaping on output Packet buffering, Layer 2 parsing
Software features	 SONET/SDH framing Link aggregation Alarm and event counting and detection Dual-router automatic protection switching (APS) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) fast reroute Encapsulations: Circuit cross-connect (CCC) Translational cross-connect (TCC) Frame Relay High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

Cables and connectors	TIP: You can use the Hardware Compatibility Tool to find information about the pluggable transceivers supported on your Juniper Networks device.
	NOTE: To extend the life of the laser, when a PIC is not being actively used with any valid links, take the PIC offline until you are ready to establish a link to another device. For information about taking a PIC offline, see the request chassis pic offline command in the CLI Explorer.
LEDs	One tricolor LED per port:
LEDs	One tricolor LED per port:Off—Not enabled
LEDs	
LEDs	Off—Not enabled

Alarms, errors, and events	 SONET alarms: Alarm indication signal—line (AIS-L) Alarm indication signal—path (AIS-P) Bit error rate—signal degrade (BERR-SD) Bit error rate—signal fail (BERR-SF) Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3 Far-end bit error: remote error indication—line (REI-L), far-end line coding violations (CV-LFE) Far-end bit error: remote error indication—path (REI-P), far-end path coding violations (CV-LFE) Loss of frame (LOF) Loss of signal (LOS) Payload label mismatch (PLM-P) Payload unequipped (unequipped STS at path level) (UNEQ-P) Remote defect indication—line (RDI-L) Remote defect indication—path (RDI-P)
	 SDH alarms: Administrative unit alarm indication signal (AU-AIS) Bit error rate signal degrade (BERR-SD) Bit error rate signal fail (BERR-SF) Bit interleaved parity (BIP) error B1, B2, B3 Higher order path—payload label mismatch (HP-PLM) Higher order path—loss of pointer (HP-LOP) Higher order path—unequipped (HP-UNEQ) Loss of frame (LOF) Loss of signal (LOS) Multiplex section—alarm indication signal (MS-AIS) Multiplex section—remote defect indication (MS-RDI) Error detection:
	 Errored seconds (ES-S, ES-L, ES-P) Far-end errored seconds (ES-LFE, ES-PFE) Far-end severely errored seconds (SES-LFE, SES-PFE) Far-end unavailable seconds (UAS-LFE, UAS-PFE) Severely errored framing (SEF) Severely errored framing seconds (SES-S) Severely errored seconds (SES-S, SES-L, SES-P) Unavailable seconds (UAS-L, UAS-P)
Related Documentation	 MX Series FPC and PIC Overview on page 35 FPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 36

• PICs Supported by MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 37

• High Availability Features on page 36

PART 3

Protocol and Application Support

- DPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, and MX960 on page 251
- MPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 on page 273

CHAPTER 11

DPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, and MX960

- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R)

Table 29 on page 251 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 DPCs and Enhanced DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate EnhancedDPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate EnhancedDPC)	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.2	
Firewall filters	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.3	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> : • Group of virtual LANs	-	-	-	-	-	
(VLANs) levelVirtual LAN (VLAN) levelPort level						

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP		DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP		
	DPC-R- 40GE-SFP	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP	DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE
Protocol or Application	(DPC)	(Enhanced DPC)	(Enhanced DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IP multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IРvб	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IPv6 multicast	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Local loopback	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multi-chassis link aggregation (MC-AE)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate EnhancedDPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
mvrp	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1
 IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Packet mirroring	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Shaping at port level	-	-	-	-	-

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate EnhancedDPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
 Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	_	-	-	-
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.2
RSVP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
SNMP	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Subscriber Management: NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
Protocol or Application	DPC-R- 4XGE-XFP DPC-R- 40GE-SFP (DPC)	DPCE-R- 2XGE-XFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 4XGE-XFP DPCE-R- 40GE-SFP (Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced DPC)	DPCE-R- 20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced DPC)
Dynamic VLANs	-	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
• Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) 	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
 IEEE 802.1Q VLANs: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.2	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2

Related	 DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
Documentation	 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
	 Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261

- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X)

Table 30 on page 257 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 30: Protocols and Applications Supported I	ov the Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs ((DPCF-X)
Table 50. Fibiocols and Applications Supported a	y the Lindheed Lthennet Services DFCS (DFCLAT

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)				
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP				
	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE		
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)		
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4		
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.4	9.1	9.2		
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.4	9.1	9.2		
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2		
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.4	9.1	9.2		
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.4	9.1	9.2		
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.4	9.1	9.2		
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.2		

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.2	
Firewall filters	8.4 (Limited filter terms)	9.1 (Limited filter terms)	9.2 (Limited filter terms)	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	-	-	-	
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) levelVirtual LAN (VLAN) levelPort level				
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.4	9.1	9.2)	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.4	9.1)	9.2)	
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Local loopback	8.4	9.1	9.2	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.4	9.1	9.2	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced	
Protocol or Application	Services DPC)	Ethernet Services DPC)	Ethernet Services DPC)	
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring 	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Fault signaling and detectionRemote loopback				
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.2	
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Packet mirroring	8.4	9.1	9.2	
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): • Accounting, filtering, and policing • IEEE 802.1p rewrite • Classification • Tricolor marking	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	-	-	-	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-40GE-SFP (Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-40GE-TX (Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE (Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.2	
RSVP	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
SNMP	8.4	9.1	9.2	
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Subscriber Management: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5	
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3	
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3	
• Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2	9.2	9.2	
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2	
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
	DPCE-X-4XGE-XFP			
	DPCE-X-40GE-SFP	DPCE-X-40GE-TX	DPCE-X-20GE-2XGE	
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Tri-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	(Multi-Rate Enhanced Ethernet Services DPC)	
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.4	9.1	9.2	
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 				
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Virtual private network (VPN) (L2 VPN only)	8.4	9.1	9.2	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.4	9.1	9.2	

Related

- Documentation
- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8
- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q)

Table 31 on page 262 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)			
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4	
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0	9.1	9.3	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1	9.1	9.3	
Firewall filters	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	9.0	9.1	9.3	
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) levelVirtual LAN (VLAN) levelPort level				
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5	9.1	9.3	
IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3	

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
IP multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6 multicast	8.5	9.1	9.3
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	8.5	9.1	9.3
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5	9.1	9.3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Local loopback	8.5	9.1	9.3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	8.5	9,1	9.3
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0	9.1	9.3
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Packet mirroring	8.5	9.1	9.3

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.5	9.1	9.3
 Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking Shaping at queue and port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.5	9.1	9.3
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0	9.1	9.3
RSVP	8.5	9.1	9.3
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.5	9.1	9.3
SNMP	8.5	9.1	9.3
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.5	9.1	9.3

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
Protocol or Application	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-2XGE Enhanced Queuing IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
Subscriber Management:	9.4	9.4	9.4
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.			
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4	9.4	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2	9.2	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5	9.5	9.5
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3	9.3	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3	9.3	9.3
Firewall filters	9.2	9.2	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2	9.2	9.2
• QoS	9.2	9.2	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4	9.4	9.4
VLAN demux	-	-	-
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5	9.5	9.5
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.5	9.1	9.3
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 			
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5	9.1	9.3
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5	9.1	9.3

	First Junos OS Release Supported by DPC Model Number (DPC Name)		
	DPCE-R-Q-4XGE-XFP		DPCE-R-O-20GE-2XGE
	DPCE-R-Q-40GE-SFP	DPCE-R-Q-20GE-SFP	Enhanced Queuing
Protocol or Application	Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPC	IP Services Multi-Rate DPC
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5	9.1	9.3

Related • DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

Documentation

- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)

Table 32 on page 266 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 32: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q)

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	8.5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	8.5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	8.5

Table 32: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Enhanced Queuing Ethernet
Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	8.5
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	8.5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	9.0
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	9.1
Firewall filters	8.5 (Limited filter terms)
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	8.5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	8.5
Ingress hierarchical quality of service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling:	9.0
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) levelVirtual LAN (VLAN) levelPort level	
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	8.5
IPv4 (No BGP)	8.5
IP multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 multicast (No BGP)	8.5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (No BGP)	8.5
Layer 2 frame filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	8.5

Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) (continued)	
	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	8.5
Local loopback	8.5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	8.5
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs)	8.5
Multiple tag protocol identifiers (TPIDs)	8.5
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	8.5
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	8.5
Multitopology Routing (MTR)	9.0
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	8.5
Packet mirroring	8.5
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: 8 queues per port Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	8.5
Shaping at queue level	-

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	8.5
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Random early detection (RED) Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	
Shaping at queue level	-
Quality of service (QoS) queuing per virtual LAN (VLAN)	8.5
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	8.5
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+	9.0
Remote loopback	8.5
RSVP	8.5
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	8.5
SNMP	8.5
IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)	8.5
Subscriber Management:	9.4
Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, MS-DPCs are not supported for subscriber management on MX Series routers.	
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	9.4
Dynamic profiles	9.2
Dynamic VLANs	9.5

	DPCE-X-Q-4XGE-XFP
	DPCE-X-Q-40GE-SFP
Protocol or Application	(Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPC)
Enhanced Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server	9.3
Enhanced DCHP relay	9.3
• Firewall filters	9.2
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	9.2
• QoS	9.2
Subscriber Secure Policy	9.4
VLAN demux	-
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	9.5
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	8.5
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	8.5
Virtual private network (VPN)	8.5 (L2 VPN only)
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	8.5

Related

Documentation

• DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8

- Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
- Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on page 271

Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Table 33 on page 271 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 Multiservices DPCs. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.



NOTE: The maximum number of supported MS-DPCs is as follows except where noted in Table 33 on page 271:

- MX240 router: 2
- MX480 router: 4
- MX960 router: 8

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC)

Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	9.3
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	9.3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	9.4
GRE dont fragment	9.3
GRE Key	9.3
GRE reassembly	9.3
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	9.3
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
NAPT - Preserve parity	15.1
NAPT - Preserve range	15.1
No translation	15.1
Twice NAT	15.1

Table 33: Protocols and Applications Supported by the Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) (continued)

Protocol or Application	MS-DPC
Packet-triggered dynamic subscribers and policy control (PTSP)	10.2
NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.	
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	9.3
Real-time Performance Monitoring (RPM)	9.3
Stateful firewall with packet inspection: detects SYN attacks, ICMP and UDP floods, and ping-of-death attacks	9.3
NOTE: The MX960 supports 8 MS-DPCs using this feature.	
Tunnel services:	
GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation	9.3
IP-IP unicast tunneling	9.4
Multicast tunneling	9.4
Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	9.4
Virtual loopback tunneling (VT)	9.4
Voice over IP (VoIP) services:	10.2
Border Gateway Function (BGF) using external H.248/Ia control	
Integrated Multi-Service Gateway (IMSG)–Session Border Controller	

Related

- DPCs Supported on MX240, MX480, and MX960 Routers on page 8 Documentation
 - Protocols and Applications Supported by DPCs and Enhanced DPCs (DPC and DPCE-R) on page 251
 - Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X) on page 257
 - Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing IP Services DPCs (DPCE-R-Q) on page 261
 - Protocols and Applications Supported by Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Services DPCs (DPCE-X-Q) on page 266

CHAPTER 12

MPC Protocol and Application Support for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003

- Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers on page 273
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers on page 282
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E on page 288
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers on page 296
- Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers on page 303
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers on page 311
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers on page 317
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers on page 324
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers on page 333
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC on page 340
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router on page 342
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 Routers on page 348
- Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E on page 356

Protocols and Applications Supported on MPCs for MX Series Routers

Table 34 on page 274 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs.



NOTE: The MX2010 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R3 release are supported on the MX2010 router in the release indicated.



NOTE: The MX2020 router supports protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3R2 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3R2 release are supported on the MX2020 router in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	_	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Active-active bridging in multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) protection	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2		11.2
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)

	First Junos OS	Release Supp	ported by MPC	Model Numb	er (MPC Name	e)
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)	10.2 (bridge family supported in 10.4)
Firewall filters	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and scheduling: • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3	12.1R3
Intelligent oversubscription	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

MPCs (continued)						
	First Junos OS	Release Supp	ported by MPC	Model Numb	er (MPC Name	e)
	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE	MX-MPC1- 3D	MX-MPC2- 3D	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ
Protocol or Application	MPC)	(MPC1)	(MPC2)	(MPC1Q)	(MPC2 Q)	(MPC2EQ)
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IP multicast	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IPv6	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 MLD	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 multicast	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
LAN-PHY mode	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Layer 2 frame filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):						
(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)						
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4
L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4

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Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPCs (continued)

11.4

11.4

• LNS inline service support with 11.4

CoS per-session shaping

• LNS inline service support

without CoS per-session

shaping

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Peer interface	-	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
Inline IP reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Local loopback	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Mobile IP	-	-	_	-	_	-
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Multi-topology routing (MTR)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Packet mirroring	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-	-	-	-	-	-

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Eight queues per port Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 						
 Tricolor marking Weighted random early detection (WRED) 						
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):						
 Accounting, filtering, and policing 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Classification	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	-	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
Tricolor marking	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Shaping at the queue level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:						
 Accounting, filtering, and policing 	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Classification	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
Tricolor marking	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Shaping at the queue level	-	-	_	10.2	10.1	10.1
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	-	-	10.2	10.1	10.1
RSVP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
RIP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
SNMP	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP	MX-MPC1- 3D	MX-MPC2- 3D	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ
Protocol or Application	(16x10GE MPC)	(MPC1)	(MPC2)	(MPC1Q)	(MPC2Q)	(MPC2EQ)
Spanning Tree Protocols:	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
 IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 						
Subscriber management and services:						
(MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3)						
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and ANCP agent	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
DHCP access model	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic profiles	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Dynamic VLANs	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)					
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	-	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	12.3 with SCBE and later				
 Tunnel services: GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling Multicast tunneling Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling Virtual loopback tunneling (VT) 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
 IEEE 802.1Q VLANs: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Virtual private network (VPN)	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	10.0R2	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.1
VRRP over integrated routing and bridging (IRB) on multichassis link aggregation	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1

Table 34: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
MPCs (continued)

	First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC Model Number (MPC Name)							
Protocol or Application	MPC-3D- 16XGE-SFPP (16x10GE MPC)	MX-MPC1- 3D (MPC1)	MX-MPC2- 3D (MPC2)	MX-MPC1- 3D-Q (MPC1 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-Q (MPC2 Q)	MX-MPC2- 3D-EQ (MPC2EQ)		
WAN-PHY mode	-	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2		

Related Documentation

• MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview
- Understanding BGP
- Understanding MPLS Inter-AS Link Protection
- IEEE 802.1ag OAM Connectivity Fault Management Overview
- Understanding IGMP
- Understanding IPv6
- Understanding LDP-IGP Synchronization
- *mc-ae*

Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC1E for MX Series Routers

Table 35 on page 283 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Enhanced MPCs (MPCEs).



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC1E-3D (MPC1E)	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q (MPC1E Q)			
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Accepts traffic destined for GRE tunnels or DVMRP (IP-in-IP) tunnels	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
BGP/Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) and generic routing encapsulation (GRE) support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	-	12.1R3			
Intelligent oversubscription	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4			
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4			
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4			

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1EQ)				
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Labeled switched paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4				
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):						
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3				
L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4				
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4				
LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4				
Peer interface	11.4	11.4				
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1				
IEEE 802.3ad link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4				
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Mobile IP	_	-				
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4				

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPCIEQ)				
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IEEE 802.3ah OAM Discovery and link monitoring Fault signaling and detection Remote loopback 	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4				
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Per-unit scheduling	12.1R3	12.1R3				
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3				
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
 Quality of service (QoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at port level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Tricolor marking Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):						
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4				

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPCIEQ)				
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4				
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4				
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4				
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4				
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4				
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:						
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4				
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4				
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4				
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4				
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class	-	11.2R4				
Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4				
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4				
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4				
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4				

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPC1E)	(MPC1E Q)				
Spanning Tree Protocols:	11.2R4	11.2R4				
 IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 						
Subscriber Management:						
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4				
DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4				
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Tunnel services:	11.2R4	11.2R4				
 Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling Multicast tunneling Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling Virtual loopback tunneling (VT) 						
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4				

First Junos OS Release Supported by MPC1E Model Number (MPCE Name)						
	MX-MPC1E-3D	MX-MPC1E-3D-Q				
Protocol or Application	(MPCIE)	(MPCIEQ)				
IEEE 802.1Q VLANs:	11.2R4	11.2R4				
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 						
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4				
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4				
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4				

Related

- MX Series MPC Overview on page 11
- Documentation
- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E

Table 36 on page 289 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC2E.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release							
	MX-MPC2E- 3D	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E		
Protocol or Application	(MPC2E)	Q)	EQ)	P)	NG)	NG-Q)		
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
DynamicManual								
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
BGP/ <i>MPLS</i> virtual private networks (VPNs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
<i>DVMRP</i> and GRE support—access side and server side	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Understanding How Dynamic Power Management Enables Better Utilization of Power	_	-	_	_	15.1	15.1		
Flexible Queuing Mode	_	_	_	_	15.1	_		
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.								
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Firewall filters	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4		

	First Supported Junos OS Release						
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)	
Ingress Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Ingress hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> : • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • Virtual LAN (VLAN) level • Port level	-	-	-	-	15.IRI	15.1R1	
Hierarchical quality-of-service (HQoS)	_	12.1R3	12.1R3	_	-	15.1R1	
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	11.2R1	11.2R1	11.2R1	11.2R1	17.IRI	17.1R1	
IS-IS	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) (excluding snooping)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IP multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 MLD	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 multicast	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

	First Supported Junos OS Release						
	MX-MPC2E- 3D	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E	
Protocol or Application	(MPC2E)	Q)	EQ)	P)	NG)	NG-Q)	
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
LAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Layer 2 frame filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP):					14.1R4	14.1R4	
L2TP access concentrator (LAC)	11.3	11.3	11.3	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
L2TP network server (LNS)	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
LNS inline service support with CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
LNS inline service support without CoS per-session shaping	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Peer interface	11.4	11.4	11.4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Inline IP Reassembly	13.1	13.1	13.1	13.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Local loopback	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Mobile IP	-	-	-	-			
Multi-chassis link aggregation	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release						
	MX-MPC2E-	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q	
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)	
IEEE 802.3ah OAM	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Discovery and link monitoringFault signaling and detectionRemote loopback							
Multitopology routing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
OSPF	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Packet mirroring	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) or IEEE 1588v2	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	15.1R2	15.1R2	
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Quality of service (QoS) per port:	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Eight queues per port							
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level							
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level							
Shaping at port level							
Shaping at queue level							
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 							
Tricolor marking							
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)							
Quality of service (QoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):				-	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	_	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Quality of service (QoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:					14.1R4	14.1R4
Accounting, filtering, and policing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Classification	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Excess-rate configuration at the traffic-control-profile level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tricolor marking	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Shaping at the queue level	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 	_	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
• Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 36: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
MPC2E (continued)

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
Protocol or Application	MX-MPC2E- 3D (MPC2E)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q (MPC2E Q)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ (MPC2E EQ)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P (MPC2E P)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG (MPC2E NG)	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q (MPC2E NG-Q)
RSVP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
RIP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
SNMP	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Spanning Tree Protocols: IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)+ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Subscriber Management:					14.1R4	14.1R4
Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
DHCP access model	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic adjustment of shapers	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name table configuration	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic profiles	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic VLANs	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4
Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release					
	MX-MPC2E-	MX-MPC2E- 3D-Q	MX-MPC2E- 3D-EQ	MX-MPC2E- 3D-P	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG	MX-MPC2E- 3D-NG-Q
Protocol or Application	3D (MPC2E)	(MPC2E Q)	(MPC2E EQ)	(MPC2E P)	(MPC2E NG)	(MPC2E NG-Q)
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Tunnel services: Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) GRE unicast tunneling-Supports GRE fragmentation IP-IP unicast tunneling Multicast tunneling Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling Virtual loopback tunneling (VT) 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Chassis redundancy	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private network (VPN)	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	11.2R4	11.2R4	11.2R4	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

Documentation

• MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC3E on MX Series Routers

Table 37 on page 296 lists the first supported Junos OS Release for MPC3E protocols and applications for the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 10.4.



NOTE: The MX2010 and M2020 routers support protocols and applications in Junos OS 12.3 and later. Features added after the Junos OS 12.3 release are supported on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers in the release indicated.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCE-EDNGQ
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Class of service (CoS): Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites Rate limit option for per-port queues Configurable 802.1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling Behavior aggregate (BA) classification BA classification based on 802.1p of "payload" for core-facing VPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family 	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

Table 37: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC3E Cards for MX Series Routers	(continued)
Table 57. Protocols and Applications Supported by MPCSE Cards for MA Series Routers	(CONUNDED)

	First Supporte	d Junos OS Rele	ase
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E3D-NG	MPCEE-EDINGQ
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) NOTE: Fine-grained queuing and input queuing are not supported for the MPC3E-3D.			
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 			
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 			
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Dynamic Power Management	15.1	15.1	15.1
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Enhanced subscriber management	15.1R4	15.1R4	15.1R4
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	_	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCEE-EDINGQ	
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1	15.1	15.1	
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.				
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.1ag Optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	_	14.1R4	14.1R4	
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process , alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Firewall filters and policers:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet				
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface				
Intelligent hierarchial policers				
NOTE: Intelligent hierarchial policers are supported from Junos OS Release 13.3.				
 Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall 				
 Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K 				
Egress IEEE 802.1p multi-field (MF) and BA classification for VPLS				
Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6				
NOTE: The packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2.				
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	
• Dynamic				
• Manual				
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4	

	First Supported Junos OS Relea		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E3D-NG	MFCE-EDNGQ
Hierarchical Quality of Service (HQoS)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> :	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) levelVLAN levelPort level			
Inline flow monitoring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU).	13.3	17.1R1	17.1R1
NOTE: ISSU is not supported on MPC3E-NG with 14.1R4.			
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Interoperability with multiservices DPCs	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv4 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IРvб	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 MLD	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 multicast	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
IS-IS	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	_	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		ase
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCEE-EDINGQ
Flow monitoring and services:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates) Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) Packet slice for port mirroring Inline flow monitoring on MPC3E Flow monitoring on multiservices DPCs NOTE: Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs is not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2			
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Layer 2 features:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Trunk ports Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP) IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) Multi-chassis LAG—active/active and active/standby Multi-chassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation NOTE: LAG features and IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS are not supported for the MPC3E-3D in release 12.2. 			
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Local loopback	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Mobile IP	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multichassis link aggregation	_	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E3D-NG	MFCEE-EDINGQ
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
MPLS:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing 			
LDP signating for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC itush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)			
 RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs 			
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)			
 4/5 label MPLS operation 			
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD			
 Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) 			
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection			
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops			
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization			
Five label stack on ingress			
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
mvrp	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
Multitopology routing	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
OSPF	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Packet mirroring	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	12.2	17.2R1	17.2R1
IEEE 802.1ah Provider Bridging (PBB)	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
RSVP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
RIP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
SNMP	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E-3D-NG	MPCE-EDNGQ
Spanning Tree Protocols:	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANS) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) Spanning-Tree Protocols (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) 			
Subscriber management and services (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.2R2, 13.3):	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
 Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview DHCP access model Dynamic adjustment of shapers Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables Dynamic profiles Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing Dynamic VLANs Per unit scheduling Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces 			
Synchronous Ethernet	13.2	14.1R4	14.1R4
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-	14.1R4	14.1R4
Tunnel services Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) 	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU) NOTE: ISSU is not supported on MPC3E-NG with 14.1R4.	13.3	17.IR1	17.IR1
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4

	First Supported Junos OS Release		
Protocol or Application	MPC3E-3D	MPC3E3D-NG	MFCEE-3DNGQ
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 			
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	13.2R1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS			
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface			
Configurable label block sizes			
Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation			
• VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF			
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG			
Virtual private network (VPN)	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	12.1	14.1R4	14.1R4
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	_	14.1R4	14.1R4
WAN-PHY mode	12.2	14.1R4	14.1R4

Related • MPC3E on page 113

Documentation

• MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

Protocols and Applications Supported on the MPC4E for MX Series Routers

Table 38 on page 303 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MPC4E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.2. A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	12.3R2

Table 50. Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (contine	
Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	12.3R2
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	12.3R2
Class of service (CoS):	12.3R2
 Behavior Aggregate (BA) classification Forwarding class loss priority through logical tunnels (LT) Static VLAN mapping to a specific forwarding class using a multi-field (MF) classifier Packet rewrites Configurable IEEE 802.1p inheritance Rate-limit option for per-port queues Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling Weighted Random Early Detection (WRED) Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces Class of Service on Ethernet pseudowires on Logical Tunnel (LT) interfaces Fine-grained authentication for RE-generated packets IEEE 802.1ad S-TAG, exiting/incoming core with label-switched interfaces (LSIs) Egress IEEE 802.1p multifield (MF) and BA classification for VPLS (MX series only) 	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	12.3R2
 Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Shaping at the port level and queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) Rate limit option for per-port queues 	NOTE: Fine-grained queuing and input queuing are not supported.
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	12.3R2

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) protocols and features (IEEE 802.1ag):	12.3R2
Ethernet OAM Continuity Check Message (CCM) protocol	
Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	
Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	
Maintenance Intermediate Points (MIPs)	
Stacked VLAN taggingTrunk ports	
VPLS/VPWS	
VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation	
Transitional cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	12.3R2
Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP)	12.3R2
Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) Tunnels—access side and server side	12.3R2
Ethernet Alarm Indication Signal (ETH-AIS)	12.3R2
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	12.3R2
Firewall filters and policers:	12.3R2
Intelligent Hierarchical Policers	
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
Layer 2 policers	
 Set forwarding class loss priority for Routing Engine (RE)-generated packets by using a firewall 	
Physical interface policers, applying policer to the entire port	
Filter-specific counters and filters	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	12.3R2
Graceful routing engine switchover (GRES)	12.3R2
Configuring Generic Routing Encapsulation Tunneling—access side and server side	12.3R2
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	12.3R2
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	-
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level	
VLAN level	
Port level	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Inline flow monitoring	12.3R2
Intelligent oversubscription on the Trio MPC/MIC interfaces	12.3R2
Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB)	12.3R2
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	13.3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	12.3R2
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	12.3R2
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC	12.3R2
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	12.3R2
IPv4	12.3R2
IPv4 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6	12.3R2
IPv6 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD)	12.3R2
IPv6 multicast	12.3R2
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP)	12.3R2
Immediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)	12.3R2
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support (MX Series routers)	12.3R2
Flow monitoring and services:	12.3R2
 Active monitoring (multiple v9 j-flow templates) Active monitoring: cflowed v9 IPv6 templates Active Monitoring: cflowd V9 per-PFE sampling support Port mirroring for Layer 2 bridging traffic (family ethernet-switching) Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPLS traffic (family vpls) Port mirroring for Layer 2 VPN traffic over a circuit cross-connect (CCC) Virtual private wire service (VPWS) Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs Packet slice for port mirroring Inline Jflow monitoring (IPFIX) 	

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering

12.3R2

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)	12.3R2
Layer 2 features:	Release
Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB)	• 12.3R2
Spanning Tree Protocols	• 12.3R2
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	• 13.3R1 , 12.3R4
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) guard	• 12.3R2
Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) loop guard	• 12.3R2
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 12.3R2
Trunk ports	• 13.3R1
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R1
Multi-chassis Link Aggregation Group (MC-LAG)—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R1
MC-LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• -
MC-LAG VLAN –ccc interface encapsulation	• 13.3R1
Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R1
 IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	• 12.3R2
Layer 2 Learning and Forwarding in a Logical System Overview	• 12.3R2
Static Route Support	• 13.2R1
64 members in a link aggregation group	• 13.2R1
Periodic packet management daemon (ppmd) and distributed PPMD for Link Aggregation Control Protocol process (LACPd)	1
Layer 3 Features:	Release
• IРvб	• 12.3R2
 Protocol Independent Multicast Source-Specific Multicast (PIM SSM) 	• 12.3R2
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)	• 12.3R2
• Any-source multicast (ASM) group override of source-specific multicast (SSM) range	• 12.3R2
Connectionless Network Service (CLNS)	• 12.3R2
• Data Multicast Domain Tunnels (MDT) Subsequent Address Family Identifiers (SAFI)	• 12.3R2
Draft-Rosen 7 Multicast VPNs	• 12.3R2
 Multicast over Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces 	• 12.3R2
Composite next hop with External and Internal BGP (EIBGP) paths	• 12.3R2
VPN load balancing and IP header filtering of traffic across External and Internal BGP	• 13.2R1
(EIBGP) paths	• 13.2R1
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)	• 13.2R1
 Multicast routing on Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) interfaces using logical tunnel interfaces systems with a Trio MPC/MIC module 	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	12.3R2
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	12.3R2
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Local loopback	12.3R2
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	12.3R2
Mobile IP	-
Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC):	13.2R1
 Junos Address Aware Network Addressing Overview Intrusion Detection Service (IDS) Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES) for NAT Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) interoperability IP Security (IPSec) detection Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) interoperability Real-Time Performance Monitor (RPM) interoperabilitiy GRE interoperability 	
Multi-chassis Link Aggregation (MC-LAG)	13.3R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	12.3R2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS):	12.3R2
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multi-segment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connection verification (VCCV) BFD Point-to-multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) keepalive messages MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs 	
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing (MTR)	-
Nonstop Active Routing (NSR)	12.3R2
Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)	12.3R2

Table 38: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX Series MPC4E (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Packet mirroring	12.3R2
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	15.1R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridges (PBB)	-
Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed PPMP	12.3R2
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-
Remote Defect Indication (RDI)	12.3R2
Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)	12.3R2
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	12.3R2
SNMP	12.3R2
 Spanning Tree Protocols: IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP interprotocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multihoming, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) 	12.3R2
Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE)	12.3 with SCBE and later
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.2
Tunnel services Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) 	12.3R2
Type, Length, and Value (TLVs) support (IEEE 802.1ag)	-
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	12.3R2
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	12.3R2

Table 20: Drotocols and Applications	Cupported by the MY	(Carias MDC (E (captioned)
Table 38: Protocols and Applications	Supported by the MA	Selles MFC4E (Collinioed)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual Chassis (MX Series):	13.2R1 (12.3R4 TRD)
Class of Service (CoS) Support for Virtual Ports	
Layer 2 support	
• DHCP Access Model and authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) services	
Layer 3 Provider Edge (PE) router support	
Dynamic Lawful Intercept (DLI)	
Layer 2 Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	
Wireline Subscriber Management scaling to 64K subscribers	
 Non-stop active routing (NSR) support for Layer 3 services 	
 Local, Global, and VCCP Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES) 	
SNMP trap generation when vc-port command fails	
Virtual Chassis Port (VCP) masking	
Access to the Virtual Chassis Through the Management Interface	
Virtual Private LAN service (VPLS):	12.3R2
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS	
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface	
Configurable label block sizes	
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 	
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF	
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG	
• Configurable multichassis link aggregation (MC-LAG) interfaces to improve the Layer 2 and Layer 3 convergence time to subsecond values when a multichassis aggregated Ethernet link goes down or comes up in a bridge domain	
MAC Pinning to control MAC moves in a bridging environment and in VPLS networks	
Virtual private network (VPN):	12.3R2
Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	12.3R2
Scale VRRP using instance grouping	
 Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) and Distributed Periodic Packet Management Process (PPMP) 	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	12.3R2
WAN-PHY mode	12.3R2

Related	•	32x10GE MPC4E on page 119
Documentation		

- 2x100GE + 8x10GE MPC4E on page 120
- MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

• MPCs Supported by MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Routers on page 12

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC5E for MX Series Routers

Table 39 on page 311 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications in the MPC5E installed on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 routers. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 12.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
 Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels Dynamic Manual 	13.3R3
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces	
 BA DSCP classification of MPI S packets for Layer 3 VPN/VPI S LSL and MPI S interfaces 	

- BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for Layer 3 VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces
- Rate limit option for per-port queues
- BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family
- Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag
- Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
 Class of service (CoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	13.3R3
 Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces: Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	13.3R3
Damping	15.1R2
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	-
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3
 Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Flexible Queuing Mode	14.1R1
NOTE: Flexible queuing mode is supported only on non-HQoS variants.	
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
 Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i>: Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level VLAN level Port level 	13.3R3
Hierarchical CoS on generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels	15.1R2
Inline active flow monitoring	13.3R3
Intelligent Oversubscription	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.IRI
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	-
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Interoperability with Juniper Networks 100-Gigabit Ethernet PIC	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Application Services Modular Line Card (AS-MLC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (multiple version 8 j-flow templates)	• 13.3R3
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 13.3R3
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) 	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB, and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	• -
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 13.3R3
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation	• 13.3R3
 IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	• 13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	13.3R3
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	13.3R3
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3
MPLS:	13.3R3
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD <i>Point to multipoint</i> using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and <i>point-to-multipoint</i> load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress 	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	13.3R3
OSPF	13.3R3
Packet mirroring	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	14.2R2
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RSVP	13.3R3
RIP	13.3R3
SNMP	13.3R3
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush 	
Subscriber management and services: (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3)	Release
 Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview DHCP access model Dynamic adjustment of shapers Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables Dynamic profiles Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing Dynamic VLANs Enhanced subscriber management Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces 	 13.3R3
Synchronous Ethernet	13.3R3
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	13.3R3
Tunnel services	13.3R3
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	13.3R3
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	13.3R3
 Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG 	13.3R3
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

Related	•	6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5E on page 122
Documentation	•	6x40GE + 24x10GE MPC5EQ on page 124

• MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC6E for MX2000 Routers

Table 40 on page 318 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX2010 and MX2020 MPC6E. The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 13.3.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	13.3R3
DynamicManual	
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	13.3R3
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	13.3R3
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	13.3R3
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	13.3R3
Class of service (CoS):	13.3R3
 Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites Behavior aggregate (BA) classification BA classification based on 802.1p of <i>payload</i> for core-facing VPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces Rate limit option for per-port queues BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling 	
 Class of service (CoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	13.3R2
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	13.3R3

• Tricolor marking

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	13.3R3
Accounting, filtering, and policingIEEE 802.1p rewrite	
Classification	
 Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking 	
Shaping at the queue level	
Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority classWeighted random early detection (WRED)	
Damping	15.1R2
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	13.3R3
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	13.3R3
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag Maintenance Association Intermediate Point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	13.3R3
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLV) (<i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>)	-
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	13.3R3
Firewall filters and policers:	13.3R3
Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	
 Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall 	
 Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port 	
Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	
• Differentiated Services Code Foliti (DSCF) rewrite for IPV4 driu IPV0	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	13.3R3
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3R3
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	13.3R3
 Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i>: Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level VLAN level Port level 	13.3R3
Inline active flow monitoring	13.3R3
Intelligent oversubscription on MIC and MPC interfaces	13.3R3
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	13.3R3
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	16.1R1
Interoperability with MPCs and existing DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with Multiservices DPCs	13.3R3
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	13.3R3
IPv4	13.3R3
IPv4 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6	13.3R3
IPv6 MLD	13.3R3
IPv6 multicast	13.3R3
IPv6 neighbor discovery	13.3R3
IS-IS	13.3R3
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (multiple v8 version j-flow templates)	• 13.3R3
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 13.3R3
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	• 13.3R3
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 13.3R3
Flow monitoring on Multiservices DPCs	• -
Inline active flow monitoring on MPC5E	• 13.3R3
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	13.3R3
LDP	13.3R3
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	• 15.1R2
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 13.3R3
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 13.3R3
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 13.3R3
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation	• 15.1R2
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 13.3R2
Layer 2 VPN interfaces	
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	13.3R3
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	13.3R3
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-
Local loopback	13.3R3
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	13.3R3
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
 MPLS: Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress 	13.3R3
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	13.3R3
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	-
OSPF	13.3R3
Packet mirroring	13.3R3
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	13.3R3
RSVP	13.3R3
RIP	13.3R3
SNMP	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Spanning Tree Protocols:	13.3R3
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush 	
Subscriber management and services (MX2010, MX2020: 12.3R4, 13.3R2, 13.3):	Release
 Aggregated Ethernet over static VLANs Aggregated Ethernet over dynamic VLANs ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview DHCP access model Dynamic adjustment of shapers Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation based on PPPoE service name tables Dynamic profiles Dynamic shaping, scheduling, and queuing Dynamic VLANs Enhanced subscriber management (uplink services) Static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces Synchronous Ethernet Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 15,1R4 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3 13,3R3
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	13.3R3
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	13.3R3
 Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unknown unicast, and multicast traffic hashing over LAG 	13.3R3

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Virtual private network (VPN)	13.3R3
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	13.3R3
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	13.3R3
WAN-PHY mode	13.3R3

Related • MPC6E on page 129

• MICs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 18

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC7E for MX Series Routers

Table 37 on page 296 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 MPC7Es ("MPC7E 10G" on page 132 and "MPC7E (Multi-Rate)" on page 130). The protocols and applications support feature parity with Junos OS Release 15.1R1.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels • Dynamic • Manual	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F4	15.1F5
BGP/ <i>MPLS</i> virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Class of service (CoS):	15.1F4	15.1F5
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces		
Packet rewrites		
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification		
 BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces 		
 BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces 		
Rate limit option for per-port queues		
 BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family 		
• Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag		
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling		
Class of service (CoS) per port:	15.1F4	15.1F5
Eight queues per port	NOTE: MPC7E-MRATE MPC supports 5	NOTE: MPC7E-10G MPC supports 5
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	guaranteed and 4 excess priorities.	guaranteed and 4 excess priorities.
 Shaping at the port level 		
Shaping at the queue level		
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per 		
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues 		
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection 	15.1F4	15.IF5
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN 	15.1F4	15.1F5
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): 	15.1F4	15.IF5
 Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing 	15.1F4	15.IF5

Table 41: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC7Es in the MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020
Routers (continued)

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-	-
 Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on 		
weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority classWeighted random early detection (WRED)		
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	15.1F4	15.1F5
<i>DVMRP</i> and GRE support—access side and server side	15.1F4	15.1F5
Dynamic Power Management	15.1F4	15.1F5
<i>Ethernet Ring Protection Switching</i> with multiple G.8032 instances	15.1F4	15.1F5
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	15.1F4	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process , alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Firewall filters and policers:Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	15.1F4 NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment	15.1F5 NOTE: Layer 2 overhead adjustment
 Policel supportion aggregated Enternet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Intelligent hierarchial policers Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32K to 8K Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	(packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F4.	(packet length used for the policer included in the Layer 2 header) is not supported in 15.1F5.
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F4	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F4	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F4	15.1F5
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> : • Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) level • VLAN level • Port level	15.1F4	15.1F5
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	15.1F4	15.1F5
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with MPCs	15.1F4	15.1F5
Interoperability with MS-DPCs	-	-
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	-
IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F4	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F4	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F4	15.1F5
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F4	15.1F5

Flow monitoring and services	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Active monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Packet slice for port mirroring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Flow monitoring on MS-MPCs	17.3R1	17.3R1
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including 15.1F4 accounting, policers, and filtering	15.11	-5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G		
LDP	15.1F4 15.1		15.1F5	15.1F5	
Layer 2 Features		First Supported Jun Release for MPC7E		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G	
Trunk ports		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Cha	assis	17.3R1		17.3R1	
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning T	ree Protocols (xSTP)	15.1F4		15.1F5	
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) suppo	ort	15.1F4		15.1F5	
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)			15.1F5	
Multichassis LAG—active/active and act	Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby			15.1F5	
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGM	Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping			15.1F5	
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CO	Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation			15.1F5	
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS		15.1F4		15.1F5	
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID 15.1F4 list			15.1F5		
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	EEE 802.3ad) 15.1F4		15.1F5		
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	15.1F4	15.1F5			
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	covery Protocol (LLDP) 15.1F4		15.IF5		
Local loopback 15.1F4			15.1F5		

Protocol or Application		upported Junos OS Release for E-MRATE		irst Supported Junos OS Release for 1PC7E-10G
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5
MACSec		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006		-		16.IR1
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011		-		16.2R1
Mobile IP	-		-	
Multichassis link aggregation	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5
MPLS:	15.1F4		1!	5.1F5
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) 				
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 				
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello				
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs				
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)				
• 4/5 label MPLS operation				
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD				
 Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet) 				
MPLS-FRR bypass link protectionLoad sharing across 64 ECMP next				
hops				
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritizationFive label stack on ingress				
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F4		1	5.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
mvrp	15.1F4	15.1F5
Multitopology routing	15.1F4	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F4	15.1F5
OSPF	15.1F4	15.1F5
Packet mirroring	15.1F4	15.1F5
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	17.4R1	17.4R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	15.1F4	15.1F5
RSVP	15.1F4	15.1F5
RIP	15.1F4	15.1F5
SNMP	15.1F4	15.1F5
Spanning Tree Protocols:	15.1F4	15.1F5
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) 		
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)		
 IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) 		
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)		
 Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard 		
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)		
Subscriber management and services:	16.1R4; 17.1R1	16.1R4; 17.1R1
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.IRI

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol	16.1R4	16.1R4
(TWAMP)	NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.	NOTE: TWAMP is not supported on the MX2020 and MX2010 chassis.
Tunnel services	15.1F4	15.1F5
• Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)	-	-
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F4	15.1F5
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	15.1F4	15.1F5
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tagging 		
IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags		
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	15.1F4	15.1F5
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
 Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface 		
Configurable label block sizes		
Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation		
 VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF 		
 Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F4	15.1F5
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F4	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F4	15.1F5

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC7E-10G
WAN-PHY mode	-	-

Related • MPC7E (Multi-Rate) on page 130

• MPC7E 10G on page 132

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 Routers

Table 37 on page 296 lists the protocols and applications supported by MPC8E and MPC9E on the MX2010 and MX2020 routers.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

	First Supported Junos OS Release			
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E		
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-		
 Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels Dynamic Manual 	15.1F5	15.1F5		
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	15.1F5	15.1F5		
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	15.1F5	15.1F5		
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	15.1F5	15.1F5		
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	15.1F5	15.1F5		

First Supported Jur		nos OS Release
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Class of service (CoS):	15.1F5	15.1F5
 Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites Behavior aggregate (BA) classification BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces Rate-limit option for per-port queues BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling 		
 Class of service (CoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	15.1F5	15.1F5
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	15.1F5	15.1F5
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces: • Accounting, filtering, and policing • IEEE 802.1p rewrite • Classification • Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level • Tricolor marking • Shaping at the queue level • Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class • Weighted random early detection (WRED)	-	-
Damping	16.1R1	16.1R1

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	15.1F5	15.1F5
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	15.1F5	15.1F5
Dynamic Power Management	15.1F5	15.1F5
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	15.1F5	15.1F5
Flexible Queuing Mode	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	15.1F5	15.1F5
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Firewall filters and policers:	15.1F5	15.1F5
 Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Intelligent hierarchical policers Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 		
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	15.1F5	15.1F5
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and hierarchical-scheduler:	15.1F5	15.1F5
Set of InterfacesVLAN levelPort level		
Inline flow monitoring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Intelligent Oversubscription	15.1F5	15.1F5
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	17.4R1	17.4R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv4 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IРvб	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 MLD	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 multicast	15.1F5	15.1F5
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	15.1F5	15.1F5
IS-IS	15.1F5	15.1F5
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	15.1F5	15.1F5
Flow monitoring and services:	Release	Release
 Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates) Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) Packet slice for port mirroring Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs Inline flow monitoring on MPC8E and MPC9E 	 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 - 15.1F5 	 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 - 15.1F5
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
LDP	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Layer 2 features:	Release	Release
 Trunk ports Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP) IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	 15.1F5 17.3R1 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 	 15.1F5 17.3R1 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5 15.1F5
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	15.1F5	15.1F5
Local loopback	15.1F5	15.1F5
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	15.1F5	15.1F5
Mobile IP	-	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	15.1F5	15.1F5
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
MPLS:	15.1F5	15.1F5
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) 		
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 		
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello		
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs		
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)		
• 4/5 label MPLS operation		
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD		
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection		
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops		
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization		
Five label stack on ingress		
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	15.1F5	15.1F5
mvrp	-	-
Multitopology routing	15.1F5	15.1F5
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	15.1F5	15.1F5
OSPF	15.1F5	15.1F5
Packet mirroring	15.1F5	15.1F5
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	17.4R1	17.4R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
RSVP	15.1F5	15.1F5
RIP	15.1F5	15.1F5
SNMP	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Spanning tree protocols:	15.1F5	15.1F5
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) 		
Subscriber management and services:	16.1R4; 17.1R1	16.1R4; 17.1R1
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	16.1R1	16.1R1
<i>Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)</i> Real-time Performance Monitoring (RPM)/TWAMP hardware timestamping	17.3R1	17.3R1
Tunnel services	15.1F5	15.1F5
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)		
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	15.1F5	15.1F5
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	15.1F5	15.1F5
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	17.3R1	17.3R1
 Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Haching L2.4.4 fields under Ethernet assudautics for VPLS appropriation. CCC 	15.1F5	15.1F5
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 		
Virtual private network (VPN)	15.1F5	15.1F5

	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Protocol or Application	MPC8E	MPC9E
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	15.1F5	15.1F5
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	15.1F5	-
MACSec Capabilities: Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.	17.4R1	17.4R1
Only MPC8E/9E with JNP-MIC-100G MIC supports MACsec feature.		
 GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006 GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011 GCM-AES-XPN-128 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013 GCM-AES-XPN-256 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013 		

Release History Table Release		Description
	17.4R1	Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the JNP-MIC-100G MIC extends Media Access Control Security (MACsec) capabilities on MPC8E and MPC9E MPCs installed in MX2010, MX2020, and MX2008 routers.

- Related Documentation
- **Related** MPC8E on MX Series Routers Overview
 - MPC9E on MX Series Routers Overview

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Table 43 on page 340 contains the first Junos OS Release support for protocols and applications on the MX104, MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, and MX2020 Multiservices MIC (MS-MIC) and Multiservices MPC (MS-MPC). A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
GRE Key	-
GRE dont-fragment	-
HTTP redirect services	15.IR4
Stateful firewall	13.2R4

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC (continued)

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
Network Address Translation (NAT) for IP addresses	13.2R4
Port Address Translation (PAT) for port numbers	13.2R4
IP Security (IPSec) encryption	13.2R4
Flow aggregation	-
Active flow monitoring exports cflowd version 5 and version 8 records	-
Active flow monitoring exports flow monitoring version 9 records, based on RFC 3954	13.2R4
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	13.3
	NOTE: GRES is not supported for MS-MIC on MX104 router.
Passive flow monitoring	-
Passive flow collection	-
Flow-tap	-
Dynamic flow capture	-
Real-time performance monitoring	13.3
Link Services	-
MX Series Virtual Chassis with stateful firewall	14.2
MX Series Virtual Chassis with IPv4-to-IPv4 basic NAT, dynamic NAT, static destination NAT, dynamic NAT with port mapping, and stateful NAT64	16.1R4 and 18.3R1. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.4R1, these features are supported on the MX Series Virtual Chassis for the Juniper broadband network gateway (BNG).
MX Series Virtual Chassis with DS-Lite	18.4R1
Traffic sampling	13.2R4
Tunnel services:	-
IP-IP unicast tunneling	
GRE unicast tunneling—Supports GRE fragmentation	
Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) sparse mode unicast tunneling	
Virtual tunnel interface for Layer 3 VPNs	-

Table 43: Protocols and Applications Supported by the MS-MIC and MS-MPC (continued)

Software Feature	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	-
Voice services:	-
Compressed Real-Time Transport Protocol (CRTP)	
Encapsulations:	-
Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR)Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPP)	

Related

Related • MX Series MPC Overview on page 11

Documentation

- MPCs Supported by MX Series Routers on page 12
- Multiservices MIC on page 205
- Multiservices MPC on page 86

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 Router

Table 37 on page 296 lists the protocols and applications supported by MX10003 MPC (Multi-Rate) on the MX10003 router.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Table 44: Protocols and Applications Supported by MX10003MPC on the MX10003 Router

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
 Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels Dynamic Manual 	17.3R1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	17.3R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	17.3R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	17.3R1
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Class of service (CoS):	17.3R1
 Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces Packet rewrites Behavior aggregate (BA) classification BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces Rate-limit option for per-port queues BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling 	
 Class of service (CoS) per port: Eight queues per port Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level Shaping at the port level Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED) 	17.3R1
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN): Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking 	17.3R1
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces: Accounting, filtering, and policing IEEE 802.1p rewrite Classification Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level Tricolor marking Shaping at the queue level Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class Weighted random early detection (WRED)	17.3R1
Damping	17.3R1
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	17.3R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	17.3R1

Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances 1 Flexible Queuing Mode 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation 1 IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV 1 IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) 1	7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1
Flexible Queuing Mode I IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol I IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol I IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol I IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol I IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation I IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV I IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) I Firewall filters and policers: . Policer support for aggregated Ethernet . Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation 1 IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV 1 IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) 1 Firewall filters and policers: 1 Policer support for aggregated Ethernet 4 Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1 7.3R1 7.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol 1 IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation 1 IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV 1 IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) 1 Firewall filters and policers: 1 Policer support for aggregated Ethernet 4 Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1 7.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol I IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) Firewall filters and policers: Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1
IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i> IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) <i>Firewall filters and policers</i> : • Policer support for aggregated Ethernet • Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
 (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status</i> IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) <i>Firewall filters and policers</i>: Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface 	7.3R1
TLV IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) Firewall filters and policers: • Policer support for aggregated Ethernet • Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	
 (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI) Firewall filters and policers: Policer support for aggregated Ethernet Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface 	7.3R1
Policer support for aggregated EthernetAggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1
Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface	7.3R1
 Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire port Lower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	7.3R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	7.3R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	7001
 Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i>: Set of Interfaces VLAN level Port level 	7.3R1
Inline flow monitoring	7.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Intelligent Oversubscription	17.3R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	17.3R1
Interoperability with existing MPCs	17.3R1
IPv4	17.3R1
IPv4 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6	17.3R1
IPv6 MLD	17.3R1
IPv6 multicast	17.3R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	17.3R1
IS-IS	17.3R1
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	-
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 17.3R1
 Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS) 	• 17.3R1
Packet slice for port mirroring	• 17.3R1
Flow monitoring on MS-DPCs	• -
Inline flow monitoring	• 17.3R1
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	17.3R1
LDP	17.3R1
Layer 2 features:	Release
Trunk ports	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	• =
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP)	• 17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support	• 17.3R1
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	• 17.3R1
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	• 17.3R1
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	• 17.3R1
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	• 17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	17.3R1
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	17.3R1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	17.3R1
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	17.3R1
Local loopback	17.3R1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	17.3R1
MACSec with GCM-AES-256 Encryption and GCM-AES-XPN-256 Encryption	17.3R2
NOTE: MACSec is supported on JNP-MIC1-MACSEC only.	
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	17.3R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	17.3R1
 MPLS: Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA) 4/5 label MPLS operation Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD MPLS-FRR bypass link protection Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization Five label stack on ingress 	17.3R1
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	17.3R1
mvrp	-
Multitopology routing	17.3R1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	17.3R1
OSPF	17.3R1

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release
Packet mirroring	17.3R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	17.3R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
RSVP	17.3R1
RIP	17.3R1
SNMP	17.3R1
 Spanning tree protocols: IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANS) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) 	17.3R1
Subscriber management and services:Enhanced subscriber management	17.3R1
Synchronous Ethernet	17.3R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-
Tunnel servicesClear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	17.3R1
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	17.3R1
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	17.3R1
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	17.3R1	
BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS		
Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface		
Configurable label block sizes		
 Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation 		
VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF		
Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG		
Virtual private network (VPN)	17.3R1	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	17.3R1	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-	

Protocols and Applications Supported by the JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 Routers

Table 45 on page 348 lists the protocols and applications supported by JNP10K-LC2101 on the MX10008 routers.

An en dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-
 Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels Dynamic Manual 	18.2R1
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	18.2R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	18.2R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	18.2R1
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Chassis:	Release
Fabric Management	• 18.2R1
Redundancy Mode	• 18.2R1
Fabric Grant Bypass Mode	• -
Hypermode	• 18.2R1
License Mode (IR, R, Base)	• -
Port Identification	18.2R118.2R1
Rate Selectability Lane LED	• 16.2R1
Smooth Upgrade	• 10.2R1
	· 100
Class of service (CoS):	18.2R1
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces	
Packet rewrites	
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification	
 BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces 	
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN/VPLS LSI and MPLS interfaces	
Rate-limit option for per-port queues	
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	
Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	
Dedicated CoS Queues	
Per Unit Queuing	
Hierarchical Queuing	
Per Priority Shaping and support for enhanced-priority-mode	
Logical Interface Scheduling (DLCIs and VLANs)	
Class of service (CoS) per port:	18.2R1
Eight queues per port	
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level	
Shaping at the port level	
Shaping at the queue level	
 Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class 	
 Pound-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class 	

• Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class

• Weighted random early detection (WRED)

Protocol or ApplicationJNPIOK-LC2101Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):18.2R1- Accounting, filtering, and policing Illess B02.1p rewrite Classification Tricolor marking Cos Scaling on Non Queuing MPCs (per VLAN queuing)Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over- Etherner (PPDE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol- McCounting, filtering, and policing- IEEE 802.1p rewrite- Classification- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin(WRR) per priority class- Weighted random early detection (WRED)DarnpingDarnpingDynamic Power ManagementDynamic Power ManagementEEE 802.1g Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocolB.2R1EEEE 802.1g Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocolB.2R1EEEE 802.1g Ethernet OAM Londpack protocolB.2R1EEEE 802.1g Ethernet		
• Accounting, filtering, and policing• IEEE 802.1p rewrite• Classification• Tricolor marking• Cos Scaling on Non Queuing MPCs (per YLAN queuing)Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:• Accounting, filtering, and policing• IEEE 802.1p rewrite• Classification• Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level• Schaeing at the queue level• Scheeing at the queue level <td< th=""><th>Protocol or Application</th><th>JNP10K-LC2101</th></td<>	Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
IEEE 802.1p rewriteClassificationTricolor markingCos Scaling on Non Queuing MPCs (per VLAN queuing)Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:- Accounting, filtering, and policing- IEEE 802.1p rewriteClassification- Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level- Schaping at the queue level- Tricolor marking- Tricolor marking- Tricolor marking- Tricolor marking- Tricolor marking- Tricolor marking detection (WRED)Damping- BarkingDistributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection- BarkingDynamic Power Management- Barking- Rexible Queuing Mode- Rexible Queuing Mode <td< td=""><td>Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):</td><td>18.2R1</td></td<>	Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	18.2R1
ClassificationTricolor markingCos Scaling on Non Queuing MPCs (per VLAN queuing)Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethermet (PPE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:- Accounting, filtering, and policing - IEEE 802.1p rewrite- Classification- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class- Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class- Weighted random early detection (WRED)DampingDatributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection18.2R1Dynamic Power ManagementEthermet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instancesFeelble Queuing ModeIEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol IB.2R1IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocolIEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OA	Accounting, filtering, and policing	
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IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol 18.2R1 IEEE 802.1ag maintenance association intermediate point (MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational 18.2R1	IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	18.2R1
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(MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational	IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	18.2R1
	(MIP) support, continuity check message (CCM), stacked VLAN tagging, trunk ports, support for VPLS/VPWS, VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and translational	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV	18.2R1
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	18.2R1
Firewall filters and policers:Policer support for aggregated Ethernet	18.2R1
 Aggregate firewall-based policer for all families of a logical interface Intelligent hierarchical policers 	
 Set forwarding class and loss priority for Routing Engine-generated packets by using a firewall 	
Physical interface policers, applying policers to the entire portLower policer limit from 32,000 to 8000	
 Egress .1p MF and BA classification for VPLS Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) rewrite for IPv4 and IPv6 	
Filter-based GRE Tunneling across IPv4 NetworksFilter-based L2TP Tunneling across IPv4 Networks	
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	18.2R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	18.2R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	18.2R1
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> :	18.2R1
Set of Interfaces	
VLAN levelPort level	
Inline flow monitoring	18.2R1
256K Flow entries for VPLS (IPv4 and IPv6)	
• 256K Flow entries for MPLS (IPv4 and IPv6)	
Inline Video Monitoring	-
Inline 6rd and 6to4	-
Intelligent Oversubscription	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	18.2R1
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	-
Interoperability	-
Interoperability with existing MPCsInteroperability with 100-Gigabit Ethernet Interfaces	
IPv4	18.2R1
IPv4 multicast	18.2R1
IPv6	18.2R1
IPv6 MLD	18.2R1
IPv6 multicast	18.2R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	18.2R1
IS-IS	18.2R1
ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers	18.2R1
Flow monitoring and services:	Release
Active monitoring (cflowed version 9 templates)	• 18.2R1
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation	• 18.2R1
(VPWS)	• 18.2R1
Packet slice for port mirroring	
Junos Continuity Supported HW	NA
Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs) including accounting, policers, and filtering	18.2R1
LDP	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Layer 2 features:	Release
 Trunk ports Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and spanning tree protocols (xSTP) IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges Layer 2 protocol tunneling (L2PT) support Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS 	 18.2R1 - 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1 18.2R1
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	18.2R1
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	18.2R1
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	18.2R1
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	18.2R1
Local loopback	18.2R1
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	18.2R1
Mobile IP	-
Multichassis Link Aggregation	18.2R1
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	18.2R1

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
MPLS:	18.2R1
 Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN) 	
 LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV) 	
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello	
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs	
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)	
4/5 label MPLS operation	
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD	
MPLS-FRR bypass link protectionLoad sharing across 64 ECMP next hops	
 MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization 	
Five label stack on ingress	
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	18.2R1
түгр	-
Multitopology routing	18.2R1
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	18.2R1
Network Edge Security (802.1x)	-
OSPF	18.2R1
Optical Transport Network	-
Link Degrade Monitoring	
FEC Modes	
Bit Error Rate (BER)	
Packet mirroring	18.2R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	-
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-
RSVP	18.2R1
RIP	18.2R1
RFC2544 Benchmarking Tests	-

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
SNMP	18.2R1
Spanning tree protocols:	18.2R1
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) 	
Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)	
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard	
• STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect)	
Stateful Load Balancing for Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces	-
Subscriber management and services:	-
Enhanced subscriber management	
Synchronous Ethernet	-
Hybrid Mode	
Line Card Redundancy	
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	-
Tunnel services	18.2R1
Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit)	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface	18.2R1
VLANs IEEE 802.1Q:	18.2R1
 VLAN stacking and rewriting Channels defined by two stacked VLAN tags Flexible VLAN tagging IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast forwarding, VPLS, NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	-

Protocol or Application	JNP10K-LC2101
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS):	18.2R1
 BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface Configurable label block sizes Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG 	
Virtual private network (VPN)	18.2R1
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4	18.2R1
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups	-
 MACSec Capabilities: GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006 GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011 GCM-AES-XPN-128 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013 GCM-AES-XPN-256 Cipher Suite, 802.1AEbw-2013 	-

Related • JNP10K-LC2101 MPC on MX10008 Routers Overview

- Documentation
- Line card (MX10K-LC2101) on page 140

Protocols and Applications Supported by the MPC10E

Table 46 on page 356 contains protocols and applications supported by the MPC10E line cards (MPC10E-15C-MRATE and MPC10E-10C-MRATE) on the MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

A dash indicates that the protocol or application is not supported.

Protocol or Application	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP)	-	-

Protocol or Application	Relea	Supported Junos OS use for IOE-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Accepts traffic destined for generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnels	Relea	se	Release
DynamicStandard	• - • 19.1	RI	• - • 19.2R1
Accepts traffic destined for Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) (IP-in-IP) tunnels	-		-
DynamicStandard			
Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	-		-
Centralized Bidirectional Forwarding Detection protocol (BFD)	19.1R1		19.2R1
Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) and ICMPv6	19.1R1		19.2R1
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	19.1R1		19.2R1
Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs)	-		-
BGP/MPLS virtual private networks (VPNs)	19.1R1		19.2R1
Routing Instance:	19.1R1		19.2R1
Logical systemVirtual routing and forwarding (VRF)			
Load Balancing	19.1R1		19.2R1
Class of service (CoS)		First Supported Junc OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRAT	OS Release for
Maintain CoS across internal tunnel interfaces		19.1R1	19.2R1
Packet Rewrites on DSCP, Inet Precedence (both Ipv4 and IPv6) an bits	d EXP	19.IRI	19.2R1
Behavior aggregate (BA) classification (except IEEE classifiers)		19.1R1	19.2R1
BA classification based on 802.1p of payload for core-facing VPLS interfaces		-	-
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for L3VPN and MPLS inter	faces	19.1R1	19.2R1

	First Supported Junos OS Release for	First Supported Junos OS Release for
Class of service (CoS)	MPC10E-15C-MRATE	MPC10E-10C-MRATE
BA DSCP classification of MPLS packets for VPLS LSI interfaces	-	-
Rate limit option for per-port queues	19.IRI	19.2R1
BA DSCP classification for VPLS/CCC family	-	-
Configurable .1p inheritance: push and swap from the hidden tag	-	-
Configurable shaping overhead for scheduling	19.IRI	19.2R1
Class of service (CoS) per port:	19.1R1	19.2R1
Eight queues per port		
Excess-rate and excess-priority configurations at the queue level		
Shaping at the port level		
Shaping at the queue level		
 Scheduling of queues based on the weighted round-robin (WRR) per excess-priority class 		
Round-robin scheduling of the queues per priority class		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		
Class of service (CoS) per virtual LAN (VLAN):	Release	Release
Accounting, filtering, and policing	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
IEEE 802.1p rewrite	• -	• =
IEEE 802.1p classification	• -	• -
Class of service (CoS) per Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber interfaces:	-	-
Accounting, filtering, and policing		
IEEE 802.1p rewrite		
Classification		
Excess-rate and excess-priority configuration at the queue level		
Shaping at the queue level Check discussion of the descent activity		
 Scheduling of queues based on weighted round-robin (WRR) per priority class 		
Weighted random early detection (WRED)		

Class of service (CoS)	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Ingress and egress hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) shaping and <i>hierarchical-scheduler</i> :	-	-
NOTE: Only egress is supported.		
Group of virtual LANs (VLANs) levelVLAN levelPort level		
Distributed Denial-of-Service (DDoS) Protection	19.IRI	19.2R1
DVMRP and GRE support—access side and server side	-	-
Managing Power	19.IRI	19.2R1
Ethernet Ring Protection Switching with multiple G.8032 instances	-	-
Flexible Queuing Mode	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Continuity Check protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Linktrace protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet OAM Loopback protocol	-	-
IEEE 802.1ag:	Release	Release
Maintenance association intermediate point (MIP)	• -	• -
Continuity check message (CCM)	• -	• =
Stacked VLAN tagging	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
Trunk ports	• -	• -
• VPLS	• -	• =
• VPWS	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
VLAN circuit cross-connect (CCC) encapsulation and	• 19.1R1	• 19.2R1
Translational cross-connect (TCC) encapsulation	• -	• -
IEEE 802.1ag optional type, length, and value (TLVs) support <i>Port Status TLV and Interface Status TLV</i>	19.1R1	19.2R1
IEEE 802.3ah distributed periodic packet management (PPM) process, alarm indication signal (AIS), and remote defect indication (RDI)	19.IRI	19.2R1

Layer 2 Features	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Trunk ports	-	-
Layer 2 support for MX Series Virtual Chassis	-	-
Layer 2 and Layer 2.5, IRB and Spanning Tree Protocols (xSTP)	-	-
IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges	-	-
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	-	-
Multichassis LAG—active/active and active/standby	-	-
Multichassis LAG—active/active with IGMP snooping	-	-
Link aggregation group (LAG)—VLAN-CCC encapsulation	-	-
IGMP snooping with bridging, IRB, and VPLS	-	-
Layer 2 VPN interfaces support VLAN ID list	-	-
Link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad)	-	-
Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)	-	-
Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	-	-
Local loopback	-	-
MAC learning, policing, accounting, and filtering	-	-
Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Family Inet/Inet6/MPLS	19.1R1	19.2R1
All the static match conditions/actions	19.1R1	19.2R1
Dynamic actions (port-mirroring, next hop, routing instance)	19.1R1	19.2R1
Interface-specific filters	19.1R1	19.2R1
BGP Flow specification.	19.1R1	19.2R1
Two color and three color policers (SRTCM and TRTCM)	19.1R1	19.2R1

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Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
FTF (filter attachment on routing table)	19.1R1	19.2R1
Firewall attachment on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces (AE)	19.1R1	19.2R1
Hierarchical Policers	-	-
Family Any/CCC (for firewall)	19.2R1	19.2R1
Percentage Bandwidth policers, Shared Bandwidth policers, Logical Interface policers	-	-
Physical interface policers	-	-
Firewall Based GRE ENCAP/DECAP	19.2R1	19.2R1
Fast lookup filter	19.2R1	19.2R1
Jvision (firewall filter counters only)	19.2R1	19.2R1
Flexible Ethernet encapsulation	19.1R1	19.2R1
Graceful Routing Engine Switchover (GRES)	19.1R1	19.2R1
IGMPv3 support with snooping disabled	19.1R1	19.2R1
Intelligent Oversubscription on MIC and MPC Interfaces Overview	19.1R1	19.2R1
Integrated routing and bridging (IRB)	-	-
Unified In-service software upgrade (Unified ISSU)	-	-
Interoperability with MPCs	19.1R1	19.2R1
Interoperability with MS-DPCs/MS-MPCs	-	-
Interoperability with MX Series Flexible PIC Concentrators (MX-FPC)	-	-
IPv4	19.1R1	19.2R1
IPv4 multicast	19.1R1	19.2R1
NOTE: Only PIM sparse mode (PIM-SM) and PIM source-specific multicast (PIM-SSM) are supported.		
IРvб	19.1R1	19.2R1

Firewall filters and policers	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
IPv6 MLD	19.1R1	19.2R1
<i>IPv6 multicast</i> NOTE: Only PIM sparse mode (PIM-SM) and PIM source-specific multicast (PIM-SSM) are supported.	19.IRI	19.2R1
IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	19.1R1	19.2R1
IS-IS	19.1R1	19.2R1

ITU-T Y.1731 timestamping support on MX Series routers

MPLS	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
Switching of pseudowire segments (multisegment pseudowires with BGP-L2VPN)	19.1R1	19.2R1
LDP signaling for VPLS (LDP-VPLS) and MAC flush message processing (MAC-FLUSH-TLV)	-	-
RSVP graceful restart interoperability with Cisco using Nodal Hello	-	-
Failure action on BFD session down of RSVP LSPs	-	-
OSPF and IS-IS loop-free alternates (LFA)	19.1R1	19.2R1
4/5 label MPLS operation	19.1R1	19.2R1
Virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) BFD	-	-
Point to multipoint using the enhanced-ip command (support for NG-MVPN and P2MP load balancing over aggregated Ethernet)	-	-
MPLS-FRR bypass link protection	19.IRI	19.2R1
Load sharing across 64 ECMP next hops	19.IRI	19.2R1
MPLS-FRR VPLS instance prioritization	-	-
Five label stack on ingress	19.1R1	19.2R1
MPLS node protection, link protection, and statistics for static LSPs	19.IRI	19.2R1

Table 46: Protocols and Applications Supported by MPC10E line cards in the MX240, MX480, and MX960
Routers (continued)

MPLS	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
mvrp	-	-
Multitopology routing	-	-
Nonstop active routing (NSR)	19.1R1	19.1R1
OSPF	19.1R1	19.1R1
Packet mirroring	19.1R1	19.2R1
Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (IEEE 1588)	19.1R1	19.2R1
IEEE 802.1ah provider backbone bridging (PBB)	-	-
Push a tag on Ethernet VPLS and Ethernet CCC tag encapsulations	-	-
RSVP	19.1R1	19.2R1
RIP	19.1R1	19.2R1
SNMP	19.1R1	19.2R1
Spanning Tree Protocols:	-	-
 IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) (part of IEEE 802.1Q VLANs) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Per-VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) Bridge protocol data units (BPDUs) guard and loop guard STP inter-protocol action profiles and MAC flush (in VPLS multi-homing, flush all MACs when there is a change in the STP interface state due to root protect) 		
Subscriber Management Overview:	-	-
Enhanced subscriber management		
Synchronous Ethernet	19.2R1	19.2R1
Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)	19.2R1	19.2R1
Tunnel services Clear DF-Bit (Don't Fragment Bit) 	-	-

MPLS		First Supported OS Release for MPC10E-15C-N		First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE	
Unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU)		-		-	
Unnumbered Ethernet Interface		19.1R1		19.2R1	
 VLANs IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN stacking and rewriting Flexible VLAN tagging Single VLAN tags Dual VLAN tags IP service for nonstandard TPID and stacked VLAN tags 	S	19.IRI		19.2R1	
Virtual Chassis: MPLS IPv4 and IPv6, unicast, multicast fo NSR for Layer 3/MPLS services	orwarding, VPLS,	-		-	
Virtual private LAN service (VPLS): - - BGP multihoming for inter-AS VPLS - - Gigabit Ethernet as core-facing interface - - Configurable label block sizes - - Hashing L3/L4 fields under Ethernet pseudowire for VPLS encapsulation, CCC encapsulation, and MPLS encapsulation - - VPLS flood forwarding table filter (FTF), input FTF - - - Broadcast, unicast unknown, and multicast (BUM) traffic hashing over LAG - -					
Virtual private network (VPN)		19.1R1		19.2R1	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for IPv4		19.1R1		19.2R1	
VPLS packet flooding to the right set of interfaces across mesh groups					
WAN-PHY mode		19.1R1		19.2R1	
Flow monitoring and services	First Supporte Release for MPC10E-15C-M		Releas	upported Junos OS se for DE-10C-MRATE	
Inline IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)	19.1R1		19.2R1		
Port mirroring family VPLS, bridge CCC encapsulation (VPWS)	-		-		
Packet slice for port mirroring	-		-		

Flow monitoring and services	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
<i>Labeled-switched-paths (LSPs)</i> including accounting policers, and filtering	, 19.1R1	19.2R1
LDP	19.IRI	19.2R1
MACSec	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-15C-MRATE	First Supported Junos OS Release for MPC10E-10C-MRATE
GCM-AES-128 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AE-2006	19.IRI	19.2R1
GCM-AES-256 MACSec Encryption, 802.1AEbn-2011	19.IRI	19.2R1
Mobile IP	-	-
Multichassis link aggregation	-	-
Multiple Tag Protocol Identifiers (TPIDs)	19.1R1	19.2R1

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